## COVER SHEET

	S.E.C. Registration Number
G M A H O L D I N G	S I N C.
(Company's	s Full Name)
Unit 5D Towe	r O n e
One McKinley	PII a c e
New Global	C i t y  T a g u i g
Month Day FOR Fiscal Year	WAL REPORT  - A
Dept. Requiring this Doc.	Amended Articles Number/Section
Total No. of Stockholders	Domestic Foreign
To be accomplished by S	SEC Personnel concerned
File Number	LCU
Document I.D.	Cashier
S C T A M P S	

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

#### SEC FORM 17-A, AS AMENDED

# ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

\* OF

## GMA HOLDINGS, INC.

1.	For the fiscal year ended: December 31, 201	2
2.	SEC Identification Number: CS200602356	3. BIR Tax Identification No. 244-658-896-000
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its chart	er: GMA HOLDINGS, INC.
5.	Philippines 6. Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization	(SEC Use Only) Industry Classification Code:
7.	Unit 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place,	New Bonifacio Global City, Fort Bonifacio,
• •	Taguig City Address of principal office	Postal Code
8.	(632) 9827777 Issuer's telephone number, including area co	ode
9.	Not Applicable Former name, former address, and former fi	scal year, if changed since last report.
10	. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8	and 12 of the SRC, or Sec. 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
	Philippine Depositary Receipts ("PDRs")	857,509,800
11	. Are any or all of these securities listed on a	Stock Exchange.
	Yes [✓] No [ ]	
	If yes, state the name of such stock exchan	ge and the classes of securities listed therein:

#### Philippine Stock Exchange/ PDRs

#### 12. Check whether the issuer:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17.1 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of The Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [√] No [ ]

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [√] No []

13. State the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant. The aggregate market value shall be computed by reference to the price at which the stock was sold, or the average bid and asked prices of such stock, as of a specified date within sixty (60) days prior to the date of filing. If a determination as to whether a particular person or entity is an affiliate cannot be made without involving unreasonable effort and expense, the aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates may be calculated on the basis of assumptions reasonable under the circumstances, provided the assumptions are set forth in this Form. (See definition of "affiliate" in "Annex B").

#### Not Applicable

14. Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court or the Commission.

#### Not Applicable

## PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Business

GMA Holdings, Inc., (the "Company" or "GHI") was incorporated on February 15, 2006. As a holding Company, its primary purpose is to invest in, purchase, or otherwise acquire own, hold, use, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, exchange, or otherwise dispose of real and personal property, including, but not limited to stocks, bonds and debentures. The Company has no subsidiaries.

The Philippine Depositary Receipts ("PDRs") issued by the Company were listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") on July 30, 2007.

GHI does not engage in any other business or purpose except in relation to the issuance of the PDRs relating to the GMA Network, Inc. common shares ("Common Shares") for as long as the PDRs are outstanding. GHI has undertaken to perform the obligations under the PDRs and the acquisition and holding of the Common Shares underlying the PDRs, which includes maintaining the listing with the PSE, and maintaining its status as a Philippine Person for as long Philippine law prohibits ownership of Common Shares by non-Philippine persons.

The registered office address of the Company is Unit 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place, New Bonifacio Global City, Fort Bonifacio, Taguig City.

Transactions with/and or dependence on related parties:

Not applicable.

#### Employees:

The Company had no fulltime employees as of December 31, 2012 and does not anticipate acquiring any employees within the next ensuing 12 months. No labor unions are present within the Company.

#### Item 2. Properties

The Company does not own any real property. The Company does not lease any real property and does not intend to acquire any within the next 12 months.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company is not, and has not been, a party to any legal proceeding.

## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year.

## PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 5. Market for Issuer's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

#### Market Information

(a) Securities Sold and Consideration therefor

The Company first offered PDRs relating to GMA Network, Inc. Common Shares on July 31, 2007 at the price of Php8.50. These PDRs were listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange on the same date. Of the PDRs offered, 91,346,000 PDRs were offered on behalf of the Company (the "Primary PDR Offer") and 730,769,000 PDRs were offered on behalf of certain existing

shareholders of the Company, namely Group Management and Development, Inc., FLG Management and Development Corporation, M.A. Jimenez Enterprises, Inc., Television International Corporation, Gozon Development Corporation and Gozon Foundation (collectively, "Selling Shareholders") (the "Secondary PDR Offer"). Of the 730,769,000 PDRs relating to Common Shares offered on behalf of the Selling Shareholders, 256,829,164 came from Group Management and Development Corporation, Inc., 212, 829,164 came from FLG Management and Development Corporation, 147,249,954 came from M.A. Jimenez Enterprises, Inc., 108,475,350 came from Television International Corporation, 4,516,152 from Gozon Development Corporation and 1,468,846 came from Gozon Foundation, Inc.

GMA Network, Inc. raised gross proceeds from the Domestic Share Offer and Primary PDR Offer of approximately P1,552.9 million. After deducting estimated, applicable fees, underwriting fees, commissions and expenses related to the Combined Offer of approximately P129.4 million, net proceeds to GMA Network Inc. from the Combined Offer of approximately P1,423.5 million.

GMA Network Inc. did not receive any proceeds from the Secondary PDR Offer. Taxes, issue management, underwriting and selling fees and other fees and expenses pertaining to the Secondary PDR Offer were for the account of the Selling Shareholders.

Each of GHI and the Selling Shareholders granted the Deutsche Bank AG (Sole Global Coordinator, Domestic Lead Underwriter and Issue Manager) an option, exercisable for 30 days from the date of listing and when trading of the Common Shares and PDRs on the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE"), to purchase or place up to 123,317,000 PDRS.

Other than the foregoing, no securities were sold which were not registered under the Code within the past three (3) years.

#### (b) Underwriters and Other Purchasers

ATR KimEng Capital Partners, Inc. acts as Joint Lead Manager, Domestic Lead Underwriter for GHI and the Selling Shareholders. The participating underwriters are as follows:

- (1) BDO Capital and Investment Corporation
- (2) First Metro Investment Corporation
- (3) Unicapital Incorporated
- (4) Abacus Capital and Investment Corporation
- (5) Asian Alliance and Investment Corporation
- (6) Pentacapital Investment Corporation
- (7) RCBC Capital Corporation
- (8) Union Bank of the Philippines

2012	Stock Prices								
Period in 2012	<u> Highest Closing</u>	Lowest Closing							
1Q	10.94	6.53							
2Q	10.50	8.19							
3Q	10.78	9.42							
4Q	9.45	8.00							

The Company's Philippine Deposit Receipts have been listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange since 2007. The price information as of the close of the latest practicable trading date, March 31, 2013, is P9.94.

#### <u>Holders</u>

The total number of shareholders as of March 31, 2013 was seven. The number of shares subscribed as of March 31, 2013 was 10,000 or P100,000.00 at P100.00 per share.

Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares Subscribed	Percentage of Ownership
Felipe L. Gozon	3,330	33.30
Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	3,330	33.30
Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	3.330	33.30
Artemio V. Panganiban	4	.04
Manuel P. Quiogue	4	.04
Jaime C. Laya	4	.01
Felipe S. Yalong	1	.01
Total	10,000	100.00

#### Dividend Information

Dividends shall be declared only from the surplus profits of the corporation and shall be payable at such times and in such amounts as the Board of Directors shall determine, either in cash, shares or property of the Company, or a combination of the three, as said Board of Directors shall determine. The declaration of stock dividends, however, is subject to the approval of at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock. No dividend which will impair the capital of the Company shall be declared.

In 2012, the Company declared P259 per share cash dividends amounting to P2.59 million to all stockholders of record as at May 25, 2012. This was paid on June 8, 2012.

The company has no dividend declaration in 2011.

In 2010, the Company declared P300 per share cash dividends amounting to P3 million to all stockholders of record as at May 29, 2010. This was paid on June 4, 2010.

The Company has not and will not engage in any other business or purpose except in relation to the issuance of the PDRs relating to the underlying Common Shares for as long as the PDRs are outstanding.

Any cash dividends distributed in respect of Common Shares underlying the PDRs received by the Company shall be applied towards its operating expenses then due for the preceding and current year. A further amount equal to the operating expenses in the preceding year shall be set aside to meet operating or other expenses for the succeeding year. Amounts remaining in excess of such requirements shall be distributed pro rata amongst the outstanding PDRs.

Whenever the Company shall receive or become entitled to receive from the GMA Network, Inc. any distribution in respect of the Common Shares which consists of a free distribution of Common Shares, the Company shall grant additional PDRs to holders in respect of such distributions.

Whenever the Company shall receive or become entitled to receive from the GMA Network, Inc. any distribution in securities (other than Common Shares) or in other property (other than cash) in respect of the Common Shares subject to the PDRs, the Company shall forthwith procure delivery of such securities or other property pro rata to PDR holders or otherwise to the order of the PDR holder, subject to compliance with applicable laws and regulations in the Philippines.

There are no restrictions on the Company's ability to pay dividends on common equity.

#### Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements of the Company that are incorporated into this Information Statement by reference. Such Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine GAAP.

As discussed in the previous section, the Company has not and will not engage in any other business or purpose except in relation to the issuance of the PDRs relating to the underlying GMA Network, Inc. Common Shares for as long as the PDRs are outstanding.

Any cash dividends or other cash distributions distributed in respect of Common Shares received by the Company (or the Pledge Trustee on its behalf) shall be applied toward the operating expenses then due (including but not limited to applicable taxes, fees and maintenance costs charged by the Philippine Stock Exchange) of the Company (the "Operating Expenses") for the current and preceding year (as certified by an independent auditor). A further amount equal to the operating expenses in the preceding year (as certified by an independent auditor) (the "Operating Fund") shall be set aside to meet operating or other expenses for the succeeding year. Any amount in excess of the aggregate of the Operating Expenses paid and the Operating Fund for such period (as certified by the independent auditor of the PDR Issuer) shall be distributed to Holders pro rata on the first Business Day after such cash dividends are received by the Company.

On August 1, 2012, the Company approved a cash distribution to PDR holders of P0.26 per share, in relation to dividends declared by GMA, totaling to P223.87 million to all shareholders of record as at August 22, 2012. These were remitted to PDR holders on September 14, 2012.

On March 28, 2012, the Company approved a cash distribution to PDR holders of P0.40 per share, in relation to dividends declared by GMA, totaling to P344.62 million to all shareholders of record as at April 16, 2012. These were remitted to PDR holders on May 9, 2012.

On March 11, 2011, the Company approved cash distribution to PDR holders of P0.45 per share, in relation to dividends declared by GMA, totaling to P387.88 million to all shareholders of record as at April 8, 2011. These were remitted to PDR holders on May 6, 2011.

#### KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company's key performance indicators are focused on the dividends it receives to meet PDR holders' expectations and monitor cash and cash equivalents levels to meet its obligations with respect to the Company's current and preceding year's operation.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Results of Operations of GMA Holdings Inc. for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

The Company posted a pre-tax income of P811 thousand, 16% higher than last year's P702 thousand mainly attributed to lower operating expenses due to lower listing fees. However, net income after tax decreased to P13 thousand from year-ago net income of P688 thousand on account of reversal of deferred income tax. On the other hand, revenues continue to decline from P1.97 million in 2011 to P1.91 million due to lower interest income rates this year in spite of P222 thousand exercise fees arising from conversion of 4,451,200 PDRs to common shares in 2012.

The company distributed P344.62 million or P0.40 per share on May 9, 2012 and P223.87 million or P0.26 per share on September 14, 2012 in relation to dividends received from GMA Network, Inc.

Operating expenses in 2012 decreased to P1.10 million versus P1.27 million last year as a direct result of lower listing fees which went down by P135 thousand to P560 thousand brought about by lower market cap.

Financial Condition. Cash in bank and cash equivalents of P48.06 million decreased by P2 million due to payment of cash dividends to stockholders of P2.59 million versus none in 2011.

## KEY VARIABLE AND OTHER QUALITATIVE OR QUANTITATIVE FACTORS

- i. Trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the issuer's liquidity.
  - As of December 31, 2012, there were no known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the issuer's liquidity.
- ii. Events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration or an obligation.
  - As of December 31, 2012, there were no events which may trigger a direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company.
- iii. Material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relations of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
  - There were no off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relations of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- iv. Material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures.

For 2012, there were no material commitments for capital expenditures.

v. Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.

The Company's results of operations depend largely on its ability to meet PDR holders' expectations from the dividends it receives and to monitor cash and cash equivalents levels to meet its obligations with respect to the Company's current and preceding year's operation. There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.

vi. Significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.

As of December 31, 2012, there were no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the issuer's continuing operations.

vii. Causes for Material Changes in the Financial Statements

#### Balance Sheet (December 31, 2012 vs. December 31, 2010)

- Cash in bank and cash equivalents of P48.06 million decreased by P2 million due to payment of cash dividends to stockholders of P2.59 million versus none in 2011.
- Accounts payable and accrued expenses of P483 thousand increased by P481 thousand due to unbilled professional fees for corporate housekeeping.
- viii. Seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

There are no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

#### Item 7. Financial Statements

The Audited Financial Statements prepared in accordance with SRC Rule 68, as amended is attached hereto as Annex "A".

## Item 8. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Since 2007, SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. has served as the independent auditors of the Company to audit the Company's financial statements. The Company has not had any material disagreements on accounting matters or financial disclosure matters with SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co.

#### AUDIT AND AUDIT RELATED FEES

The Company engaged SyCip Gorres Velayo @. Co. (SGV) as the independent auditors to audit the annual financial statements in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing and express its opinion on these financial statements as a whole as well as on the Supplemental Schedules Required by Annex 68-E included in Form 17-A in compliance with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, As Amended (2011). The Company paid SGV an audit fee of Seventy-Five Thousand Pesos (P75,000) for year 2012 which is the same fee with year 2011.

The Company has not engaged SGV for tax accounting, compliance, advice, planning and any other form of tax services during the years 2012 and 2011 that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Company's financial statements.

#### TAX FEES

The Company has not engaged SGV for tax accounting, compliance, advice planning and any other form of tax services during the years 2012 and 2011.

#### ALL OTHER FEES

The Company has not engaged SGV for products and services other than the services described under "Audit and Audit Related Fees" above.

#### PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

## Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer

## Board of Directors, Officers and Senior Management

Under the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises five directors, two of whom is independent. The directors have a term of one year and are elected annually at the Company's stockholders meeting. A director who was elected to fill a vacancy holds the office only for the unexpired term of his predecessor. As of April 11, 2013 the Company's Board of Directors and Senior Management were composed of the following:

	Board of Dir	actors:		Senior Manag	jement	
Directors and Senior Management	Nationality		Year Position was Assumed	Position	Year Position was Assumed	Age
Felipe L. Gozon	Filipino	Chairman/	2007	N/A	N/A	73
Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	Filipino	Director Director	2007	President/Chief Executive Officer	2007	49
Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	Filipino	Director	2007	N/A	N/A	49

Felipe S. Yalong	Filipino	Corporate Treasurer	2007	Chief Financial Officer/Chief Operating Officer	2012	56
Artemio V. Panganiban	Filipino	Independent Director	2009	N/A	N/A	76
Jaime C. Laya	Filipino	Independent Director	2008	N/A	N/A	74
Ronaldo P. Mastrili	Filipino	N/A	N/A	Comptroller/Chief Accounting Officer	2007	47
Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar	Filipino	Assistant Corporate Secretary	2007	N/A	N/A	41

The following are descriptions of the business experience of each of the Company's directors, officers and senior management:

#### Felipe L. Gozon

Felipe L. Gozon, Filipino, 73 years old, is the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of GMA Network, Inc.

Atty Gozon is a Senior Partner at the Law Firm of Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila. Aside from GMA Network, Inc., he is also Chairman and CEO of GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. and GMA New Media, Inc.; Chairman and President of FLG Management and Development Corp.; Chairman of Alta Productions Group, Inc., Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc., Mont-Aire Realty and Development Corp. Philippine Entertainment Portal, Inc., and RGMA Network, Inc.; Vice Chairman of Malayan Savings and Mortgage Bank; Director of, among other companies, Gozon Development Corp., Justitia Realty and Management Corp., Antipolo Agri-Business and Land Development Corp., Sagittarius Condominium Corp. and President of Lex Realty, Inc. He serves as Chairman of the Board of Trustees of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc., Kapwa Ko Mahal Ko Foundation, Inc., and The Potter and Clay Christian School Foundation, Inc.; Chairman and President of Gozon Foundation; and Trustee of Bantayog ng mga Bayani Foundation.

Atty. Gozon is a recipient of several awards for his achievement in law, media, public service, and business, including the prestigious Chief Justice Special Award given by the Chief Justice of the Philippines (1991), Presidential Award of Merit given by the Philippine Bar Association (1990 & 1993), CEO of the Year given by Uno Magazine (2004), Master Entrepreneur – Philippines (2004) by Ernst and Young, Outstanding Citizen of Malabon Award for Legal and Business Management by the Kalipunan ng Samahan sa Malabon (KASAMA) (2005), People of the Year by People Asia Magazine (2005) and Lifetime Achievement Award given by the UP Alumni Association (2012). He is also listed among Biz News Asia's Power 100 (2003 to 2010). Gozon was also selected as a member of the Advisory Board for the 2010 Asian Television Awards (ATA).

Atty. Gozon earned his Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of the Philippines (among the first 10 of his class) and his Master of Laws degree from Yale University Law School. He was admitted to the Bar in 1962, placing 13th in the Bar examinations.

#### Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.

Filipino, 49 years old, is the President and Chief Operating Officer of the GMA Network, Inc. He has been a Director of GMA Network, Inc. since 1999 and is currently the Chairman of the Network's Executive Committee. Aside from GMA Network, Inc., he is the Chairman of the Board of GMA Network Films, Inc. and GMA Worldwide, Inc. and Vice Chairman of the Board of GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. He

also serves as President and CEO of GMA Holdings, Inc., Scenarios, Inc., RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc., Film Experts, Inc., and Dual Management and Investments, Inc. He is the President and a Director of Group Management and Development, Inc.; President and Director of MediaMerge Corp., Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc.; Director of RGMA Network, Inc., GMA New Media, Inc., Alta Productions Group, Inc., Optima Digital, Inc., and Monte-Aire Realty and Development Corp. He also serves as the President and a Trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc., President of Guronasyon Foundation, Inc. (formerly LEAF) and is a Trustee of the HERO Foundation.

Mr. Duavit holds a Bachelor's Degree in Philosophy from the University of the Philippines.

#### Joel G. Jimenez

Filipino, 49 years old, has been a Director of the GMA Network, Inc. since 2002. He is currently the Senior Vice President of GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc., and the Chief Executive Officer of Alta Productions, Inc. He is a Director of RGMA Network, Inc., GMA New Media, Inc., Scenarios, Inc., and GMA Worldwide, Inc., besides also being a member of the Board of Directors of Maiayan Savings and Mortgage Bank, and Unicapital Securities, Inc. He is also a Director of Nuvoland Philippines, a real-estate development company. He is a Trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.

He was educated in Los Angeles, California where he obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from Loyola Marymount University. He also obtained a Master's Degree in Management from the Asian Institute of Management.

#### Felipe S. Yalong

Filipino, 56 years old, is the Executive Vice President and Head of the Corporate Services Group of GMA Network, Inc. He has been a Director of the Company since 2002. Aside from GMA Network, Inc., he also serves as Corporate Treasurer of GMA Holdings, Inc., Scenarios, Inc., and GMA Network Films, Inc.; Director of Unicapital, Inc., Majalco Finance and Investments, Inc., and GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.; Corporate Treasurer of RGMA Network, Inc., Mediamerge Corp.; Executive Vice President of RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.; and Corporate Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.

He obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration Major in Accounting from the Philippine School of Business Administration and completed the Management Development Program at the Asian Institute of Management. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

#### Jaime C. Laya

Filipino, 73 years old, has been an independent Director of GMA Network, Inc. since 2007. He is the Chairman of Philippine Trust Company (Philtrust Bank), Director of Philippine Ratings Services Corporation, Victorias Milling Company, Inc., Philippine AXA Life Insurance Company, Inc., Ayala Land, Inc., and Manila Polo Club, Inc. He also serves as Chairman of Don Norberto Ty Foundation, Inc., CIBI Foundation, Inc., and Dual Tech Foundation, Inc.; Trustee of De la Salle University – Taft, St. Paul University-Quezon City, Cultural Center of the Philippines, Metropolitan Museum of Manila, Yuchengco Museum and Fundación Santiago, Inc.

He was Minister of Budget, 1975-1981; Minister of Education, Culture and Sports, 1984-86; Chairman of the Monetary Board and Governor, Central Bank of the Philippines, 1981-1984;

Chairman, National Commission for Culture and the Arts, 1996-2001. He was faculty member of the University of the Philippines, 1957-1978 and Dean of the College of Business Administration, 1969-1974. In 1986, he founded J.C. Laya & Co., Ltd. (Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants) later the Philippine member firm of KPMG International; he served as the firm's Chairman until his retirement in 2004.

He earned his BSBA, magna cum laude, University of the Philippines, 1957; M.S. in Industrial Management, Georgia Institute of Technology, 1961; Ph.D. in Financial Management, Stanford University, 1966. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

#### Artemio V. Panganiban

Filipino, 75 years old, has been an Independent Director of GMA Network, Inc. since 2007. In 1995, he was named a Justice of the Supreme Court and in 2005, he was appointed Chief Justice of the Philippines — a position he held until December 2006. At present, he is also an Independent Director of these listed firms: First Philippine Holdings Corp., Metro Pacific Investments Corp., Manila Electric Company, Robinsons Land Corp., GMA Holdings, Inc., Metro Pacific Tollways Corp., Petron Corporation, Bank of the Philippine Islands, and Asian Terminals. He has been a regular director of Jollibee Foods Corporation since 2012. He is also a Senior Adviser of Metropolitan Bank, Independent Adviser of Philippine Long Distance Telephone Co., Chairman, Board of Advisers of Metrobank Foundation, Chairman of the Board of Philippine Dispute Resolution Center, Inc., and Member, Advisory Board of the World Bank and of the Asian Institute of Management Governance Council. He also is a column writer of The Philippine Daily Inquirer.

Upon his retirement, he was unanimously conferred a Plaque of Acclamation by the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court as the "Renaissance Jurist of the 21st Century;" and an Award of Honor by the Philippine Bar Association. In recognition of his role as a jurist, lawyer, civic leader, Catholic lay worker, business entrepreneur and youth leader, he had been the recipient of over 250 other awards from various governments, civic clubs, consumer associations, bar groups, religious movements and other non-government organizations, both local and international.

He obtained his Associate in Arts, "With Highest Honors" and later his Bachelor of Laws, cum laude and "Most Outstanding Student" honors from the Far Eastern University. He placed sixth among more than 4,200 candidates who took the 1960 Bar examinations. He is likewise the recipient of several honorary doctoral degrees from various universities.

## Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar

Filipino, 41 years old, has been a Director of the GMA Network, Inc. since 2000. Atty. Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar graduated valedictorian from grade school and high school at Colegio San Agustin. She graduated cum laude, BS Management Engineering from Ateneo de Manila University and obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of the Philippines where she graduated valedictorian, cum laude. She later obtained her Master of Laws from Harvard University.

She is a junior partner in Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila and was an Associate Professor in the University of the Philippines, College of Law where she taught taxation.

She is currently Programming Consultant to the Chairman/CEO of GMA Network, Inc. and the President of GMA Films, Inc. and GMA Worldwide, Inc. She is a trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation.

#### RONALDO P. MASTRILI

Filipino, 47 years old, obtained a Bachelor of Science and Economics degree, major in Accounting from De La Salle University. He attended Master in Business Administration Program from the same university and completed the Executive Development Program of the Asian Institute of Management. He is a Certified Public Accountant with expertise in fields of accounting, auditing, finance and taxation. He was formely the Assistant Vice President of Controllership of ABS-CBN and also served as the Group Internal Auditor before joining GMA Network, Inc. He also worked with SGV & CO. in the early part of his career. He is currently the Vice President for Finance of GMA Network, Inc.

#### Significant Employees

Although the Company will continue to rely on the individual and collective contributions of their executive officers, the Company is not dependent on the services of any particular employee.

#### Family Relationships

Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar is the daughter of Felipe L. Gozon. Felipe L. Gozon's sister. Carolina L. Gozon Jimenez, is the mother of Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez.

#### Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

To the best of the Company's knowledge, during the past five years up to the latest date, there has been no occurrence of any of the following events which are material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, person nominated to become a director, executive officer, or control person of the Company:

- Any filing of an insolvency or bankruptcy petition by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer, either at the time of the insolvency or within two years prior to that time;
- Any conviction by final judgment in a criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, or any pending criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, of any such person, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses;
- Any final and executory order, judgment, or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, against any such person, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending, or otherwise limiting involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities; and

 Any final and executory judgment of any such person by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the SEC, or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign exchange or electronic marketplace or self-regulatory organization, for violation of a securities or commodities law.

## Item 10. Executive Compensation

No director or officer receives or has received compensation for their services. The By-Laws of the Company however, provides that each director is entitled to a reasonable per diem allowance for attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors. The By-Laws further provide that the Board may receive and allocate an amount of not more than 10% of the net income before income tax of the corporation during the preceding year. Such compensation shall be determined and apportioned among the directors in such manner as the Board may deem proper, subject to the approval of the stockholders representing at least a majority of the stockholders.

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

As of March 31, 2013, the following persons owned at least 5% of the Company's outstanding common shares:

Title of class	Name, Address of Record Owner and Relationship with Company	Name of Beneficial Owner and Relationship with Record Owner	Citizenship	No. of Shares Held	Percentage of Class
Common	Felipe L. Gozon Unit 5 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place, New Bonifacio City, Fort Bonifacio,	Record	Filipino	3,330	
Common	Taguig City Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr. Unit 5 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place, New Bonifacio City, Fort Bonifacio,	Record	Filipino	3,330	
Common	Taguig City Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez Unit 5 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place, New Bonifacio City, Fort Bonifacio,	Record	Filipino	3,330	33.30
	Taguig City		Total	9,99(	99.90

The following is the security ownership of the directors and executive officers of the Company as of the same date:

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percentage of Class
Common	Felipe L. Gozon	Direct 3,330	Filipino	33.30
Common	Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	Direct 3,330	Filipino	33.30
Common	Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	Direct 3,330	Filipino	33.30
Common	Felipe S. Yalong	Direct 1	Filipino	.01
Common	Jaime C. Laya	Direct 1	Filipino	.01
Common	Artemio V. Panganiban	Direct 4	Filipino	.04
	Total	9,996		99.96

#### Voting Trust

The Company is unaware of the existence of any voting trust or similar agreement.

#### Change in Control

There are no existing provisions in the Articles of Incorporation or the By-Laws of the Company which will delay, defer or in any manner prevent a change in control of the Company. There have been no arrangements which have resulted in a change in control of the Company during the period covered by this report.

## Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The Company engaged as its legal counsel, the Law Firm Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila ("BGEPAL") where Atty. Felipe L. Gozon is a Senior Partner. Atty. Gozon is the Chairman and one of the major stockholders of the Company.

On July 30, 2007, the Company issued PDRs relating to GMA Network, Inc. Common Shares. The proceeds owing to the selling shareholders of GMA Network, Inc. ("Selling Shareholders") whose Common Shares formed the underlying shares of the PDRs in the Company's Initial Public Offering were initially held by the Company then remitted to these Selling Shareholders. Please see Note 10 of the Company's Financial Statements.

Other than the foregoing, the Company has had no material transactions during the past two years, nor is any material transaction presently proposed between the Company and parties that fall outside the definition of "related parties" under SFAS/IAS No. 24, but with whom the registrants or its related parties have a relationship that enables the parties to negotiate terms of material transactions that may not be availed from other, more clearly independent parties on an arm's length basis.

#### PART V - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

#### Item 14. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

## (a) Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

For the past months, the Company has filed the following SEC Form 17-C reports:

#### Subject of 17-C

Date Filed

Results of Board Meeting: ASM date and Record Date, Payment date for PDR Holders in relation to the Cash Dividends declared by GMA

March 28, 2012

Results of Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors

May 25, 2012

Computation of Cash Distribution for PDR Holders

May 7, 2012

Record and Cash Distribution Date in relation to the Special Cash Dividends declared by GMA

August 1, 2012

Report on Compliance with SEC Memorandum re: guidelines for the assessment of the performance of Audit Committees

October 2, 2012

Rescheduling of Board of Director's meeting to November 6, 2012 re:

approval of Audit Committee Charter

October 23, 2012

GHI - Results of Board of Directors' meeting

November 6, 2012

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirement	s of Section 17	of the Code and S	Section 141 of	the Corporation
Code, this report is signed				thereunto duly
authorized, in the City of	MANATILLITE	on	, <b>2013</b> . APR 2013	

Ву:

GILBERTO R. DUAYIT, JR. Principal Executive Officer

RONALDO P. MASTRILI Comptroller/ Principal Accounting Officer

Principal Operating Officer /
Principal Financial Officer

ANNA-TERESA M. GOZON-ABROGAR
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2013 affiant(s) exhibiting to me his/their Passport Numbers, as follows:

<b>NAMES</b> Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr. Felipe S. Yalong	Passport No.	<b>Date of Issue</b>	Place of Issue
	EA0030704	Feb. 15, 2010	DFA, Manila
	XX1282901	May 27, 2008	DFA, Manila
Ronaldo P. Mastrili Anna-Teresa M. Gozon- Abrogar	EA0020825 XX17629184	January 6, 2010 August 6, 2008	DFA, Manila DFA, Manila

Doc. No.  $\frac{20}{7}$ Page No.  $\frac{7}{8}$ Book No.  $\frac{1}{10}$ Series of 2013.

Notary Public

Appear of an ALZONA

Appear of an AL



#### STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 21, 2013

Securities and Exchange Commission SEC Building, EDSA Greenhills Mandaluyong, Metro Manila

The management of GMA Network, Inc. is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, including the additional components attached therein, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes designing and implementing internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements and submits the same to the stockholders.

Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditors, appointed by the stockholders has examined the consolidated financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such examination.

Chairman of the Board

Chief Executive Officer

GILBERTO R. DUAVIA

President

Chief Operating Officer

ELIPE S. YALONG

Executive Vice Fresident Chief Financial Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this APR day of

affiants exhibited to me their (Felipe L. Gozon) TIN 106-174-605, (Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.) TIN 158-

147-748 and (Felipe S. Yalong) TIN 102-874-052.

Doc. No. \_\_\_/3/ Page No. 25

Book No. \_/\_

Series of 2013

YALLAN P. LIM

Motary Fublic for Queson City Updi Decamber 91, 2014 Commission No. NP 185

EDSA car. Times Ave., himsen, QC 13 No. 7652777 Jun 14, 2013 - QC THP No. - 1911 - 3gn 10, 2013 - QC

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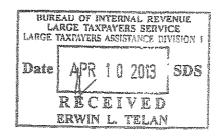
SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Phillippines

Phone: (632) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872 www.sgv.com.ph

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001,
December 28, 2012, valid until December 31, 2015
SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-3 (Group A),
November 15, 2012, valid until November 15, 2016

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors GMA Holdings, Inc. Unit 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place New Bonifacio Global City Fort Bonifacio, Taguig City



#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of GMA Holdings, Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2012, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



. 7 ...

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of GMA Holdings, Inc. as at December 31, 2012 and 2011, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2012 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards.

Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations 19-2011 and 15-2010

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information required under Revenue Regulations 19-2011 and 15-2010 in Note 15 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the management of GMA Holdings, Inc. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Course to Manyargh

Clairma T. Mangangey

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 86898

SEC Accreditation No. 0779-AR-1 (Group A),

February 2, 2012, valid until February 1, 2015

Tax Identification No. 129-434-867

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-67-2012,

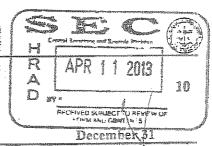
April 11, 2012, valid until April 10, 2015

PTR No. 3669697, January 2, 2013, Makati City

March 21, 2013

#### GMA HOLDINGS, INC.

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION



	RECEIVED SCH	TECE OF MEAN OF
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	2012	\ 201i
ASSETS		And the second s
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 6, 12 and 13)	¥48,061,553	₹50,059,007
Accounts receivable (Notes 12 and 13)	253,452	204,339
Prepaid tax	109.106	43,263
Total Current Assets	48,424,091	50,306,609
Noncurrent Asset		456 200
Deferred tax assets (Note 10)		456,299
	<b>P48,424,</b> 091	₹50,762,908
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		
(Notes 7, 12 and 13)	₹483,073	P241,032
Due to shareholders (Notes 11, 12 and 13)	47,271,600	47,271,600
Total Current Liabilities	47,754,673	47,512,632
Equity		
Capital stock	100,000	100,000
Retained earnings (Note 8)	569,418	3,150,276
Total Equity	669,418	3,250,276
	₽48,424,091	₽50,762,908

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE
LARGE TAXPAYERS SERVICE
LARGE TAXPAYERS ASSISTANCE DIVISION 1

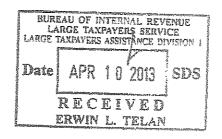
Date APR 1 0 2013 SDS

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ERWIN L. TELAN

#### STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years Ended December 31			
	2012	2011	2010	
REVENUE				
Interest income (Note 6)	¥1,686,795	₱1,968,591	₱2,681,564	
Exercise fees (Note 5)	222,560	· .	1,083,050	
	1,909,355	1,968,591	3,764,614	
EXPENSES				
Operating expenses (Note 9)	1,097,954	1,266,395	1,264,966	
Interest expense and bank charges		300	182	
	1,097,954	1,266,695	1,265,148	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	811,401	701,896	2,499,466	
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME				
TAX (Note 10)				
Current	341,963	393,718	557,973	
Deferred	456,299	(380,009)	(76,290)	
	798,262	13,709	481,683	
NET INCOME	12,130	688,187	2,017,783	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	***************************************			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<del>2</del> 13,139	<del>2688,</del> 187	₽2,017,783	
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share (Note 14)	P1.31	₹68,82	₽201.78	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Retained	
	Capital	Earnings	Total
	Stock	(Note 8)	Equity
Balances at January 1, 2012 Total comprehensive income Cash dividends - \$\frac{2}{2}59 a share	₹100,000	P3,150,276	<b>₽3,250,276</b>
	<b>→</b>	13,139	13,139
	E200-	(2,593,997)	(2,593,997)
Balances at December 31, 2012	P100,000	<b>2569,418</b>	₽669,418
The state of the s	***************************************		
Balances at January 1, 2011 Total comprehensive income Balances at December 31, 2011	₽100,000	₱2,462,089	<del>₽</del> 2,562,089
	_	688,187	688,187
	₹100,000	₱3,150,276	₹3,250,276
	187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187		
Balances at January 1, 2010 Total comprehensive income Cash dividends - ₱300 a share	₽100,000	₱3,444,306	3,544,306
	´ <del>-</del>	2,017,783	2,017,783
	GREAM	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)
Balances at December 31, 2010	₽100,000	<del>2</del> 2,462,089	₹2,562,089
L-C-Library was no provided to 13			

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

# GMA HOLDINGS, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31			
	2012	2011	2010	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	<b>P</b> 811,401	₽701,896	<del>2</del> 2,499,466	
Adjustments for:	a want of a second	<b></b> - , - , - , -		
Interest income (Note 6)	(1,686,795)	(1,968,591)	(2,681,564)	
Interest expense and bank charges	(2,90000,700)	300	182	
Operating loss before working capital changes	(875,394)	(1,266,395)	(181,916)	
	(a 1 man mas)	( = 4 = 0 = 2 = 2 = 3	(, -, -, -,	
Decreases (increases) in:	(96,560)	(126,000)	11.950	
Accounts receivable	(65,843)	(30,429)	(12,834)	
Prepaid tax	(42,042)	<i>(دهج</i> ولاد)	I wand from all	
Increases (decreases) in:	242 041	(27,599,100)	27,474,359	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	242,041	(21,235,100)	(34,095,827)	
Due to shareholders	COST TO THE STATE OF	700 001 00 d)	(6,804,268)	
Net cash flows used in operations	(795,756)	(29,021,924)		
Interest received	1,734,262	1,984,893	2,865,965	
Income taxes paid	(341,963)	(393,718)	(601,654)	
Interest paid		(300)	(182)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	596,543	(27,431,049)	(4,540,139)	
CASH FLOW FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY			40 200 000\	
Payment of cash dividends (Note 8)	(2,593,997)	***************************************	(3,000,000)	
WEST CONTROL OF THE STATE OF TH				
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH				
EQUIVALENTS	(1,997,454)	(27,431,049)	(7,540,139)	
-				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		100 BEE	Ωድ ስላል 1Ω <b>ድ</b>	
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	50,059,007	77,490,056	85,030,195	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		ከተለ ለደር በይማ	277 400 054	
AT END OF YEAR	P48,061,553	₱50,059,007	<del>277,490,056</del>	
AND THE PARTY OF T				

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Corporate Information

GMA Holdings, Inc. (the Company) is incorporated in the Philippines to invest in, purchase or otherwise acquire and own, hold, use, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, exchange or otherwise dispose real and personal property of every kind and description. The registered office address of the Company is Unit 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place, New Bonifacio Global City, Fort Bonifacio, Taguig City. The Company was registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 15, 2006.

The accounting and administrative functions of the Company are undertaken by GMA Network, Inc. (GMA), an affiliate.

In 2007, the Company issued Philippine Deposit Receipts (PDRs), which were listed and traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) (see Note 5).

The Company will not engage in any business or purpose other than in connection with the issuance of the PDRs, the performance of the obligations under the PDRs and the acquisition and holding of the underlying shares of GMA in respect of the PDRs issued. This includes maintaining the Company's listing with the PSE and maintaining its status as a Philippine person for as long as the Philippine law prohibits ownership of GMA's shares by non-Philippine person.

No reportable segment information is presented as the Company's limited operations are adequately presented in the statements of comprehensive income.

The accompanying financial statements of the Company were approved and authorized for issuance in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors (BOD) on March 21, 2013.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation and Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

#### Basis of Preparation

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis and are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency under PFRS. All values are rounded to the nearest Philippine peso, except when otherwise indicated.

#### Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the following amended PFRS and PAS which were adopted starting January 1, 2012:

- PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures Transfers of Financial Assets (Amendment),
   effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2011.
- PAS 12, Income Taxes Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment), effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2012.

The changes introduced by such amendments and improvements are as follows:

- PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures Transfers of Financial Assets (Amendment), the amendments require additional disclosure about financial assets that have been transferred but not derecognized to enable the user of the Company's financial statements to understand the relationship between the assets that have not been derecognized and their associated liabilities. In addition, the amendments require disclosures about continuing involvement in derecognized assets to enable the user to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, the entity's continuing involvement in those derecognized assets.
- PAS 12, Income Taxes Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment), the amendments clarified the determination of deferred income tax on investment property measured at fair value. The amendments introduced a rebuttable presumption that deferred income tax on investment property measured using the fair value model in PAS 40, Investment Property, should be determined on the basis that its carrying amount will be recovered through sale. Furthermore, the amendment introduces the requirement that deferred income tax on depreciable assets measured the revaluation model in PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, always be measured on a sale basis of the asset.

The adoption of the above amendments to PFRS and PAS did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

#### Future Changes in Accounting Policies

The Company did not early adopt the following standards and Philippine Interpretations that have been approved but are not yet effective. The Company intends to adopt these standards when these become effective. Except as otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect the adoption of these revised standards, interpretations and amendments to PFRS to have a significant impact on its financial statements.

#### Effective in 2013

- PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The amendments require an entity to disclose information about rights of offset and related arrangements (such as collateral agreements). The new disclosures are required for all recognized financial instruments that are offset in accordance with PAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation. These disclosures also apply to recognized financial instruments that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or "similar agreement", irrespective of whether they are set-off in accordance with PAS 32. The amendments require entities to disclose, in a tabular format unless another format is more appropriate, the following minimum quantitative information. This is presented separately for financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at the end of the reporting period:
  - a. The gross amounts of those recognized financial assets and recognized financial liabilities;
  - b. The amounts that are set-off in accordance with the criteria in PAS 32 when determining the net amounts presented in the statement of financial position;
  - c. The net amounts presented in the statement of financial position;

- d. The amounts subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that are not otherwise included in (b) above, including:
  - i) Amounts related to recognized financial instruments that do not meet some or all of the offsetting criteria in PAS 32; and
  - ii) Amounts related to financial collateral (including cash collateral); and
- e. The net amount after deducting the amounts in (d) from the amounts in (c) above.

The amendments to PFRS 7 are to be applied retrospectively. The amendment affects disclosures only and has no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.

- on or after January 1, 2013. PFRS 10 replaces the portion of PAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements. It also includes the issues raised in Philippine Interpretation Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC)12, Consolidation Special Purpose Entities. PFRS 10 establishes a single control model that applies to all entities including special purpose entities. The changes introduced by PFRS 10 will require management to exercise significant judgment to determine which entities are controlled, and therefore, are required to be consolidated by a parent, compared with the requirements that were in PAS 27.
- PFRS 11, Joint Arrangements replaces PAS 31, Interests in Joint Ventures, and Philippine Interpretation SIC 13, Jointly Controlled Entities Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers, become effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The new standard focuses on the nature of the rights and obligations arising from the arrangement. It removes the option to account for jointly controlled entities (JCEs) using proportionate consolidation. Instead, JCEs that meet the definition of a joint venture must be accounted for using the equity method.
- PFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. This standard includes all of the disclosures that were previously in PAS 27 related to consolidated financial statements, as well as all of the disclosures that were previously included in PAS 31 and PAS 28, Investments in Associates. These disclosures relate to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities. A number of new disclosures are also required.
- PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. This standard establishes a single source of guidance under PFRS for all fair value measurements. PFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under PFRS when fair value is required or permitted. This standard should be applied prospectively as of the beginning of the annual period in which it is initially applied. Its disclosure requirements need not be applied in comparative information provided for periods before initial application of PFRS 13.
- PAS 19, Employee Benefits (Revised), becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Amendments to PAS 19 range from fundamental changes such as removing the corridor mechanism and the concept of expected returns on plan assets to simple clarifications and rewording. The revised standard also requires new disclosures such as, among others, a sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption, information on asset-liability matching strategies, duration of the defined benefit obligation, and disaggregation of plan assets by nature and risk.

- PAS 27, Separate Financial Statements (as revised in 2011), becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. As a consequence of the new PFRS 10 and PFRS 12, what remains of PAS 27 is limited to accounting for subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities, and associates in separate financial statements.
- PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (as revised in 2011), becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. As a consequence of the new PFRS 11 and PFRS 12, PAS 28 has been renamed PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, and describes the application of the equity method to investments in joint ventures in addition to associates.
- PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI), becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012. The amendments to PAS 1 change the grouping of items presented in OCI. Items that could be reclassified (or 'recycled') to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, upon derecognition or settlement) would be presented separately from items that will never be reclassified.
- Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 20, Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine, becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. This interpretation applies to waste removal costs ("stripping costs") that are incurred in surface mining activity during the production phase of the mine ("production stripping costs"). If the benefit from the stripping activity will be realized in the current period, an entity is required to account for the stripping activity costs as part of the cost of inventory. When the benefit is the improved access to ore, the entity should recognize these costs as a non-current asset, only if certain criteria are met ("stripping activity asset"). The stripping activity asset is accounted for as an addition to, or as an enhancement of, an existing asset. After initial recognition, the stripping activity asset is carried at its cost or revalued amount less depreciation or amortization and less impairment losses, in the same way as the existing asset of which it is a part.

Annual Improvements to PFRS (2009-2011 cycle). The Annual Improvements to PFRS (2009-2011 cycle) contain non-urgent but necessary amendments to PFRS. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 and are applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The Company will adopt these improvements to PFRS when these become effective.

- PFRS 1, First-time Adoption of PFRS, clarifies that an entity that has stopped applying PFRS may choose to either: (a) re-apply PFRS 1, even if the entity applied PFRS 1 in a previous reporting period; or (b) apply PFRS retrospectively in accordance with PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, in order to resume reporting under PFRS. It also clarifies that upon adoption of PFRS, an entity that capitalized borrowing costs in accordance with its previous generally accepted accounting principles may carryforward, without adjustment, the amount previously capitalized in its opening statement of financial position at the date of transition. Such borrowing costs are then recognized in accordance with PAS 23, Borrowing Costs. The amendment will have no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.
- PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements Clarification of the Requirements for Comparative Information, requires an entity to present a: (a) comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the minimum required comparative period; and (b) opening statement of financial

position when an entity changes its accounting policies, makes retrospective restatements or makes reclassifications, and that change has a material effect on the statement of financial position. The opening statement will be at the beginning of the preceding period. The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.

- PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment Classification of Servicing Equipment, clarifies that
  major spare parts and servicing equipment that meet the definition of property and equipment
  are not inventory. The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial position or
  performance.
- PAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation Tax Effect of Distribution to Holders of Equity Instruments, removes existing income tax requirements from PAS 32 and requires entities to apply requirements in PAS 12, Income Taxes, to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders. The amendment will have no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.
- PAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting and Segment Information for Total Assets and Liabilities, clarifies that the requirements in PAS 34 relating to segment information for total assets and liabilities for each reportable segment to enhance consistency with the requirement in PFRS 8, Operating Segments. The amendment will have no impact on the Company's financial position or performance

#### Effective in 2014

- PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements Investment Entities (Amendment), becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The amendment requires a parent that is an investment entity to measure its investments in particular subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss instead of consolidating them. New disclosure requirements relating to investment entities were added in PFRS 12 and PAS 27. The amendment will have no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.
- PFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities Investment Entities (Amendment), becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The amendments require a parent that is an investment entity to disclose information about significant judgements and assumptions made in determining that it is an investment entity, as well as and any changes thereto. A parent that is an investment entity is also required to disclose certain information on unconsolidated subsidiaries, which are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss. The amendment will have no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.
- PAS 27, Separate Financial Statements Investment Entities, becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The amendments require a parent that is an investment entity and does not consolidate its subsidiaries in accordance with the exceptions of PFRS 10, to present a separate financial statement as its only financial statement. The amendment will have no impact on the Company's financial position or performance.
- PAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments). The amendments to PAS 32 are to be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. These amendments to PAS 32 clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to offset" and also clarify the application of the PAS 32 offsetting criteria to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. While

the amendment is expected not to have any impact on the net assets of the Company, any changes in offsetting is expected to impact leverage ratios and regulatory capital requirements.

#### Effective in 2015

PFRS 9, Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement, becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. PFRS 9 reflects the first phase of the work on the replacement of PAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Work on impairment of financial instruments and hedge accounting is still ongoing, with a view to replacing PAS 39 in its entirety. PFRS 9 requires all financial assets to be measured at fair value at initial recognition. A debt financial asset may, if the fair value option (FVO) is not invoked, be subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model that has the objective to hold the assets to collect the contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. All other debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. All equity financial assets are measured at fair value either through other comprehensive income (OCI) or profit or loss. Equity financial assets held for trading must be measured at fair value through profit or loss. For FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in OCI. The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. All other PAS 39 classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities have been carried forward into PFRS 9, including the embedded derivative separation rules and the criteria for using the FVO.

The Company does not expect these changes and amendments to have a material impact on its financial statements. Additional disclosures which may be required by these amendments will be included in the Company's financial statements when these amendments are adopted.

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and in banks and short-term deposits with maturities of three (3) months or less.

#### Financial Assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial assets within the scope of PAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), loans and receivables, held-to-maturity (HTM) investments, available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets recorded at FVPL.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The Company's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

As at December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company does not have any financial asset at FVPL, HTM investments, AFS financial assets and derivatives designated as hedging instruments.

"Day 1" Profit or Loss. Where the transaction price is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value of the financial instruments (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset. In cases where data which is not observable is used, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" profit or loss amount.

Subsequent Measurement. Loans and receivables are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest amortization is included in interest income in profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in profit or loss in interest expense for loans and in other operating expenses for receivables.

Derecognition of Financial Assets. A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an
  obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a
  "pass-through" arrangement; or
- Either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
   (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of Financial Assets. The Company assesses, at each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be

reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and when observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial Assets Carried at Amortized Cost. For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the Company first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Company determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Financial assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The interest income is recorded as part of interest income in profit or loss. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Company. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to interest expense in profit or loss.

#### Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial liabilities within the scope of PAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of loans and borrowings, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and other current liabilities (excluding withholding tax payable) and due to shareholders.

As at December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company does not have any financial liabilities at FVPL or derivatives designated as hedging instruments.

Subsequent Measurement. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in interest expense in profit or loss.

Derecognition of Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or has expired.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

#### Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts; and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, therefore, the related assets and liabilities are presented at gross in the statements of financial position.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting period is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. When current bid and ask prices are not available, the price of the most recent transaction provides evidence of the current fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances since the time of the transaction.

For financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques may include:

- Using recent arm's-length market transactions;
- Reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same; or
- A discounted cash flow analysis or other valuation models.

#### Equity

Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. Incremental costs incurred directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction from proceeds, net of tax. Proceeds and/or fair value of considerations received in excess of par value are recognized as additional paid-in capital.

#### Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) amounts are calculated by dividing net income for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. The Company has no dilutive potential common shares outstanding, therefore, basic EPS is the same as diluted EPS.

#### Revenues

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it is acting as principal or agent.

Interest Income. Revenue is recognized as the interest accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

Exercise Fees. Revenue is recognized upon conversion of PDRs to common shares.

#### Expenses

Expenses presented as "Operating expenses" in the statements of comprehensive income are recognized as incurred.

#### Taxes

Current Income Tax. Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted at reporting period.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Income Tax. Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method on temporary differences at reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of excess minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) and unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carryforward benefits of excess MCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized, except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws to be enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Income tax relating to other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income section of the statements of comprehensive income.

Value-added Tax (VAT). Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of "Prepaid tax" or "Accounts payable and other current liabilities" accounts in the statements of financial position.

#### Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the receipt of the reimbursement is virtually certain.

#### Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### Events after Reporting Period

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material.

# 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Judgment, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of Company's financial statements requires management to make judgment, estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

#### Judgment

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made judgment on its functional currency, which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

Functional Currency. The Company has determined that its functional currency is the Philippine peso. It is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

#### Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Estimating Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company's assessment on the recognition of deferred tax assets on nondeductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of NOLCO and excess MCIT is based on the forecasted taxable income in the subsequent periods. This forecast is based on the Company's future expectations on revenue and expenses.

In 2012, the Company made a reassessment on the realizability of the deferred tax assets. Based on the Company's judgment, taxable income in the future periods may not be sufficient against which the deductible temporary difference and carryforward benefits of MCIT and NOLCO, respectively, can be utilized.

The Company did not recognize deferred tax assets amounting to \$\frac{2}{0.72}\$ million as at December 31, 2012. Recognized deferred tax assets as at December 31, 2011 amounted to \$\frac{2}{0.46}\$ million (see Note 10).

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities. The Company carries certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value, which requires the use of accounting estimates and judgment. The significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence (i.e., interest rates). However, the timing and amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Company utilized different valuation methodologies and assumptions. Any changes in the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities would affect the reported fair value of these financial assets and liabilities.

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are discussed in Note 13.

#### 5. Philippine Deposit Receipts

On July 30, 2007, the Company issued 822,115,000 PDRs relating to 822,115,000 GMA shares. On August 21, 2007, additional 123,317,000 PDRs were issued relating to 123,317,000 GMA shares. Each PDR was issued for a total consideration of ₱8.50.

Each PDR grants the holders, upon payment of the exercise price and subject to certain other conditions, the delivery of one (1) GMA share or the sale of and delivery of the proceeds of such sale of one (1) GMA share. The Company remains to be the registered owner of the GMA shares covered by the PDRs. The Company also retains the voting rights over the GMA shares.

The GMA shares are still subject to ownership restrictions on shares of corporations engaged in mass media and GMA may reject the transfer of shares to persons other than Philippine nationals. The PDRs were listed in the PSE on July 30, 2007, and the same may be exercised at any time from said date. Any cash dividends or other cash distributions in respect of GMA shares received by the Company shall be applied toward the operating expenses of the Company for the current and preceding years. A further amount equal to the operating expenses in the preceding year shall be set aside to meet operating or other expenses for the succeeding years. Any amount in excess of the aggregate of the operating expenses paid and the operating fund for such period shall be

distributed to PDR holders pro-rata on the first business day after such cash dividends are received by the Company.

Upon exercise of the PDRs, an exercise price of ₱0.05 per share shall be paid by the PDR holders. The exercise price is shown as "Exercise fees" account in the statements of comprehensive income. Exercise fees amounted to ₱0.22 million, nil and ₱1.08 million in 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Immediately prior to the closing of the PDR offering and additional issuances described above, GMA, to which the Company is affiliated, transferred 945,432,000 GMA shares to the Company in relation to which the PDRs were issued. For as long as the PDRs are not exercised, the shares underlying the PDRs will continue to be registered in the name of and owned by the Company, and all rights pertaining to these shares, including voting rights, shall be exercised by the Company. The obligations of the Company to deliver the GMA shares on exercise of the right contained in the PDRs are secured by the Pledge of Shares in favor of the Pledge Trustee acting on behalf of each holder of a PDR over the GMA shares.

At any time after the PDR offering, a shareholder may, at his option and from time to time, deliver shares to the Company in exchange for an equal number of PDRs. The exchange is based on prevailing traded value of GMA shares at the time of transaction with the corresponding PDR option price.

As mentioned above, the Company retains the rights to receive the cash flows from its investment in GMA and assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to the PDR holders, net of operating expenses (a "pass-through" arrangement). The "pass-through" test is met because the Company (a) has no obligation to the PDR holders unless it collects equivalent amounts from its investment in GMA, (b) is contractually prohibited from selling or pledging its investment in GMA other than as security to the PDR holders for the obligation to pay the cash flows, and (c) has an obligation to remit any cash flows from the investment in GMA to the PDR holders without material delay.

Under the "pass-through" test, the Company is deemed to have transferred substantially the risks and rewards of its investment in GMA. Accordingly, the investment in GMA and the liabilities related to the issuance of the PDRs are not recognized by the Company.

The following are the details and movements of the PDRs and the underlying GMA shares for the years ended December 31:

	PDRs		Numb	Number of Shares	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Balance at beginning of year	₽7,326,668,500	₽7,326,668,500	861,961,000	861,961,000	
Exercise of PDRs	(37,835,200)	40,000	(4,451,200)		
Balance at end of year	₽7,288,833,300	₹7,326,668,500	857,509,800	861,961,000	

On August 1, 2012, the Company approved a cash distribution to PDR holders of ₱0.26 per share, in relation to dividends declared by GMA, totaling to ₱223.87 million to all shareholders of record as at August 22, 2012. These were remitted to PDR holders on September 14, 2012.

On March 28, 2012, the Company approved a cash distribution to PDR holders of \$\mathbb{P}\$0.40 per share, in relation to dividends declared by GMA, totaling to \$\mathbb{P}\$344.62 million to all shareholders of record as at April 16, 2012. These were remitted to PDR holders on May 9, 2012.

On March 11, 2011, the Company approved cash distribution to PDR holders of \$\mathbb{P}0.45\$ per share, in relation to dividends declared by GMA, totaling to \$\mathbb{P}387.88\$ million to all shareholders of record as at April 8, 2011. These were remitted to PDR holders on May 6, 2011.

#### Event after Reporting Period

On March 21, 2013, the Company approved cash distribution to PDR holders of ₱0.25 per share, in relation to dividends declared by GMA to all shareholders of record as at April 17, 2013.

#### 6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2012	2011
Cash on hand and in banks	£2,752,085	₹3,623,829
Short-term deposits	45,309,468	46,435,178
ORDINARY PROPERTY AND	₽48,061,553	<del>2</del> 50,059,007

Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to three (3) months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

Interest income earned from bank deposits and short-term deposits amounted to ₱1.69 million, ₱1.97 million and ₱2.68 million in 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

## 7. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

	2012	2011
Accounts payable	₽9,910	₹6,580
Accrued expenses: Professional and trust fees Others Withholding tax payable	470,989 2,130 44	231,154 3,298
FY 16, 21, 200 can a con-	₽483,073	₽241,032

Accounts payable and accrued expenses are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled within the next financial year. Accrued expenses represent accrued audit fees, retainers' fees and petty cash expenses.

Withholding tax payable represents liabilities to the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) for the remittance of final taxes withheld on dividend payments made to PDR holders. These are noninterest-bearing and are expected to be remitted within 15 days after reporting period.

#### 8. Equity

In 2012, the Company declared ₱259 per share cash dividends amounting to ₱2.59 million to all stockholders of record as of May 25, 2012. This was paid on June 8, 2012.

The Company has no dividend declaration in 2011.

In 2010, the Company declared ₹300 per share cash dividends amounting to ₹3.00 million to all stockholders of record as at May 29, 2010. This was paid on June 4, 2010.

The following summarizes the information on the Company's registration of securities with the SEC as required by Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, As Amended (2011):

Date of SEC approval	Authorized Number of shares	Number of Issued Shares	Issue/ Offer Price
July 30, 2007	945,432,000	945,432,000	₽8.50
Operating Expenses		1	
	2012	2011	2010
Listing fees	₽560,275	<del>P</del> 695,085	P801,622
Professional fees	479,835	527,005	409,080
Taxes and licenses	33,239	27,129	24,274
Others	24,605	17,176	29,990

尹1.097,954

₱1,266,395

## 10. Income Taxes

9.

## Current Income Tax

The components of the Company's provision for current income tax are as follows:

	2012	2011	2010
Final tax interest	₹337,512	₹393,718	<del>₽</del> 536,312
MCIT	4,451	<del>-</del>	21,661
and the second s	₱341,963	₹393,718	<del>₽</del> 557,973_
		- D//	

The reconciliation of the provision for income tax computed at statutory income tax rate and the provision for income tax as shown in the statements of comprehensive income is summarized as follows:

	2012	2011	2010
Income tax computed at statutory income tax rate	<del>2</del> 243,420	<del>2</del> 210,569	<del>2</del> 749,840
Deduction in income tax resulting from - Interest income from short-term			
placements and bank deposits	en e en sikke en	(* 0 C B (* 0.)	/9.68 1.67\
already subjected to final tax Change in unrecognized deferred tax	(168,526)	(196,860)	(268,157)
assets	723,368		
	₽798,262	₹13,709	₹481,683

#### Deferred Tax Assets

The components of deferred tax assets follow:

	2012	2011
	(Unrecognized)	(Recognized)
MCIT	¥26,112	<del>P</del> 21,661
NOLCO	697,256	434,638
	P723,368	P456,299

As at December 31, 2012, NOLCO and MCIT that can be claimed as deduction from future RCIT due and taxable income, respectively:

Date Paid/Incurred	Carryforward Benefit Up To	MCIT	NOLCO
December 31, 2010	December 31, 2013	₽21,661	₱182,098
December 31, 2011	December 31, 2014	_	1,266,695
December 31, 2012	December 31, 2015	4,451	875,394
***************************************		<del>2</del> 26,112	<del>P</del> 2,324,187

## The movements in NOLCO and MCIT follow:

	2012	2011
NOLCO: Balance at the beginning of the year Additions	P1,448,793 875,394	₱182,098 1,266,695
Balance at end of year	<b>₽2,324,187</b>	₱1,448,793
MCIT:  Balance at the beginning of the year  Additions	¥21,661 4,451	<del>?</del> 21,661
Balance at end of year	₽26,112	<del>2</del> 21,661

## 11. Related Party Disclosures

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly and indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

# Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions with related parties have been entered into at terms no less favorable than could have been obtained if the transactions were entered into with unrelated parties. In 2012 and 2011, no transactions have been entered into by the Company with its related parties.

Category	Year	Amount/Volume of Transactions	Due to Shareholders	Terms	Conditions
Shareholders Portion of proceeds retained from issuance of PDRs	2012 2011	<u>-</u>	₽47,271,600 47,271,600	Upon demand, non- interest bearing	Unsecured

The outstanding balances of "Due to Selling Shareholders" pertains to the option price amounting to \$0.05 per PDR which was retained by the Company, as the PDR issuer, in consideration for the rights granted under the PDRs. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the PDR offer, the Company agrees that on exercise of any PDRs, only the exercise price amounting ₱8.45 shall be payable.

The Company's key management personnel are employed by GMA and no part of their salaries was allocated to the Company.

## 12. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents. The main purposes of these financial instruments include raising financing for the Company's operations and managing identified financial risks. The Company has other financial assets and liabilities such as accounts receivable, accounts payable and other current liabilities (excluding withholding tax payable) and due to shareholders, which arise directly from its operations. The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are liquidity risk, interest rate risk and credit risk.

The BOD reviews and approves the Company's objectives and policies.

Liquidity Risk. The Company is exposed to the possibility that adverse changes in the business environment and/or its operations would result in substantially higher working capital requirements and subsequently pose difficulty in financing the additional working capital.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by using its cash and cash equivalents from operations to meet its short-term liquidity needs. The Company likewise regularly evaluates other financing instruments and arrangements to broaden the Company's range of financing sources.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial assets used for liquidity risk management purposes and financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as at December 31:

		2012	
	On Demand	3 to 12 Months	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	₽48,061,553	<b></b>	P48,061,553
Accounts payable and other			
current liabilities*	<b>₽483,029</b>	20	₹483,029
Due to shareholders	47,271,600		47,271,600
	₽47,754,629	₽	P47,754,629
		2012	
	On Demand	3 to 12 Months	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	₽50,059,007	<b>辛</b>	<b>₹50,059,00</b> 7
Accounts payable and other			
current liabilities*	₹241,032	200	₱241,032
Due to shareholders	47,271,600		47,271,600
44037-17	₽47,512,632	· ·	₹47,512,632
		7 74 6 ++-	

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding withholding tax payable which is not considered as a financial liability.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's income before income tax from reporting period up to next reporting period. There is no impact on the Company's equity other than those already affecting profit or loss.

	Increase	Effect on
	(Decrease) in	Income Before
	Basis Points	Income Tax
2012	50	P240,283
	(50)	(240,283)
2011	50	250,295
	(50)	(250,295)

Credit Risk. Credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, is controlled by the application of credit approvals, limits and monitoring procedures. It is the Company's policy to enter into transactions with a diversity of creditworthy parties to mitigate any significant concentration of credit risk. The Company ensures that services are made to customers with appropriate credit history. The Company has an internal mechanism to monitor the granting of credit and management of credit exposures. The Company has made provisions, where necessary, for potential losses on credits extended. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of the instruments. The Company does not require any collateral for its financial assets.

The credit quality of financial assets is managed by the Company using high grade and standard grade as internal credit ratings.

High Grade. Pertains to a counterparty who is not expected by the Company to default in settling its obligations, thus, credit risk exposure is minimal. This normally includes large prime financial institutions and related parties.

Standard Grade. Other financial assets not classified as high grade are included in this category.

The Company classified its cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash on hand) and accounts receivable as high grade financial assets as at December 31, 2012 and 2011.

As at December 31, the aging analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

	2012	2011
Neither past due nor impaired	<b>2153,43</b> 2	P203,539
Past due but not impaired:		
31-60 days	<del></del>	Emily
61-150 days	4040**	
151-365 days	ganas	800
4690-001	P253,432	₱204 <u>,</u> 339

#### Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, payoff existing debts, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the three years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010.

The Company's capital management is undertaken by GMA. The capital includes the total equity, which amounted to ₱0.67 million and ₱3.25 million as at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

## 13. Financial Assets and Liabilities

The table below presents the carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial instruments, by category and by class, as at December 31:

	2(	2012 2011		7 99
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets Loans and receivables: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	₽48,061,553 253,432 ₽48,314,985	P48,061,553 253,432 P48,314,985	₱50,059,007 204,339 ₱50,263,346	₱50,059,007 204,339 ₱50,263,346
Financial Liabilities Other financial liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities* Due to shareholders	P483,029 47,271,600 P47.754,629	P483,029 47,271,600 P47,754,629		₽241,032 47,271,600 ₽47,512,632

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding withholding tax payable which is not considered as a financial liability.

The carrying values of the above financial instruments are the approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity.

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- a. Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b. Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- c. Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at December 31, 2012 and 2011, there were no financial assets measured at fair value using any valuation techniques.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

#### 14. Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share Computation

Basic/diluted EPS is computed as follows:

	2012	2011	2010
Net income attributable to equity holders (a)	P13,139	₽688,187	₱2,017,783
Common shares issues at beginning and end	45.000	10.000	10.000
of year (b)	10,000	10,000	10,000
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share (a/b)	P1.31	₽68.82	₽201.78

## 15. Supplementary Information Required by Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 19-2011 and 15-2010

#### RR 19-2011

RR 19-2011 was issued to prescribe the new BIR forms that will be used for Income Tax filing covering and starting with December 31, 2011, and to modify Revenue Memorandum Circular No. 57-2011 dated November 25, 2011.

The following are the schedules prescribed under existing revenue issuances applicable to the Company as at December 31, 2012:

## a. Schedule of Itemized Deductions

Professional fees	₽479,835
Taxes and licenses	33,239
	24,605
Miscellaneous	560,275
Others - listing fee	₽1 097 954
	2 1302 1924

#### b. Taxes and Licenses

	Official Receipt Number	Date paid	Amount
Mayor's Permit Barangay Clearance Community Certificate Annual Registration	A5COR1580250-5 5967379 94488 EFPS	January 17, 2012 January 17, 2012 January 18, 2012 January 31, 2012	₽29,250 1,650 1,839 500 ₽33,239

#### RR 15-2010

The Company reported and/or paid the following types of taxes in 2012:

## a. Value Added Tax (VAT)

The Company's purchases from VAT-registered individuals or corporations are subject to input VAT. The VAT rate is 12%.

Balance at January 1	₱30,429
Current year's domestic purchases for:	69.367
Services lodged under other accounts	₽99,796
Total claims at December 31	£77 <sub>3</sub> 170

#### b. Other Taxes and Licenses

All other local and national taxes paid for the year ended December 31, 2012 consist of:

Local taxes and license fees	P32,739
Registration fees	500_
The same of the sa	₱3,239

#### c. Withholding Taxes

Withholding taxes paid and/or withheld for the year ended December 31, 2012 consist of:

Final withholding tax	₹52,487,161
Expanded withholding tax	11,249
	₽52,498,410



SvCip Gorres Velavo & Co. 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City **Philippines** 

Phone: (532) 891 0307 Fax: (632) 819 0872 www.sgv.com.oh

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, December 28, 2012, valid until December 31, 2015 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-3 (Group A), November 15, 2012, valid until November 15, 2015

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors GMA Holdings, Inc. Unit 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place New Bonifacio Global City Fort Bonifacio, Taguig City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of GMA Holdings, Inc. as at December 31, 2012 and 2011 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2012, included in this Form 17-A, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2013. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, As Amended (2011), and are not part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Claima & Mangangery

Clairma T. Mangangey

Pariner

CPA Certificate No. 86898

SEC Accreditation No. 0779-AR-1 (Group A), February 2, 2012, valid until February 1, 2015 Tax Identification No. 129-434-867 BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-67-2012, April 11. 2012, valid until April 10, 2015

PTR No. 3669697, January 2, 2013, Makati City

March 21, 2013

## INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2012

Supplemental schedules required by Annex 68-E

	A. Financial assets	Attached
	B. Amounts receivable from directors, officers, employee related parties and principal stockholders (other that related parties)	-
	C. Amounts of receivables from related parties which are eliminated during consolidation process of financia statements	Not applicable
	D. Intangible assets - other asset	Not applicable
	E. Long-term debt	Not applicable
	F. Indebtedness to related parties	Not applicable
	G. Guarantees of securities of other issuers	Not applicable
	H. Capital stock	Attached
Π.	Schedule of all the effective standards and interpretations	Attached
William I.	Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Divider Declaration	nd Attached
IV.	Map of the relationships of the Company within the Group	Not applicable

## SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY ANNEX 68-E AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2012

## Schedule A. Financial Assets

Name of Issuing entity and association of each issue	Number of shares or principal amount of bonds and rates	Amount shown in the statements of financial position	Value based on market quotation at end of reporting period	Income received and accrued
-COSTEN, NO SECONO COMPANION (CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CON				
Cash	P	₽5,000	<del></del>	-
On hand	-distançan Ja	·	*	28,266
In banks		2,747,085		28,266
		2,752,085	****	<u>المائمومي</u>
Cash equivalents				
Union Bank of	_			
the Philippines		20,611,244		985,907
Banco De Oro	- Malanne	24,698,224	****	672 <u>,</u> 622
Danco De Oto		45.309.468		1,658,529
ANY TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY	2	₽48,061,553	Fun	₽1,686,795

## Schedule H. Capital Stock

Title of Issue	Number of Shares Authorized	Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding as Shown Under Related Statements of Financial Position Caption	Number of Shares Reserved for Options, Warrants, Conversion and Other Rights	Number of Shares Held by Related Parties	Directors, Officers, and Employees	Others
Common	10,000	10,000	**************************************		10,000	

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE REQUIRED UNDER SRC RULE 68, AS AMENDED (2011) AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2012

The state of the s	FINANCIAE REPORTING STANDARDS		75,7-1:	Not
	RETATIONS		-Not	The state of the s
Offective as of	December 31, 2012	Adopted	Adopted	Applicable
	r the Preparation and Presentation of	1	The state of the s	an committee
Financial Stat		*	The same of the sa	*present in face
**	mework Phase A: Objectives and qualitative			A business of the second of th
characteristics		T. T		
PFRSs Practic	ce Statement Management Commentary	¥	]	
William Committee of the Committee of th	ancial Reporting Standards		T	i i
PFRS 1	First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial	ä		Parameter (NO)
(Revised)	Reporting Standards	***************************************		+ $ -$
	Amendments to PFRS 1 and PAS 27: Cost		2	
	of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly		normal desired and the second	1
	Controlled Entity or Associate		-	<del> </del> /
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Additional		L. Control of the Con	7
	Exemptions for First-time Adopters		-	1 1
	Amendment to PFRS 1: Limited			
	Exemption from Comparative PFRS 7			**************************************
	Disclosures for First-time Adopters			/
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Severe			
	Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Date			
	for First-time Adopters			1 1
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Government		A. A	
	Loans		<u> </u>	1 7
PFRS 2	Share-based Payment	ļ		<del></del>
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Vesting			3
	Conditions and Cancellations			1 3
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Group Cash-			and the second s
	settled Share-based Payment Transactions	l man		+
PFRS 3				and a second
(Revised)	Business Combinations			
PFRS 4	Insurance Contracts			1 7
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 4:	Lave		
	Financial Guarantee Contracts			
PFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and			200
	Discontinued Operations			
PFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral			200 Programma and
	Resources			
PFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	¥		
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7:			
	Reclassification of Financial Assets			J
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7:		a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.a.	
· ·	Reclassification of Financial Assets -	· ·	Yournesseed	
	Effective Date and Transition			
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Improving	✓	and the second	- man a / market
	Disclosures about Financial Instruments		***************************************	
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures -		dia di Carino	16
	Transfers of Financial Assets			

	FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS		
AND INTERP	The state of the s		Not Not
Effective as of	December 31: 2012	Aclopted	Adopted Applicable
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures –		
	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial	Notu	arly Adopted
	Liabilities	76000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Mandatory		
	Effective Date of PFRS 9 and Transition		aris Adonted
	Disclosures	militario de la composición del composición de la composición de la composición del composición de la	anaraniminatinaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminaniminanimin
PFRS 8	Operating Segments		<b>√</b>
PFRS 9*	Financial Instruments		
	Amendments to PFRS 9: Mandatory		
PFRS 10*	Effective Date of PFRS 9 and Transition	Not B	nily Adopted
	Disclosures		
	Consolidated Financial Statements		
PFRS 11*	Joint Arrangements		
PFRS 12*	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities		
PFRS 13*	Fair Value Measurement	\$27/25/05/5/\$/\$00006/\$000006/\$000006/\$000006/\$00006/\$00006/\$00006/\$00006/\$00006/\$00006/\$00006/\$00006/\$00006/\$0	
	ounting Standards		
PAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements		
(Revised)	Amendment to PAS 1: Capital Disclosures		
	Amendments to PAS 32 and PAS 1:		4
	Puttable Financial Instruments and		
	Obligations Arising on Liquidation	~	
	Amendments to PAS 1: Presentation of	No.	Early Adopted
	Items of Other Comprehensive Income		
		<u> </u>	
PAS 2	Inventories		✓
PAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows	7	
PAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in	1	
	Accounting Estimates and Errors		
PAS 10	Events after the Reporting Period	1	
PAS 11	Construction Contracts		√
PAS 12	Income Taxes	1	
PAS 16	Amendment to PAS 12 - Deferred Tax:		√
— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Recovery of Underlying Assets		
	Property, Plant and Equipment		
PAS 17	Leases		
PAS 18	Revenue	1	
PAS 19	Employee Benefits		<b>√</b>
	Amendments to PAS 19: Actuarial Gains	OLIMBOACCADE CONFIGN	1
	and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures		
PAS 19	Employee Benefits		
(Amended)*	** 40 *** ******************************	III NOT	Dardy Xionted
PAS 20	Angenting for Carpenson Courte and		
	Accounting for Government Grants and	•	
71 C 44	Disclosure of Government Assistance	-	
PAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign	· ·	
	Exchange Rates  Amendment: Net Investment in a Foreign	A THE STREET OF	4
	Operation		and a part and

	UNANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS			
AND INTERP	The state of the s			Not
ATTIVITY OF SECURE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON A	December 31, 2012	Adopted	Adopted	Applicable
PAS 23	Borrowing Costs			N/
(Revised)		etimores secondo e proporto e proporto e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
PAS 24	Related Party Disclosures	4		***************************************
(Revised)				
PAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement		non-season	1
**************************************	Benefit Plans		A Paragraph A	
PAS 27	Consolidated and Separate Financial		and who with the state of the s	J
	Statements	AND THE STREET S		
PAS 27	Separate Financial Statements		iniv Adopted	
(Amended)*				AND STREET, ST
PAS 28	Investments in Associates			1
PAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint			
(Amended)*	Ventures	Noi E	<b>iri</b> y Adopted	
NAME OF THE PARTY			The state of the s	and the second
PAS 29	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary			1
	Economies	4		
PAS 31	Interests in Joint Ventures			¥
PAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation			
	Amendments to PAS 32 and PAS 1:			₹
	Puttable Financial Instruments and		P. Landerson	
	Obligations Arising on Liquidation			
	Amendment to PAS 32: Classification of	•		1
	Rights Issues			
	Amendments to PAS 32: Offsetting	₹	ar La Comment	
**************************************	Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	www.		<u> </u>
PAS 33	Earnings per Share			<u> </u>
PAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting	<u> </u>		
PAS 36	Impairment of Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*
PAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and	4.		
	Contingent Assets	opon and the second sec		<u> </u>
PAS 38	Intangible Assets			¥
PAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and	4		and the second s
	Measurement			
	Amendments to PAS 39: Transition and	¥		
	Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and			
	Financial Liabilities			
	Amendments to PAS 39: Cash Flow Hedge		7	-√
	Accounting of Forecast Intragroup			
	Transactions			
	Amendments to PAS 39: The Fair Value			¥
	Option			
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 4:			<b>*</b>
	Financial Guarantee Contracts	W		ļ., <u>.</u>
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7:	-	AL ALBERTANIA	vi.
	Reclassification of Financial Assets			
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7:			4
	Reclassification of Financial Assets -		A	Респинанты
	Effective Date and Transition			
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation			

	FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS			Not≡
	PRETATIONS	in the state of th		ng nambanan Salayaya barawa kewaya kerasa seri
Effective as o	December 31, 2012	Adopted	Acoptec	Applicable
	IFRIC-9 and PAS 39: Embedded		Ę.	
	Derivatives		<u> </u>	
	Amendment to PAS 39: Eligible Hedged		THE STATE OF THE S	¥
	Items	en e		
	Investment Property	***************************************		
PAS 40	Agriculture	**************************************		₩
PAS 41		***************************************		ACCUPATION OF THE PROPERTY OF
Philippine In	terpretations			-
IFRIC 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning,			1
	Restoration and Similar Liabilities	***************************************		
IFRIC 2	Members' Share in Co-operative Entities			4
	and Similar Instruments			- Control of the Cont
IFRIC 4	Determining Whether an Arrangement		-	4
	Contains a Lease			
IFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from			1
	Decommissioning, Restoration and			
	Environmental Rehabilitation Funds			
IFRIC 6	Liabilities arising from Participating in a		- Control of the Cont	1
	Specific Market - Waste Electrical and			
	Electronic Equipment			
TFRIC 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under			1
31.21. 31. 42. 1	PAS 29 Financial Reporting in		and the state of t	
	Hyperinflationary Economies		والتاوالدوم	
IFRIC 8	Scope of PFRS 2			
IFRIC 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives			1
IFRIC 10	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation	***************************************		V
24.22.20	IFRIC-9 and PAS 39: Embedded			
	Derivatives			August Pala Pala Pala Pala Pala Pala Pala Pal
IFRIC 11	Interim Financial Reporting and			4
ARAGES AR	Impairment			narral foots
IFRIC 12	PFRS 2- Group and Treasury Share	2444		4
IX ASIC IA	Transactions			,
IFRIC 13	Service Concession Arrangements			1
IFRIC 14	Customer Loyalty Programmes			7
TINIC 14	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset,	CANCEL MINISTER AND CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF		1
	Minimum Funding Requirements and their			
	Interaction		A CANADA	ar name and a
3377777 1 C	Amendments to Philippine Interpretations			1
IFRIC 16	IFRIC- 14, Prepayments of a Minimum		a de la companya de l	
	Funding Requirement		T. Carrier Co.	
	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign			1 7
	Operation			EF III
TUDIC	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to			1
IFRIC 17	Owners		,	
#197 X X X A X1	Transfers of Assets from Customers			1 7
IFRIC 18	1			1 7
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with		u nich mary like	
apropagation, are after the second	Equity Instruments	THE THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PE	THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	entomatica (
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of	No	Carty Adol	ned
	a Surface Mine			smegaladittilizilisi

	E FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS RPRETATIONS		1 (100 - 100	Not
Liffective as	of December 31, 2012	Adopted	Adopted	Applicable
SIC-7	Introduction of the Euro			4
SIC-10	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities		and the state of t	4
SIC-12	Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities			<del>                                     </del>
	Amendment to SIC - 12: Scope of SIC 12	44	<u> </u>	1
SIC-13	Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers			<u> </u>
SIC-15	Operating Leases - Incentives			4
SIC 21	Income Taxes Recovery of Revalued Non Depreciable Assets			
SIC-25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders			4
SIC-27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease			Ý
SIC-29	Service Concession Arrangements:			1
	Disclosures.		***************************************	
SIC-31	Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services	Name and the Parket Par		W.
SIC-32	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs			<u> </u>

Note: Standards and Interpretations under the "Not Applicable" column are effective as at December 31, 2012 but for which no transactions of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010 are deemed covered.

## SCHEDULE OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Unappropriated retained earnings, beginning	₹3,150,276
Adjustments –	
Deferred tax assets, beginning	(456,299)
Unappropriated retained earnings, as adjusted, beginning	2,693,977
Net income during the year closed to retained earnings	13,139
Dividends declaration during the period	(2,593,997)
Retained earnings - available for	
dividend declaration as at December 31, 2012	₽113,119
	BU (CONTO)