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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-A

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

OF

GMA NETWORK, INC.

1.	For the fiscal year ended: December 31, 2 9	015
2.	SEC Identification Number: 5213	3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-917-916-000
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its cha	rter: GMA NETWORK, INC.
5.	PHILIPPINES	6 (SEC Use Only)
	Province, Country or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization	Industry Classification Code:
7.	GMA NETWORK CENTER, EDSA CORNE Address of principal office	ER TIMOG AVENUE, DILIMAN, QUEZON CITY Postal Code
8.	(632) 982 7777 Issuer's telephone number, including area	code
9.	NOT APPLICABLE	
	Former name, former address, and former	fiscal year, if changed since last report.
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 RSA	3 and 12 of the SRC, or Sec. 4 and 8 of the
	Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding
	Common Stock	3,361,047,000
	Preferred Stock	7,499,507,184
11.	Are any or all of these securities listed on a	Stock Exchange.
	Yes [√] No []	
	If yes, state the name of such stock exchar	ge and the classes of securities listed herein:
	PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE / COMM	ION STOCK

- 12. Check whether the issuer:
- (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17.1 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of The Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [√] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [√] No []

13. Aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant

State the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant. The aggregate market value shall be computed by reference to the price at which the stock was sold, or the average bid and asked prices of such stock, as of a specified date within sixty (60) days prior to the date of filing. If a determination as to whether a particular person or entity is an affiliate cannot be made without involving unreasonable effort and expense, the aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates may be calculated on the basis of assumptions reasonable under the circumstances, provided the assumptions are set forth in this Form. (See definition of "affiliate" in "Annex B").

Total Market Value = PhP 33.6 B (as of March 31, 2016)

Aggregate Market Value of Publicly-Owned Voting Stock= Php 5.7B (as of March 31, 2016)

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN INSOLVENCY/SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

14. Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court or the Commission.

NOT APPLICABLE

PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Business

GMA Network, Inc. is a free-to-air broadcasting company principally engaged in television and radio broadcasting, the production of programs for domestic and international audiences, and other related businesses. The Company derives the majority of its revenues from advertising related to television broadcasting.

The Company's Congressional television broadcasting franchise was renewed on March 20, 1992 through Republic Act 7252, which allows it to operate radio and television facilities in the Philippines for 25 years. GMA Network has 47 VHF and 41 UHF TV stations throughout the Philippines with its signal reaching approximately 98% of the country's Urban TV Households (Source: 2015 Nielsen Television Establishment Survey; Claimed reception among TV homes).

In 2015, GMA Network, Inc. grabbed leadership in National Urban TV ratings and maintained leadership in the viewer-rich areas of Urban Luzon and Mega Manila. The Company posted increases in its gross revenues and net income for 2015 versus 2014.

GMA Network's international operations continued to expand during the year. The Company's international syndication and distribution business likewise grew in 2015.

GMA SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE AND AFFILIATES

The Company's subsidiaries and affiliates are involved in media-related services such as movie making, sets and props construction, film syndication, music and video recording, new media, online gaming, post production services, and marketing, which complement the Company's core television and radio broadcasting business.

The following table shows the Company's holdings in its principal subsidiaries, joint ventures and affiliates as of December 31, 2015:

COMPANY	OWNERSHIP	PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES
Subsidiaries		
GMA New Media, Inc. (NMI)	100%	Converging Technology
Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc.	100%	Television entertainment production
GMA Network Films, Inc.	100%	Film production

GMA Worldwide (Philippines),	100%	International marketing, handling foreign
Inc.		program acquisitions and international
		syndication of the Parent Company's
		programs
RGMA Marketing and	100%	Music recording, publishing and video
Productions, Inc. (GMA		distribution
Records)		
Scenarios, Inc.	100%	Design, construction, maintenance and
		storage of sets for TV, stage plays and
		concerts; transportation services
Script2010, Inc. (Script2010)*	100%	Design, construction and maintenance of
		sets for TV, stage plays and concerts;
		transportation and manpower services
Alta Productions Croup Inc	100%	Dro and nest production convices
Alta Productions Group, Inc.	100%	Pre- and post-production services
GMA Marketing & Productions,	100%	Exclusive marketing and sales arm of
Inc. (GMPI)		GMA's airtime; events management;
		sales implementation; traffic services and
		monitoring
Mediamerge Corporation**	100%	Business development and operations for
ea.ae.ge ee.perane	10070	the Company's online
		publishing/advertising initiatives
Digify Inc. (Digify)**	100%	
Digify, Inc. (Digify)**	100 /6	Crafting, planning and handling
		advertising and other forms of promotion
		including multi-media productions
Joint Ventures		
INQ7 Interactive, Inc.	50%	Internet publishing
Philippine Entertainment	50%	Internet publishing
Portal, Inc. (PEP)**		
Gamespan, Inc.**	50%	Sports betting and broadcasting

Affiliates				
Mont-Aire	Realty	and	49%	Real estate
Developmen	Development Corp.***			
RGMA Netw	ork, Inc.		49%	Radio broadcasting and management

Notes:

- * Indirectly owned through Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc.
- ** Indirectly owned through GMA New Media, Inc.
- *** 49% owned by GMA Network, Inc.

PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED NEW PRODUCT OR SERVICE

The Company had no new publicly-announced product or service during the fiscal year covered by this report.

COMPETITION

The Company currently competes for audiences and advertising revenues directly with other broadcast stations, radio stations, newspapers, magazines, cable television, and outdoor advertising within their respective markets.

The Following table presents major broadcasting networks in the country:

Network	Description			2015 Ratings & Audience Share (Total day; 6AM-12MN)		
			Mega Manila	Urban Luzon	Urban National	
GMA		Household Ratings	15.4	14.6	12.9	
		Audience Share	41.7	41.7 39.7		
ABS-CBN	Radio and TV broadcasting network and multimedia company. Founded in 1953, and is the first television station in the	Household Ratings	9.9	11.2	12.8	
	Philippines.	Audience Share	27.0	Urban Luzon Urb Nation 14.6 12. 39.7 35. 11.2 12.	34.9	

			2015 Rat	tings & Audien	ice Share
Network	Description	(Total day; 6AM-12M			2MN)
			Mega Manila	Urban Luzon	Urban National
	GMA Network's sister channel. It is	Household Ratings	2.2	1.9	1.6
GNTV	programmed by GMA. GMANEWS TV (GNTV) was launched on February 28, 2011.	Audience Share	5.9	5.1	4.3
	Third-oldest TV network in the country, with	Household Ratings	3.1	3.0	3.3
TV5	main broadcast facilities in Novaliches, Quezon City. On March 2, 2010, Mediaquest acquired 100 percent ownership of the Associated Broadcasting Company and Primedia Inc., the broadcasting firm's major block airtimer.	Audience Share	8.5	8.2 9.2	9.2
	Radio Philippines Network (RPN 9) is a	Household Ratings	0.2	0.2	0.2
SOLAR TV/ ETC (RPN)/ Solar News (RPN)/ CNN Philippines *	Philippine VHF television network of the Government Communications Group. On November 29, 2009, the network re-branded again under the new name Solar TV on RPN. *Solar TV went off air on February 26, 2011 and was re-launched as ETC (RPN) on March 2, 2011. It was re-launched anew as Solar News (RPN) on November 30, 2013, then was replaced by 9TV (RPN) starting Aug. 23, 2014. On March 16, 2015, 9TV (RPN) was re-launched as CNN PHILIPPINES.	Audience Share	0.7	0.6	0.6
Studio 23/ ABS-CBN Sports +	Sister network to the main ABS-CBN	Household Ratings	1.1	1.3	1.4

			2015 Rat	tings & Audien	ice Share	
Network	Description		(Total day; 6AM-12MN)			
			Mega Manila	Urban Luzon	Urban National	
Action **	Broadcasting Corporation, airing programming aimed towards young adults, such as North American imports and other English language programming.	Audience Share	3.1	3.4	3.8	
	**Studio 23 was re-launched as ABS-CBN Sports + Action on January 18, 2014					
National Broadcasting	Official government TV, formerly called Maharlika Broadcasting System, Inc. and later the People's Television Network, Inc.	Household Ratings	0.3	0.3	0.2	
Network/ PTV	(PTV).	Audience Share	0.9	0.8	0.6	
Intercontinental Broadcasting Corporation	IBC-13 is a VHF TV station of the Rati		0.2	0.1	0.1	
(IBC 13)	launched in 1975 by Roberto Benedicto.	Audience Share	0.5	0.4	0.4	
Southern Broadcasting Network	On January 1, 2008, Solar Entertainment Corporation's entertainment channel ETC aired on this station.	Household Ratings	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Solar News Channel/ TALK TV (SBN)/ ETC (SBN) ***	***SBN was launched as Talk TV (SBN) on March 3, 2011 and was later replaced by Solar News Channel on October 30, 2012. This channel was re-launched anew as ETC (SBN) on November 30, 2013	Audience Share	0.2	0.2	0.2	
2 nd Ave. (RJTV)	RJTV is a UHF free to air television channel owned and operated by Rajah Broadcasting Network, Inc. owned by Ramon "RJ"	Household Ratings	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Jacinto. Solar is also programming 2 nd Ave.	Audience Share	0.1	0.1	0.0	

NOTE: Ratings data are based on the Nielsen Television Audience Measurement (TAM) Arianna.

RELATIVE SIZE AND FINANCIAL AND MARKET STRENGTH OF COMPETITORS

The Company considers ABS-CBN as its longest and prime competitor, followed by TV5. ABS-CBN is the largest broadcasting company in the Philippines in terms of product and service

range and financial asset base. Its broadcasting operations contribute close to 50% of its total revenue generated, followed by its cable and satellite businesses with a share of about 35%. Its other businesses, which comprise movie production, new media ventures, publishing and other consumer products and services, make up about 15% of total sales. In comparison, GMA is the second largest and is the oldest broadcasting company in the region and derives more than 90% of its business from broadcasting. The Company's international operations provides about 8% of revenues while other businesses which includes film production, new media services, and other services contributes less than 2% of total sales.

In more recent years, a third major player came into the picture in TV 5 which was formerly known as ABC 5. It was re-launched in 2008 as TV 5 after reaching a partnership with MPB Primedia, Inc. (MPB), a local company backed by Media Prima Berhad of Malaysia – with MPB producing and sourcing most of the entertainments programs of the channel. On October 20, 2009, Media Prima divested its share in TV5, selling it to Mediaquest Holdings Inc., the broadcasting division owned by the Beneficial Trust Fund of the Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company (PLDT). In the first half of 2010, along with dramatic changes in programming, TV 5 branded itself as the "Kapatid" network parallel to ABS-CBN's "Kapamilya" and GMA's "Kapuso" brands.

GMA effectively competes with these two main competitors and the rest of the industry players by enriching the lives of the Filipinos everywhere with superior Entertainment and the responsible delivery of News and Information. The Company prides itself in launching the first ever free-to-air news channel with the launch of GMA News TV under Channel 11 in the first quarter of 2011. The Company has likewise proven its competitiveness by grabbing the number one spot in nationwide TV ratings since early 2010, posting its biggest lead over competition in 2011 and maintaining the lead in 2012. Since then, GMA has been very competitive and in 2015, the Company again came out ahead in nationwide viewership thus providing the much needed leverage to generate advertising revenues. Financial-wise, the Company leads both competitors in most key financial indicators, from gross profit margins, net income margins, to debt-equity ratios, with GMA remaining debt free for the past couple of years.

INTERNATIONAL DISTRIBUTION

The Company's television programs are distributed outside the Philippines in two ways. One is through its subscription-based international linear channels – GMA Pinoy TV, GMA Life TV, and GMA News TV International, as well as non-linear content distribution through Video On Demand (VOD) service - are all distributed in multiple platforms that include DTH, cable, IPTV and OTT across various territories in North America, ASPAC, MENA and Europe. The other is through GMA Worldwide (Philippines), Inc. (GWI), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. GWI distributes GMA's locally produced programs on all platforms through worldwide syndication sales to broadcasters/companies in China, Southeast Asia, Africa, and Europe.

GMA PINOY TV

The Company operates GMA Pinoy TV through which it offers subscription-based programs internationally. Launched in 2005, GMA Pinoy TV delivers to an international audience the Company's most popular news and public affairs and general entertainment programs.

GMA Pinoy TV is currently available in 50 states in the United States including Alaska and Hawaii, plus Puerto Rico and Washington DC; Canada; Japan; Guam; Saipan; Hong Kong; Singapore; Papua New Guinea; Australia; New Zealand the British Indian Territory of Diego Garcia; Madagascar; Malaysia; Palau; Haiti; 17 countries in the Middle East which includes the key territories of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Bahrain, and Kuwait;12 countries in North Africa and 16 countries in Europe which includes key areas of UK, France, Germany, and Italy. GMA Pinoy TV aims to establish global exposure and presence for the Network that will bring the company's programs to Filipino communities around the world.

Under the carriage and licensing agreements with international cable carriers, the Company generally receives a portion of the subscription fees and is also allocated a certain number of advertising minutes through which the Company may sell advertising spots, which it does, through GMA Marketing Productions Group (MPG). MPG also participates in joint promotions with various carriers for the marketing of GMA Pinoy TV.

As of December 2015, GMA Pinoy TV's viewership increased by 8% from the previous year, 2014. GMA's viewership base continues its steady growth despite the business challenges brought by overall industry and marketplace factors.

GMA LIFE TV

Three years after the success of GMA Pinoy TV, GMA Life TV, GMA Network's second international channel, was launched. More than just offering mainstream entertainment, GMA Life TV engages more viewers with its exciting line-up of heart-warming and innovative programs that feature the Filipinos' lifestyle and interests.

GMA Life TV is available in the United States, Canada, Middle East, North Africa, Europe, Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong, Singapore, Japan, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea, Madagascar, Palau, Guam and Saipan. As of December 2015, GMA Life TV's viewership increased by 16% from the previous year, 2014.

GMA News TV International

In September 2011, GMA Network began distributing GMA News TV International in order to provide overseas Filipinos with the latest, most comprehensive, and most credible news coverage from the Philippines. It offers internationally acclaimed and award-winning news and public affairs programs with 7 to 8 hours of original content daily.

It is now available in the United States, Canada, Middle East, North Africa, Europe, Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong, Singapore, Japan, Malaysia, Madagascar, Palau, Guam and Saipan. As of December 2015, GMA News TV International's viewership increased by 32% from the previous year, 2014.

CONVERGING TECHNOLOGY

GMA New Media, Inc. is GMA Network's digital media and technology arm in charge of R&D, Software Design & Development, Systems Integration and Quality Assurance. Since its inception in July 2000, it has launched category-breaking projects in web, mobile, digital television and other new and emerging platforms.

GMA NMI AS GAMECHANGER

Back in the days when traditional and new media had clear boundaries, GMA NMI had the audacity to blur the borders. It was the first to enable mobile and TV to talk to each other, ushering in the era SMS-TV.

Sixteen years later, NMI continues to be at the top of its game.

As GMA Network's innovation center and de facto future-proofing agent, GMA NMI spearheads the design and implementation of the media giant's grand digital blueprint aimed to ensure the company's leadership in the digital era.

WEB

Online Publishing

In its early years, NMI launched GMA's official entertainment website, iGMA.tv, and its official news website, GMANews.tv. Both websites have won local and international acclaim as well as loyal patronage among Filipinos here and abroad.

In 2015, NMI led initiatives aimed to establish GMA as a dominant player online by slowly but steadily diminishing the huge lead that its main competitor held for quite some time. Launched In collaboration with various units in GMA Network, www.gmanetwork.com, the portal for all GMA websites, finally beat its long-time rival in terms of total page views by generating 653 million versus ABS-CBN.com's 606 million. This, despite ABS-CBN.com's eight-year headstart as an independent online brand. From only 118 million total page views in 2014, GMANetwork.com's page views grew 4.5 times, increasing the monthly average to 54.3 million versus previous year's 9.8 million. Unique browsers also grew 2.5 times. From a total of 17.5 million in 2014, this expanded to 61 million in 2015, based on data from Effective Measure, a third party online audience measurement service provider.

2015 was a milestone year for GMA News Online (GNO) as it breached the one billion page views mark. Audience reach also went up based on the increase in unique browsers. Monthly average pageviews¹ for 2015 hit 95 million, a 135% increase from the 40.4M that GNO

¹ Pageviews refers to an instance of an Internet user visiting a particular page on a website.

generated the prior year. The average unique browsers² increased to almost 13.3 million from 8.4 million in 2014. Synergies from the Social Media team and the editorial team to enhance overall user experience, as well as NMI's non-stop back-end upgrades, helped sustain improvements in web metrics.

NMI entered into a joint venture with Summit Media and launched PEP.ph, the leading showbiz news portal in the Philippines. It also launched SPIN.ph or Sports Interactive Network, currently the No. 1 sports website based on recent data from Effective Measure. NMI provides the technology back-end of said sites. The joint venture is a way for GMA to capture a bigger slice of the online audience share by targeting readers who are keen on sports and entertainment.

MOBILE

NMI pioneered interactive TV in the Philippines with the launch of SMS-TV services in "*Debate*" and Startalk, and Eat Bulaga's Cool Dudes segment. This laid the foundation for succeeding SMS-TV initiatives that carried NMI through several years of growth and profit.

NMI also introduced SMS technology to Philippine broadcast TV and was the first to launch an interactive chat and gaming show called *Txtube*.

NMI launched *Fanatxt*, a mobile-based celebrity portal for Kapuso stars, considered as one of the most successful mobile VAS services ever launched locally.

NMI broke new ground with the launch of *Teledrama Text Saya*, the first ever mobile point of purchase promo for GMA's primetime shows done in partnership with GMPI.

NMI also developed the GMA News Online iOS and Android mobile apps that sport a new user interface to keep up with current design trends. The mobile apps allow people easy access to GMA content using their handheld devices. The GMA portal mobile app was also launched and was designed to be the perfect mobile companion to top-rating GMA shows.

CONVERGENT MEDIA

NMI works closely with GMA Marketing and Promotions, Incorporated (GMPI) in the launch of innovative convergent media campaigns such as *Win Mo Kapuso* and *Win Mo Pamasko*. The combination of TV plus new media has become a valuable strategic offering for clients in terms of ensuring the widest possible reach for both online and offline audiences.

YouScoop is NMI's joint initiative with GMA News and Public Affairs (NPA) that aims to promote citizen journalism and vigilance. YouScoop helps empower the people to provide information and news when and where it happens. Users can send information, photographs, videos and even audio recordings of newsworthy events wherever and whenever they may be

² Unique Browser refers to a unique device (e.g. a computer or mobile phone) that has made requests for content to the site in the period being measured.

through the app. A team of editors chooses items that will be featured in the YouScoop page on GMA News Online, while significant contributions that merit public broadcast are aired on any one of the GMA News and Public Affairs programs.

In collaboration with GMA NPA, NMI launched **IMReady**, a one-stop online portal for public safety information to aid in traffic and disaster awareness and preparedness. The project aims to provide the public with timely and relevant information to minimize risks and better prepare them during emergency situations. It also enables the public to plan their routes and itineraries. IMReady can be accessed on the Internet and can be downloaded as an app in both iOS and Android.

In view of making IMReady a cutting-edge application, NMI sealed an exclusive media partnership agreement with Google-owned Waze, a leading social GPS navigation system that provides crowd-sourced traffic information and real-time maps. Waze allows subscribers to share real-time traffic and road information that enables people to save time and gas money on their daily commute. By connecting drivers to one another, the app helps people create local driving communities that work together to improve the quality of everyone's daily driving.

BROADCAST

Election Coverage

NMI has maintained its track record of providing GMA News and Public Affairs with speedy and accurate delivery of elections results using the latest technologies for the Eleksyon 2013 coverage. NMI spearheaded the count operations in PPCRV by acquiring, extracting, and prioritizing data from the COMELEC before sending it to GMA for processing.

To achieve multi-screen pervasiveness, NMI provided the most comprehensive election count data across all platforms—from television to mobile and the Internet. The team deployed its proprietary search engine that enabled users of GMA News Online and its mobile app (in both Android and iOS) to retrieve election count data in the Search Results. While all the other websites and apps were incapable of integrating the count results in their search, NMI's proprietary search returned the most relevant results for all candidates during election time.

NMI serves the same function of ensuring fast and accurate delivery of elections results in the 2016 elections.

NMI launched the Eleksyon 2016 microsite in February. On top of the usual news content, the microsite also has a special section where visitors can get to know the candidates running for the top positions this year. The **Candidates Section**³ contains the presidential and vice presidential aspirants' profiles, including their political history, controversies they are linked to, their respective Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth, and much more.

³ Click here to see page: http://www.gmanetwork.com/news/eleksyon2016/candidates

The microsite also features the **Campaign Tracker** section⁴ where the candidates' daily schedules are plotted on a map with a short description of their itinerary. A link can also be included in the description window if GNO has a supporting story of the campaign. Another recent improvement of this section is the field for voting population and 2013 elections voter turnout.

NMI also added a special information section to the microsite that summarizes the **demographics of the country's registered voters.**⁵ Information is presented based on gender, age, civil status and can be drilled down to the city level.

NMI powered GMA Network's first ever 360-degree livestream of the PiliPinas Debates 2016. For the first leg of the PiliPinas Debates 2016 held in Cagayan De Oro City on February 21, 2016, GMA News and Public Affairs and NMI teamed up to mount the first 360-degree livestream coverage of a live event in the Philippines, and one of the first worldwide.

The 360-degree livestream was available for near-real-time viewing on GMA News Online (www.gmanetwork.com/news) and later in GMA's YouTube channel, on-demand.

NMI's R&D unit developed the proprietary technology that allows any web user to pan the camera view around the venue in near-real-time. It utilizes a special single web camera that captures all the 360-degree angles simultaneously. Moreover, NMI's 360 technology allows simultaneous streams to as many users with as many points of views and at bit-rates that are within practical web limits.

Digital TV

In collaboration with the Office of the President and GMA Engineering, NMI has been involved in the development of GMA's Digital TV strategy. The Intellectual Property Office of the Philippines published on March 7 NMI's invention entitled, "An Apparatus Operable as a Set-Top Unit." This was filed as a Utility Model application on February 17, 2016. The GMA set-top unit has an operating system that permits two-way or bidirectional packet-based data communication services that makes the unit Internet-capable, and a digital television system that enables digital broadcast services.

NMI is set to also apply for a utility model patent in select international territories where it perceives the proprietary technology will hold promise in Q2 2016.

NMI AS BUSINESS CENTER

NMI created two subsidiaries to fulfill its role as a business center.

⁴ Click here to see page: http://www.gmanetwork.com/news/eleksyon2016/campaign_tracker

⁵ Click here to see page: http://www.gmanetwork.com/news/eleksyon2016/voters_profile

The first is **MediaMerge**, **Incorporated**, the online publisher of GMA News Online. MediaMerge takes charge of online advertising sales.

MediaMerge capped off 2015 by posting a 50% growth in total online advertising sales, or PHP 79.3M compared to PHP 53M earned the previous year. The sustained improvements in both online sales and web metrics manifested throughout the year were due in large part to the effective execution of the growth strategies that NMI set out for the year. These include optimizing the websites to make them more suitable for "programmatic buying"⁶; constant website enhancements paired with the effective use of social media; and efforts from the websites' respective editorial teams to make the browsing experience more intuitive, engaging, and convenient.

Designed to specialize in digital marketing, GMA NMI established **Digify, Incorporated**. Digify is a technocreative lab that specializes in sensor technologies such as augmented reality and beacon/proximity marketing, multimedia content production, and end-to-end software solutions for standalone digital and integrated marketing campaigns. Digify has launched a number of trailblazing projects that include award-winning apps for major clients and breakthrough solutions for clients in the technology industry.

NMI AS GMA'S CONDUIT TO INDUSTRY PARTNERS

The Digital Age is marked by constant change and dynamism and favors those who can manage to be constantly ahead of competition. It is in this context that NMI perceives its mandate to ensure that GMA Network is always at the leading edge in the digital space.

GMA NMI manages relationships with the major telecommunications companies in the Philippines and abroad, and with leading global brands such as Google, YouTube and Waze, to name some. It likewise serves as a conduit to advertising agencies and digital distribution partners meant to create new avenues for incremental revenue and expand the reach of GMA content, both in the local and international markets.

GMA NMI sealed partnerships with two of Southeast Asia's leading Internet TV service providers, iFlix and Hooq in Q2 2015 for a new video content distribution platform. The platform, called *Over-the-Top* (OTT), is an IP-based⁷ format for content delivery. This new type of video-on-demand service enables users to enjoy online streaming access and an offline viewing

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⁶ Programmatic buying is a booking mechanism that more efficiently facilitates the selling of online ad inventory between publishers and advertisers. It also provides advertisers and their agencies better control of campaign outcomes by enabling them to set parameters through Real Time Bidding. For more information on programmatic buying, refer to http://www.iab.net/programmatic

⁷ IP (or Internet Protocol) -based distribution of television content uses the internet rather than traditional terrestrial, satellite signal or cable television as a format for content delivery.

option of TV shows and movies. This service optimizes GMA's existing library of content and allows Filipinos here and in the region to watch their well-loved GMA shows whenever they want, wherever they may be. With a growing subscriber base in the country from both Hooq and iFlix, the leverage on these digital platforms creates an opportunity to expand the base of GMA consumers online and create GMA brand loyalty both here and abroad.

Talks have been ongoing for more tie-ups with other OTT providers, set for launch in Q2 2016.

MOVIE PRODUCTION

GMA Network Films, Inc. was established in August 1995 to produce movies that cater to both the local and international markets. Its movie productions have reaped both critical acclaim and commercial success.

MUSIC AND VIDEO RECORDING

RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. (GMA Records) was incorporated in September 1997 and became operational in 2004 after the Company decided to reactivate its musical recording business through the "GMA Records" label. Since resuming operations, GMA Records has leveraged the Company's talent and media resources, releasing albums of various artists. It also partnered with sister company GMA Films and other major film production outfits to release their films on DVD. Likewise, it has introduced the network's top rating programs and blockbuster TV series into the home video market worldwide through GWI.

GMA Records works with GMA New Media and other local-based content providers and aggregators to take advantage of new revenue streams, particularly in the emerging market of digital music downloads. The company also secured non-exclusive mobile, web and kiosk-based deals with different content providers worldwide to continuously exploit the potentials of its music and video assets.

GMA Records publishes music and administers copyrights on behalf of composers. GMA Records is also actively pursuing publishing deals, building on its current catalog of original compositions. GMA Records serves as a clearing house and a source of music for the Company's television and film productions. It is also a member of FILSCAP, the Filipino Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers.

STAGE DESIGN

Scenarios, **Inc.** was incorporated in July 1996 and is engaged in transportation and warehousing services.

Script2010, Inc. was formally established in early 2010 as a subsidiary of Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc. It engages in conceptual design and design execution through

fabrication, construction, set-up and dismantling of sets, and creation of props. It also provides other related services such as live performances and events management, sales activation and promotion, and tradeshow exhibits.

Script2010, Inc. is also engaged in transportation, hauling and trucking services to further fulfill the needs of its clients. Other business units of **Script2010, Inc** are band/audio equipment rental, and facility support services to various GMA departments.

POST PRODUCTION

Alta Productions Group, Inc. was established in 1988 as a production house primarily to provide production services for the Network. Until the late 1990s, it operated a satellite studio in Makati, producing award-winning News and Public Affairs Programs for GMA Channel 7.

Today, Alta Productions Group's core business is audio dubbing and mixing for broadcast. Its fully digital audio recording and mixing studios is in sync with the Network's production requirements and broadcast standards. Aside from dubbing foreign content into the local vernacular for airing on the Network, Alta Productions Group also dubs station-produced content into English for international consumption.

In addition, Alta Productions Group's shoot and video post-production department produces TVCs, broadcast content, and documentaries for both local and international clients. Its creative group also provides concept development, staging, and activation services for various clients' onground activities.

Alta Productions Group is proud to be one of the few production houses capable of servicing the complete spectrum of shoot and post-production requirements all under one roof. From conceptualization, creatives, shoot, post-production, all the way to execution.

MARKETING AND SALES OF COMMERCIAL AIRTIME AND EVENTS

GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. (GMPI) was established in August 1980 and is the exclusive marketing and sales arm for the Company's commercial television and radio airtime and events. GMPI, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, provides the link between the Network and the advertisers and advertising agencies.

GMPI provides the Company's clients with services such as multi-media local and global media packages, promotional programs and materials, creative products, digital executions, and events. Part of GMPI's sales and marketing strategies are the integrated multi-platform packages, customized on-air, on-ground and online media solutions, branded entertainment, and other advertising and media-led promotional campaigns.

DEPENDENCE UPON CUSTOMERS

The broadcasting business of the Company generates revenues mainly from the sale of regional and national advertising time to agencies/advertisers and other blocktime producers. No single customer accounts for twenty (20%) percent or more of the Company's total consolidated revenues. The top 30 agencies/advertisers comprise 77% of the Company's business. The Company is not critically dependent upon a single or few customers to provide and ensure sustainability of its operations and financial viability. Major existing contracts include airtime sales with regular agencies and advertisers such as Unilever Philippines, Inc., Nestle Philippines, Inc., P&G Distributing (Phils.) Inc., Unilab Group, Monde Nissin Corporation, Mead Johnson Nutrition (Philippines), Inc., Universal Robina Corporation, Alliance Global, Mondelez Philippines, Inc., and Jollibee Foods Corporation.

TRANSACTIONS WITH AND/OR DEPENDENCE ON RELATED PARTIES

Please refer to **Item 12** of the report (p.66-67).

FRANCHISE, LICENSES AND GOVERNMENT APPROVALS

The Company is a grantee of a congressional franchise to construct, install, operate and maintain for commercial purposes and in the public interest radio and television broadcasting stations in the Philippines. Its franchise was granted through Republic Act No. 7252 and has a term of twenty-five (25) years from the date of its approval or from March 20, 1992. The Company also operates and maintains various radio/TV stations nationwide under licenses/permits issued by the National Telecommunications Commission.

The Company has also applied for registration of its service marks (visible signs capable of distinguishing its services) with the Intellectual Property Office (IPO) and has complied with the provisions of Republic Act No. 8293 on the law on service marks for this purpose. A Certificate of Registration of Service Marks granted in favour of the Company remains in force for 20 years.

Similarly, the Company has applied for copyright registration with the IPO of its (a) published (b) unpublished works under Republic Act No. 8294 and Presidential Decree No. 49. A Certificate of Copyright Registration has a term of protection of Fifty (50) years from publication of the work.

The Company has also entered into several license agreements for its business of producing television programs aired over its local and international channels and producing television series based on a licensed property. The said license agreements are for periods between three to five years.

EFFECT OF GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS ON BUSINESS

The foregoing franchise, licenses or permits, service marks, copyright registration and government approvals were obtained by the Company in accordance with the requirements of applicable laws and rules of regulatory agencies.

The Company's compliance with the above-mentioned government regulations are indispensable to its businesses, which are primarily, radio and television broadcasting, recording, film production and other information and entertainment business.

AMOUNT SPENT ON DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

The company approved specific budget for the operation/maintenance and upgrade of the following stations in 2015:

TV-26 Butuan City (new 5KW TV relay station)
 Expected Commissioning Date: May 2015

Approved Budget: P39.390 million

After installing and commissioning the 5KW UHF TV transmitter, TV-26 Butuan went on test broadcast last September 4, 2015 using a temporary antenna system for a reduced 2KW broadcast operation. Last February 19, 2016, the final antenna system was installed which enabled the full 5KW authorized power operation of the station.

COSTS AND EFFECTS OF COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS

The Company complies with various environmental laws such as R.A 8749 (Philippine Clean Air Act of 1999), R.A 6969 (Toxic Substance and Hazardous Wastes) under DENR, R.A. 9275 (Philippine Clean Water Act) under the Laguna Lake Development Authority and R.A. 9003 (Ecological Solid Waste Management Act) as follows:

- 1. R.A. 8749 The Company has a DENR Permit to Operate for the generator sets installed in the GMA Network Center. The permit was received on July 4, 2012 and costs around P 14, 500.00 and is valid for five (5) years or until April 28, 2017. As a requirement in the permit, the Company submits quarterly self-monitoring reports on the consumed fuel of the generator sets. In addition, all generator sets undergo annual emission tests conducted by DENR's accredited 3rd party group. The 2016 emission tests cost P127,360.00 for the 5 units.
- R.A. 6969 All generated hazardous wastes such as tapes, used engine oils, busted fluorescent lamp (BFL), empty paint cans, contaminated rags and others are treated, recycled and appropriately disposed of with the DENR's accredited 3rd party

hazardous waste treatment group. The 2016 budget for the disposal of hazardous waste is P50,000.00.

- 3. R.A. 9275 GMA has a Discharge Permit from the Laguna Lake Development Authority (LLDA) to operate its Sewage Treatment Facility (STP) in the GMA Network Center. The permit, which costs around P30,000, is set for renewal in Q3 2016.
- 4. R.A. 9003 GMA applied for an Environmental Permit to Operate (Environmental Clearance) to the Quezon City Environmental Protection and Waste Management Department pursuant to City Ordinance No. 1729 Series of 2006. The budget for the annual permit for 2016 is P2,500.00.

In addition, the Company incurred approximately P196,000 in costs for other permits and licenses required by governmental regulations such as, but not limited to, special land use permits, DENR-EMB permits, etc.

EMPLOYEES

As of December 31, 2015, the Company has 2,361 regular and probationary employees. The Company also engaged 552 talents in 2015. GMA Network, Inc. recognizes one labor union, the GMA Network, Inc. Employees Union. The Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) for the cycle 2014-2019 took effect in July 2014.

The classification of the Company's employees, including the number of employees it anticipates to have in the ensuing twelve (12) months, are presented below:

	AS OF DEC. 31, 2015	**2016 ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL	TOTAL			
Rank & File *	1,202	12	1,214			
Non-Rank and File & Managers	1,099	34	1,133			
Officers	60	0	60			
Total	2,361	46	2,407			
* Covered by Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA)						
** Based on approved MRF and hired EEs as of March 2016						

LABOR DISPUTES

There were no strikes nor observed strikes and disputes between the labor and management in the past three (3) years.

MAJOR RISKS INVOLVED IN THE BUSINESSES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Both radio and television broadcasting are highly competitive businesses. GMA stations compete for listeners/viewers and advertising revenues within their respective markets directly with other radio and /or television stations, as well as with other media such as cable television and/ or cable radio, newspapers, magazines, the internet, billboard advertising, among others. Audience ratings and market shares are subject to change, and any change in a particular market could have a material adverse effect on the revenue of our stations located in that market.

Considering the potential impact of various risks to the company's ability to deliver quality content across multiple platforms, the Company has established a Programming Committee that deliberates weekly on the programming issues and strategies of the network. Regular monthly meetings of the Company's officers are also held to discuss plans, operational issues and strategies, implementation of projects and recommendations for improvements.

The Company's financial results are dependent primarily on its ability to generate advertising revenue through rates charged to advertisers. The advertising rates a station is able to charge is affected by many factors, including the ratings of its programs and the general strength of the local and national economies. Generally, advertising declines during periods of economic recession or downturns in the economy. As a result, the Company's revenue is likely to be adversely affected during such periods.

The Company's Board of Directors and management are mindful of the risks and uncertainties inherent in the business. In the formulation of corporate strategy and business decision-making, potential risks are always taken into account. Necessary steps are taken to minimize, if not eliminate, such risks.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee assists the Board in the oversight of the Company's risk management. It ensures that proper controls are in place including the identification and evaluation of significant risk exposures.

Item 2. Properties

As of December 31, 2015, the Company's total property and equipment and real property amounted to P4,930.4 million. The property and equipment had a book value of P3,127.8 million, while its real property had a fair market value of P1,802.5 million (based on an Independent appraisal report as of December 17, 2013).

The following are the principal properties of the Company:

- The Channel 7 compound located in Barangay South Triangle, Diliman, Quezon City, which contains several buildings, including the GMA Network Center building;
- The GMA Network Center Studios, a four-storey building with an area of 4,053 square meter property adjacent to the GMA Network Center at GMA Network Drive cor. EDSA, Diliman Quezon City which houses two state-of-the-art studios, technical facilities and offices;
- The GMA-7 Antenna Tower in Tandang Sora Avenue, Barangay Culiat, Diliman Quezon City, which contains the TV and FM Transmitter building and the Satellite Uplink building;
- The GMA Fleet Center located on the east corner of Mother Ignacia Avenue and Sergeant Esguerra Avenue, Barangay South Triangle, Diliman Quezon City; and
- Properties in the key areas across different regions:

Luzon

- Land in Barangay Malued, Dagupan City, where the Company's radio and television studios are located;
- A 51,135 square meter property in Panghulo, Obando, Bulacan, where an AM transmitter site, a two-storey building, a genset house, and an AM tower are situated;
- A 2,000 square meter property in Barangay Concepcion Pequeña, Naga City, where a TV relay transmitter and an FM transmitter site are located; and
- A 10,000 square meter property in La Trinidad, Benguet where an FM transmitter site and a one storey building are situated.
- A 2000 square meter property in Bayubay Sur, San Vicente, Ilocos Sur where a TV studio is located.

Visayas

- Land located in Nivel Hills, Barangay Lahug, Cebu City, containing a multilevel building which houses radio and television operation facilities;
- Land in Barangay Tamborong, Jordan, Guimaras where an FM radio and television transmitter is located;
- Land in Alta Tierra, Jaro, Iloilo City where radio and television studios are located;
- Land in Barangay Jibao-an, Pavia, Iloilo where an AM transmitter site and building are located:
- Land in Barangay Sta. Monica, Puerto Princesa City, Palawan where a television relay transmitter site and building are located; and,
- Land in Barangay Bulwang, Numancia, Aklan where a television relay transmitter site and a building are located.

Mindanao

- Land in Bo. Matina Hills, Davao City where an FM and television transmitter building and studio complex are located;
- Land in Barangay San Isidro, General Santos City where a television relay transmitter site and a building are located; and,
- Land in Barangay Cabatangan, Zamboanga City where a television relay transmitter site and a building are located.

The properties owned by the Company are currently unencumbered and are free from any existing liens.

The Company also leases land, building and studio/office space in various locations around the Philippines under lease agreements for periods of between three and 25 years. The lease agreements may be cancelled at the Company's option. Rental expense of the Company related to this amounted to P18.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Regional Broadcast Stations

GMA owns regional broadcast stations in various parts of the country. Originating TV stations are stand-alone transmitter, studio and production facilities capable of producing and airing live and/or taped programs as well as plugs and advertising within their (local) service area/s independent of, or in conjunction with the national feed. Satellite TV stations are similar to originating TV stations except that they are not equipped with live production capability outside of news bulletins. Satellite TV stations are also capable of broadcasting local plugs or advertising within their respective (local) service areas either independent of, or in conjunction with national program feeds. TV relay stations are limited to transmitter and signal receiving facilities and only re-broadcast programs/content received from originating or satellite TV stations with which they are associated; either via satellite or other receiving methods.

The following are GMA's television and radio stations throughout the Philippines:

LIST OF GMA'S OPERATING TV STATIONS

NO	STATION	ADDRESS	CONTACT NUMBER
	LUZON		
1	TV-7 Metro Manila (GMA)	Brgy. Culiat, Tandang Sora, Quezon City	(02) 931-9183 / (02) 924- 2497
	TV-27 Metro Manila (GNTV)	Brgy. Culiat, Tandang Sora, Quezon City	(02) 931-9183 / (02) 924- 2497
2	TV-5 San Nicolas, Ilocos Norte (GMA)	Brgy. San Lorenzo, San Nicolas, Ilocos Norte	0916-6715439
	TV-27 San Nicolas, Ilocos Norte (GNTV)	Brgy. San Lorenzo, San Nicolas, Ilocos Norte	0916-6715439

3	TV-48 Bantay, Ilocos Sur (GMA)	Mt. Caniao, Bantay, Ilocos Sur	0915-8632841
	TV-40 Bantay, Ilocos Sur (GNTV)	Mt. Caniao, Bantay, Ilocos Sur	0915-8632841
4	TV-7 Basco, Batanes (GMA)	Brgy. Kayvaluganan, Basco, Batanes	0915-6127197
5	TV-13 Aparri, Cagayan (GMA)	Hi-Class Bldg., De Rivera St., Aparri, Cagayan	0915-6130530
	TV-26 Aparri, Cagayan (GNTV)	Hi-Class Bldg., De Rivera St., Aparri, Cagayan	0915-6130530
6	TV-7 Tuguegarao, Cagayan (GMA)	No. 91 Mabini St., Tuguegarao City	0915-6127263
	TV-27 Tuguegarao, Cagayan (GNTV)	No. 91 Mabini St., Tuguegarao City	0915-6127263
7	TV-7 Santiago City, Isabela (GMA)	Heritage Commercial Complex, Maharlika Hi-way, Brgy. Malvar, Santiago City, Isabela	0915-2700063
8	TV-5 Baler, Aurora (GMA)	Purok 3, Brgy. Buhangin, Baler, Aurora	0915-6127194
9	TV-10 Olongapo (GMA)	Upper Mabayuhan, Olongapo City	0915-6127265
	TV-26 Olongapo (GNTV)	Upper Mabayuhan, Olongapo City	0915-6127265
10	TV-28 Tarlac City (GNTV)	Exclusively His Bldg. located at F. Tanedo St. corner Espinosa St., Tarlac City	0915-2700185
11	TV-12 Batangas (GMA)	Mt. Banoy, Bo. Talumpok East, Batangas City	0915-8632860
11	TV-26 Batangas (GNTV)	Mt. Banoy, Bo. Talumpok East, Batangas City	0915-8632860
12	TV-44 Jalajala, Rizal (GMA)	Mt. Landing, Jalajala, Rizal	0915-8632874
13	TV-13 San Jose, Occidental	Bonifacio St., San Jose, Occidental	0915-6127199

	Mindoro (GMA)	Mindoro	
	TV-26 San Jose, Occidental Mindoro (GNTV)	Bonifacio St., San Jose, Occidental Mindoro	0915-6127199
14	TV-6 Brooke's Point, Palawan (GMA)	Poblacion, Brooke's Point, Palawan	0915-6127181
15	TV-8 Coron, Palawan (GMA)	Tapias Hill, Coron, Palawan	0915-6127178
16	TV-12 Puerto Princesa, Palawan (GMA)	Mitra Rd., Brgy. Sta. Monica, Puerto Princesa, Palawan	0915-6127185
	TV-27 Puerto Princesa, Palawan (GNTV)	Mitra Rd., Brgy. Sta. Monica, Puerto Princesa, Palawan	0915-6127185
17	TV-7 Tablas, Romblon (GMA)	Triple Peak, Sta. Maria, Tablas, Romblon	0915-6127225
	TV-12 Legazpi, Albay (GMA)	Mt. Bariw, Estanza, Legaspi City	0915-8632867
18	RGMA TV-33 Legazpi (GMA)	Mt. Bariw, Estanza, Legaspi City	0915-8632867
	TV-27 Legazpi, Albay (GNTV)	Mt. Bariw, Estanza, Legaspi City	0915-8632867
19	TV-8 Daet, Camarines Norte (GMA)	Purok 2, Brgy. Mancruz, Daet, Camarines Norte	0915-2700056
	TV-7 Naga, Camarines Sur (GMA)	Brgy. Concepcion Pequeña, Naga City	0915-4417071
20	RGMA TV-44 Naga (GMA)	Brgy. Concepcion Pequeña, Naga City	0915-4417071
	TV-28 Naga, Camarines Sur (GNTV)	Brgy. Concepcion Pequeña, Naga City	0915-4417071
21	TV-13 Virac, Catanduanes (GMA)	Brgy. Sto. Niño, Virac, Catanduanes	0915-6127174
22	TV-7 Masbate (GMA)	Brgy. Pinamurbuhan, Mobo,	0915-6127175

		Masbate	
	TV-27 Masbate (GNTV)	Brgy. Pinamurbuhan, Mobo, Masbate	0915-6127175
23	TV-2 Juban, Sorsogon (GMA)	Mt. Bintacan, Brgy. Maalo, Juban, Sorsogon	0915-2700192
24	TV-7 Abra (GMA)	Brgy. Lusuac, Peñarrubia, Abra	0915-6130512
25	TV-10 Benguet (GMA)	Mt. Sto. Tomas, Tuba, Benguet	0915-4417080
	TV-22 Benguet (GNTV))	Mt. Sto. Tomas, Tuba, Benguet	0915-4417080
26	TV-5 Mountain Province (GMA)	Mt Amuyao, Barlig. Mountain Province	0915-2700124
	VISAYAS		
	TV-2 Kalibo, Aklan (GMA)	New Busuanga, Numancia, Aklan	0915-6127216
27	TV-27 Kalibo, Aklan (GNTV)	New Busuanga, Numancia, Aklan	0915-6127216
28	TV-5 Roxas City, Capiz (GMA)	Brgy. Milibili, Roxas City, Capiz	0915-6127217
	TV-27 Roxas City, Capiz (GNTV)	Brgy. Milibili, Roxas City, Capiz	0915-6127217
29	TV-6 Jordan, Guimaras (GMA)	Bo. Tamburong, Jordan, Guimaras	0915-4417084
	TV-28 Iloilo (GNTV)	Alta Tierra Subdivision, Jaro, Iloilo	0915-4417084
30	TV-13 Bacolod (GMA)	Security Bank Bldg., Rizal St. cor. Locsin St., Bacolod City	0915-8632864
	TV-48 Bacolod (GNTV)	Security Bank Bldg., Rizal St. cor. Locsin St., Bacolod City	0915-8632864
31	TV-30 Murcia, Negros Occidental (GMA)	Mt. Kanlandog, Brgy. Canlandog, Murcia, Negros Occidental	0915-2700132

32	TV-10 Sipalay (GMA)	Sipalay Municipal Building, Sipalay, Negros Occidental	0915-6127219
33	TV-11 Tagbilaran, Bohol (GMA)	Banat-I Hills, Brgy. Bool, Tagbilaran City	0915-6127214
	TV-7 Cebu (GMA)	Bonbon, Cebu City	0915-4417075
34	RGMA TV-51 Cebu (GMA)	Bonbon, Cebu City	0915-4417075
	TV-27 Cebu (GNTV)	Bonbon, Cebu City	0915-4417075
35	TV-5 Dumaguete (GMA)	Barrio Looc, Sibulan, Negros Oriental	0915-6131185
	TV-28 Dumaguete (GNTV)	Barrio Looc, Sibulan, Negros Oriental	0915-6131185
36	TV-8 Borongan (GMA)	Poblacion, Borongan, Eastern Samar	0915-6127177
37	TV-12 Ormoc, Leyte (GMA)	Brgy. Alta Vista, Ormoc City	0915-6127213
38	TV-10 Tacloban (GMA)	Basper, Tigbao, Tacloban City	0915-6127208
	TV-26 Tacloban (GNTV)	Basper, Tigbao, Tacloban City	0915-6127208
39	TV-5 Calbayog City (GMA)	Purok 2 San Mateo St. Brgy. Matobato, Calbayog City, Western Samar	0915-6127176
40	TV-26 Butuan (GMA)	Mayapay, Brgy. Bonbon, Butuan City	09163178470
	MINDANAO		
41	TV-4 Dipolog (GMA)	Linabo Peak, Dipolog City, Zamboanga Del Norte	0915-6127247
	TV-26 Dipolog (GNTV)	Linabo Peak, Dipolog City, Zamboanga Del Norte	0915-6127247
42	TV-3 Pagadian (GMA)	Mt. Palpalan, Pagadian City	0915-6127245
12	TV-26 Pagadian (GNTV)	Mt. Palpalan, Pagadian City	0915-6127245
43	TV-9 Zamboanga (GMA)	Brgy. Cabatangan, Zamboanga City	0915-8632870

	RGMA TV-45 Zamboanga (GMA)	Brgy. Cabatangan, Zamboanga City	0915-8632870
	TV-21 Zamboanga (GNTV)	Brgy. Cabatangan, Zamboanga City	0915-8632870
44	TV-12 Mt. Kitanglad, Bukidnon (GMA)	Mt. Kitanglad, Bukidnon	0915-8632863
45	TV-5 Ozamis, Misamis Occidental (GMA)	Bo. Malaubang, Ozamis City, Misamis Occidental	0915-6127220
	TV-22 Ozamis, Misamis Occidental (GNTV)	Bo. Malaubang, Ozamis City, Misamis Occidental	0915-6127220
46	TV-11 Iligan City (GMA)	Brgy. Del Carmen, Iligan City	0915-6131202
47	TV-35 Cagayan de Oro (GMA)	Malasag Heights, Brgy. Cugman, Cagayan de Oro City	0915-8632875
	TV-43 Cagayan de Oro (GNTV)	Malasag Heights, Brgy. Cugman, Cagayan de Oro City	0915-8632875
48	TV-5 Davao (GMA)	Shrine Hills, Matina, Davao City	0915-4417082
10	TV-27 Davao (GNTV)	Shrine Hills, Matina, Davao City	0915-4417082
49	TV-12 Cotabato (GMA)	Regional Government Center, Cotabato City	0915-6131170
	TV-27 Cotabato (GNTV)	Regional Government Center, Cotabato City	0915-6131170
	TV-8 General Santos (GMA)	Nuñez St., Brgy. San Isidro, General Santos City	0915-8632871
50	RGMA TV-32 General Santos (GMA)	Nuñez St., Brgy. San Isidro, General Santos City	0915-8632871
	TV-26 General Santos (GNTV)	Nuñez St., Brgy. San Isidro, General Santos City	0915-8632871

51	TV-10 Surigao (GMA)	Lipata Hills, Surigao City	0915-6131227
	TV-27 Surigao (GNTV)	Lipata Hills, Surigao City	0915-6131227
52	TV-2 Tandag (GMA)	Capitol Hill, Brgy. Telaje, Tandag, Surigao del Sur	0915-6127248
53	TV-12 Jolo, Sulu (GMA)	Ynawat Bldg., Hadji Butu St., Jolo, Sulu	0915-6131182
	TV-26 Jolo, Sulu (GNTV)	Ynawat Bldg., Hadji Butu St., Jolo, Sulu	0915-6131182

GMA's RADIO STATIONS

AREA	FREQ.	CALL SIGN	POW	ER	ADDRESS
LUZON					
METRO MANILA	97.1 mhz.	DWLS	FM	25kW	GMA Complex, EDSA cor. Timog Ave., Diliman, Quezon City
	594 khz.	DZBB	AM	50kW	
BAGUIO	92.7 mhz.	DWRA	FM	5kW	2/F Baguio Midland Courier Bldg. 16 Kisad Rd., Baguio City
DAGUPAN	93.5 mhz.	DWTL	FM	10kW	GMA TV 10 Compound, Claveria Road,
					Malued District, Dagupan City, Pangasinan
LEGASPI	96.3 mhz.	DWCW	FM	10kW	3rd level A.Bichara Silversreen Entertainment Center, Magallanes St., Legazpi City
LUCENA	91.1 mhz.	DWQL	FM	10kW	3/F Ancon Bldg., Merchan Street , Lucena City
NAGA	101.5 mhz.	DWQW	FM	5kW	GMA complex, Diversion Road (Roxas Ave.) Beside Mother Seton Hospital, Naga City
PALAWAN	909 khz.	DYSP	AM	5kW	Solid Road, San Manuel Puerto Princesa City, Palawan
	97.5 mhz.	DYHY	FM	5kW	

TUGUEGARAO	89.3 mhz.	DWWQ	FM	10kW	4/F Villablanca Hotel Pattaui St. cor Pallua Rd., Ugac Norte Tuguegarao, Cagayan
VISAYAS					
BACOLOD	107.1mhz.	DYEN	FM	10kW	3/F Door #10, Centroplex Mall, Gonzaga-Locsin St. Brgy. 21, Bacolod City 6100
CEBU	999 khz. 99.5 mhz.	DYSS DYRT	AM FM	10kW 25kW	GMA Skyview Complex Nivel Hills, Lahug, Cebu City
ILOILO	1323 khz	DYSI	AM	5kW	GMA Broadcast Complex, Phase 5, Alta Tierra Village Jaro, Iloilo City
	93.5 mhz.	DYMK	FM	10kW	
KALIBO	92.9 mhz.	DYRU	FM	5kW	Torres-Olivia Bldg. Roxas Ave. Extension, Kalibo, Aklan
MINDANAO	.		<u> </u>	1	
CAGAYAN DE ORO	100.7 mhz.	DXLX	FM	5kW	2 nd Flr., Centro Mariano Bldg., Osmena St., Cagayan de Oro City (Footnote: For Transfer)
ILIGAN	DZBB Relay	DXND	FM	1kW	3/F Kimberly Bldg., A. Bonifacio cor. I. Emilia Ave., Iligan City, Lanao del Norte
DAVAO	103.5 mhz.	DXRV	FM	10kW	GMA Network Complex, Shrine Hills,
	1125 khz	DXGM	AM	10kW	Matina Davao City
GENERAL SANTOS	102.3 mhz.	DXCJ	FM	10kW	3/F PBC Bldg., Cagampang St. Gen. Santos City

PROPERTIES INTENDED FOR ACQUISITION

As of the present, the Company does not intend to acquire any predetermined property within the next twelve (12) months.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved, from time to time, as plaintiff or defendant in litigation arising from transactions undertaken in the ordinary course of its business. Described below are the pending material litigation of which the Company and its subsidiaries or their

properties are subject. The Company believes that a judgment rendered against it in the cases indicated below will not have a material adverse effect on its operations or financial condition.

None of the Company's affiliates, or their property, namely, RGMA Network, Inc., Philippine Entertainment Portal, Inc. and Mont-Aire Realty and Development Corporation, are involved in any material pending litigation as of December 31, 2015.

Labor Cases

There is a pending case for illegal dismissal, unfair labor practices, non-payment of overtime pay, holiday pay, premium pay for holiday and rest day and night shift differential and service incentive leave pay filed by Carlos Pabriga, Geoffrey Arias, Kirby Campo, Arnold Lagahit and Armand Catibug. The complainants were engaged on various dates from 1993 to 1997 to replace regular employees of the Company's Cebu station who were on leave or otherwise unable to work. On August 24, 2000, the Labor Arbiter dismissed the complaints for illegal dismissal and unfair labor practices, but directed the Company to pay complainants their proportionate 13th-month pay. On appeal, the NLRC held that the complainants were regular employees with respect to the particular activity they were assigned until the activity ceased to exist and that they were entitled to separation pay, 13th-month pay, night shift differential and service incentive leave pay. The complainants claim that by virtue of this ruling, they are entitled to payment of a total of approximately ₽1.5 million as of March 2007. The Supreme Court denied our Petition and affirmed the findings of the Court of Appeals that complainants are regular employees of the Company. Complainants agreed to accept the settlement amount of P1.2 Million, inclusive of withholding tax on April 24, 2015.

There is also a case for illegal dismissal filed against GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. ("GMPI"), another wholly-owned subsidiary of GMA Network, and its officers, Lizelle Maralag and Leah Nuyda initiated by Corazon Guison, a former Sales Director of GMPI. The complainant claimed that she was unceremoniously terminated from her employment sometime in May 2010 and is entitled to reinstatement as well as payment of full backwages, unpaid commissions and salaries, moral and exemplary damages and attorney's fees. On January 31, 2011, the Labor Arbiter rendered a decision finding for complainant Guison and ordered the respondents to pay P807,007.50 as backwages and P1,691,000.00 as separation pay, as well as attorney's fees. On appeal, the NLRC reversed the decision of the Labor Arbiter and ordered the dismissal of complainant's complaint. Complainant filed a Petition with the Court of Appeals where it is pending.

There is a case (NLRC LAC No. 02-000863-13[8]) for regularization filed by pinch-hitters or relievers of GMA, namely, Ricky F. Villarin, Danilo Dela Cruz, Rolin Pilante and Johnny Anito, Jr. against GMA Network, Inc. The Labor Arbiter rendered a decision declaring the relievers as regular employees of GMA. GMA appealed to the NLRC which denied the same. GMA's motion for reconsideration was likewise denied. Hence, GMA filed with the Court of Appeals a Petition for Certiorari docketed as CA.G.R. No.132455, The Court of Appeals rendered a Decision denying GMA's petition. GMA's motion for reconsideration was likewise denied.

There is a case (NLRC NCR Case No. 12-18557-12) for illegal dismissal, backwages, damages and attorney's fees filed by James Aaron Castillo Manalili against GMA, et al. Complainant Manalili was a segment producer whose Talent Agreement was terminated for cause. The Labor Arbiter rendered a decision dismissing the complaint on the finding that there was no employer-employee relationship. Hence, there is no illegal dismissal. The Labor Arbiter also affirmed the validity of the termination of the Talent Agreement. However, the Labor Arbiter awarded 13th month pay in favor of Manalili. Hence, we filed a partial appeal for GMA. On appeal, the NLRC, affirmed the labor arbiter's decision but deleted the award of 13th month pay to complainant. Complainant's motion for reconsideration was likewise denied by the NLRC. Complainant filed a Petition with the Court of Appeals where it is pending.

There is a case (NLRC NCR Case No. 01-00024-13) for illegal dismissal and money claims filed by Christopher Cruz Legaspi against GMA and its executives. Complainant Legaspi is an employee of GMA who was dismissed for cause. The Labor Arbiter rendered a decision finding illegal dismissal. However, the decision was reversed on appeal by the NLRC. Complainant filed a motion for reconsideration which was also denied by the NLRC.

There is a case for regularization and illegal dismissal (NLRC NCR Case No. 04-05664-13[22]) filed by Henry T. Paragele, Roland Elly C. Jaso, et al. against GMA. Complainants are relievers/pinch hitters whose services were no longer availed of by GMA. The Labor Arbiter rendered a decision dismissing the complaint. Complainants filed an appeal to the NLRC. NLRC rendered a decision dismissing the appeal. Complainants filed a motion for reconsideration which was also denied by the NLRC. Complainants filed a Petition with the Court of Appeals where it is pending.

There is another case for illegal dismissal and money claims (NLRC CASE No. NCR-07-09875-13; NCR-07-10010-13; NCR-07-10135-13) filed by the drivers of GMA, namely, Marcelo S. Santiago and Serafin R. Palopalo, Jr., assigned to various programs and covered by Talent Agreements which expired and were no longer renewed. The Labor Arbiter rendered a decision dismissing the complaint on the ground that the Talent Agreements are fixed term employment contracts. Complainants appealed to the NLRC which reversed the Labor Arbiter's decision by declaring complainants as regular employees of GMA. We filed a motion for reconsideration which was also denied by the NLRC. We filed a Petition with the Court of Appeals where it is pending.

There is a case for illegal dismissal, backwages and other money claims (NLRC-NCR-07-09474-13) filed by former segment producer De Chaves against GMA. Complainant was terminated for cause by GMA. The Labor Arbiter rendered a decision dismissing the complaint. De Chavez appealed to the NLRC which denied her appeal and affirmed the Labor Arbiter's decision. De Chavez filed a Petition with the Court of Appeals which denied the same. Similarly, De Chavez's Petition filed with the Supreme Court was denied for lack of merit.

Another pending case for illegal dismissal and regularization (NLRC NCR 01-00164-14) was filed by former utility personnel Reynaldo Delos Santos Aranas, et.al against GMA/Atty. Felipe L. Gozon. Complainants' talent agreements were not renewed by GMA. The Labor Arbiter

rendered a Decision in favor of complainant. We filed an appeal with the NLRC where it is pending.

There is a case for regularization (NLRC NCR Case No. 06-06683-14) filed by Christian Bochee M. Cabaluna, et al. against GMA/Atty. Felipe L. Gozon. The Labor Arbiter rendered a Decision in favor of complainants. On appeal to the NLRC, the same was denied. We are preparing the Petition to be filed with the Court of Appeals.

Infringement Cases

The Company's officers, Felipe L. Gozon, Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr., Marissa L. Flores, Jessica A. Soho, Grace dela Peña-Reyes, John Oliver Manalastas, John Does and Jane Does were named as respondents in a criminal case initiated in June 2004 for copyright infringement before the City Prosecutor's Office of Quezon City and the Department of Justice ("DOJ"). The case was subsequently consolidated with the Company's counter charge for libel.

The respondents were charged in their capacities as corporate officers and employees of the Company responsible for the alleged unauthorized airing of ABS-CBN's exclusive live coverage of the arrival in the Philippines of Angelo dela Cruz, a Filipino overseas worker previously held hostage in Iraq. Aside from seeking to hold the named respondents criminally liable for infringement and unfair competition, ABS-CBN sought damages from the respondents jointly and severally in the aggregate amount of \$\mathbb{P}200\$ million.

On July 27, 2004, the Company and certain of its officers filed a case for libel against certain officers of ABS-CBN for statements made in their programs Insider and Magandang Umaga Bayan relative to the incident involving the dela Cruz feed. The Company also seeks damages in the aggregate amount of P100 million.

In a Resolution dated December 3, 2004, the DOJ dismissed the complaint for libel against the ABS-CBN officers and employees and dropped the charges against the Company's officers except for Ms. Dela Peña-Reyes and Mr. Manalastas against whom the DOJ found probable cause for violation of the Intellectual Property Code. ABS-CBN filed a motion for partial reconsideration of the resolution on the grounds that the other named respondents were erroneously exonerated. The Company filed a petition for review with the DOJ with respect to the finding of probable cause against Ms. Dela Peña-Reyes and Mr. Manalastas and the dismissal of the case for libel which was denied. On August 1, 2005, the DOJ reversed the fiscal's resolution finding probable cause against Ms. dela Peña-Reyes and Mr. Manalastas and directed the fiscal to withdraw the Information. ABS-CBN filed a motion for reconsideration. Meanwhile, the DOJ issued a Resolution dated September 15, 2005 denying the Company's Petition for Review and ruling that ABS-CBN's officers and employees did not commit libel. The Company filed a motion for reconsideration.

On June 29, 2010, the DOJ issued a Resolution granting both the Company's and ABS-CBN's Motion for Reconsideration, and directing the filing of Information against ABS-CBN's officers and employees for libel. ABS-CBN moved for reconsideration which was denied by the DOJ.

ABS-CBN filed a Petition with the Court of Appeals. In the meantime, an Information for libel was filed by the Quezon City Prosecutor with the Regional Trial Court of Quezon City, Branch 88.

The Company elevated the DOJ's June 29, 2010 Resolution directly to the Court of Appeals via a Petition for Certiorari docketed as CA-G.R. SP No. 115751. On November 9, 2010, the Court of Appeals issued a decision granting the Company's Petition for Certiorari and reversing the DOJ Resolution dated June 29, 2010 and reinstating the DOJ Resolution dated August 1, 2005 which ordered the withdrawal of Information for copyright infringement. ABS-CBN filed a Petition with the Supreme Court which partially granted the Petition by reversing the DOJ Resolution ordering the withdrawal of the Information and sustaining the finding of probable cause for copyright infringement only as against Ms. Dela Peña-Reyes and Mr. Manalastas.

Civil Cases

A case for damages was filed by Ronaldo Virola against Miguel Enriquez and the Company. Ronaldo Virola filed a case for damages arising from the airing of **Imbestigador** episodes showing the interviews of "Myra" and "Chona" who accused Virola of placing drugs in their drinks before molesting them. The said **Imbestigador** episodes also showed the raid conducted by operatives of Task Force Jericho of the Department of Interior and Local Government who applied for a warrant to search the residence of Virola. The complaint sought \$\textstyle=800,000\$ in moral damages, \$\textstyle=300.000\$ in exemplary damages, attorney's fees in the amount of \$\textstyle=100.000\$ and the cost of suit. The Regional Trial Court of Caloocan dismissed the complaint after trial. Plaintiff appealed to the Court of Appeals which dismissed his appeal and affirmed the trial court's decision dismissing his complaint for damages.

On June 25, 2008, Mary the Queen Hospital filed a case for damages against the Company, Mike Enriquez as well as certain other members of the show, **Imbestigador**. The hospital alleged that the show damaged its reputation by falsely accusing them of illegally detaining a patient for failure to settle hospital bills. The hospital claimed a total of ₽ 5.5 million in moral, exemplary and temperate damages, as well as costs of the suit. Plaintiff has rested its case and we are set to present defense evidence on April 21, 2016.

Another case involved the Company and members of the show **Imbestigador**, stemmed from a story involving a police officer allegedly extorting money from arrested drug dependents, which ultimately led to his arrest. On September 4, 2008, the complaint sought to enjoin the airing of the story relating to his arrest by filing a case for injunction. However, the plaintiff's application for restraining order was denied by the RTC of Quezon City. Plaintiff then filed an amended complaint to include a claim for damages. Plaintiff has rested its case and we are set to present defense evidence on April 8, 2016.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.

PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Market Information

Stock Prices GMA7

Period in 2015	Highest Closing	Lowest Closing
1Q	7.00	5.95
2Q	6.77	6.03
3Q	6.54	6.00
4Q	7.57	6.30

Stock Prices GMAP

Period in 2015	Highest Closing	Lowest Closing
1Q	6.79	5.92
2Q	6.50	5.95
3Q	6.61	5.95
4Q	7.40	6.10

The Company's common shares and Philippine Deposit Receipts have been listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange since 2007. The price information as of the close of the latest practicable trading date April 11, 2016; GMA7's closing price is P7.18 for GMA7 and P6.95 for GMAP (PDRs).

Holders

There are 1,689 holders of common equity as of March 31, 2016. The following are the top 20 holders of the common equity of the Company:

Name of Shareholders	No. of Common Shares	Percentage of Ownership of Total Common Shares
GMA Holdings, Inc.	846,038,700	25.15%
Group Management & Development, Inc.	789,813,389	23.47%
FLG Management & Development Corp.	675,663,227	20.71%
M.A. Jimenez Enterprises, Inc.	453,882,095	13.49%

Name of Shareholders	No. of Common Shares	Percentage of Ownership of Total Common Shares
Television International Corp.	334,378,037	9.94%
PCD Nominee Corp.	214,619,546	6.38%
Gozon Development Corp.	14,033,954	0.42%
Gozon Foundation, Inc.	4,514,361	0.13%
Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	4,007,005	0.12%
Ismael Gozon	2,814,900	0.08%
Miguel Enrique Singson Roa	2,566,400	0.08%
Jose Mari L. Chan	1,210,100	0.04%
Alegria R. Sibal	1,093,252	0.03%
Felipe S. Yalong	1,025,000	0.03%
Alberto Tio Ong	1,000,000	0.03%
Judith Duavit Vazquez	588,000	0.02%
Anna Teresa G. Abrogar	529,000	0.02%
Jose P. Marcelo	501,498	0.01%
Jaime Javier Gana and/or Ma. Erlinda G. Gana	444,900	0.01%

The following are the top 20 holders of the Company's preferred shares as of March 31, 2016:

Name of Shareholders	No. of Preferred Shares	Percentage of Ownership of Total Preferred Shares
Group Management & Development Inc.	2,625,805,308	35.0130%
FLG Management & Development Corp.	2,181,898,644	29.0939%
M.A. Jimenez Enterprises	1,508,978,826	20.1210%
Television International Corp.	1,111,661,610	14.8231%
Gozon Development Corp.	46,245,306	0.6166%
Gozon Foundation Inc.	15,020,670	0.2003%
Alegria F. Sibal	2,623,806	0.0350%
Jose P. Marcelo	1,203,594	0.0160%

Name of Shareholders	No. of Preferred Shares	Percentage of Ownership of Total Preferred Shares
Sotero H. Laurel	830,706	0.0111%
Nita Laurel Yupangco	830,706	0.0111%
Jose C. Laurel V	830,706	0.0111%
Juan Miguel Laurel	830,706	0.0111%
Susana Laurel-Delgado	830,706	0.0111%
Ma. Asuncion Laurel-Uichico	830,706	0.0111%
Horacio P. Borromeo	784,164	0.0105%
Francis F. Obana	105,120	0.0014%
Eduardo Morato	38,028	0.0005%
Antonio Gomez	30,420	0.0004%
Jose N. Morales	30,420	0.0004%
Paul Sim	30,420	0.0004%

The information presented does not relate to an acquisition, business combination or other reorganization.

Dividend Information

Dividends shall be declared only from the surplus profits of the corporation and shall be payable at such times and in such amounts as the Board of Directors shall determine, either in cash, shares or property of the Company, or a combination of the three, as said Board of Directors shall determine. The declaration of stock dividends, however, is subject to the approval of at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock. No dividend which will impair the capital of the Company shall be declared. The Company has no contractual restrictions which would limit its ability to declare any dividend.

Dividend History of the Company

Year	<u>Amount</u>	Date Declared	Type of Dividend
2005	₽ 218,521,203.5	February 17, 2005	Cash and Property
2005	₽3,000,000,000.0	October 11, 2005	Stock
2006	₽ 1,150,000,000.0	June 13, 2006	Cash and Property
2007	₽ 1,500,000,000.0	March 19, 2007	Cash
2007	P 375,000,000.0	April 26, 2007	Stock
2007	P 1,000,000,000.0	July 2, 2007	Cash
2008	P 1,214,163,001.0	May 21, 2008	Cash
2009	P 1,701,069,453.0	April 2, 2009	Cash
2010	P 2,187,089,296.56	March 25, 2010	Cash
2010	P 1,215,049,069.20	October 28, 2010	Cash
2011	P 2,187,089,296.56	March 11, 2011	Cash
2012	P 1,944,079,375	April 16, 2012	Cash
2012	P 1,264,794,293	August 22, 2012	Cash

2013	P 1,215,049,609	March 21, 2013	Cash
2014	P 1,312,253,577	April 2, 2014	Cash
2015	P 1,215,049,609.20	March 30, 2015	Cash
2016	P 1,944,079,375	April 8, 2016	Cash

The Company's Board of Directors has approved a dividend policy which will entitle holders of the Common Shares to receive annual cash dividends equivalent to a minimum of 50% of the prior year's net income based on the recommendation of the Board of Directors. Such recommendation will take into consideration factors such as the implementation of business plans, operating expenses, budgets, funding for new investments, appropriate reserves and working capital, among others. The cash dividend policy may be changed by the Company's Board of Directors at any time.

Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities

No sale of unregistered or exempt securities of the Company has occurred within the past three years.

Item 6. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

The Management Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative of the Company's financial performance and condition that should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines.

As discussed below, the Company's financial statements do not show any losses from operation and hence the Company has not taken any measures to address the same.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company uses the following measures to assess its performance from period to period.

Ratings

The performance of a program and/or network as a whole with respect to household ratings is the primary consideration for an advertiser in the Philippines to determine whether to advertise on a given program and/or network. AGB Nielsen, a media research firm, provides ratings to the Company on a subscription basis.

Load Factor

Load factor refers to the amount of advertising minutes aired during the breaks in a program as a percentage of the total minutes available for advertisement. The load factor is an indication of

a program's or a timeblock's ability to sell advertising minutes. Load factor statistics are internally generated, although certain third parties monitor such statistics.

Signal reach/coverage

The ability to reach a greater number of viewers is a part of the Company's strategy to provide its advertisers with more value for their advertising expenditures. The Company frequently assesses its signal strength and coverage by conducting field intensity surveys and tests.

Subscriber count

Subscriber count is the key performance indicator for the Company's initiatives in the international cable arena to diversify its revenue base beyond advertising revenues. The number of subscribers to the Company's GMA Pinoy TV, GMA Life TV and GMA News TV International form the benchmark for measuring the success of this service. The Company makes internal assessments to determine the market potential for each new initiative and sets a subscriber count target accordingly.

Cost control

The Company is continuously searching for ways to control costs and to improve efficiency. The Company has established systems and procedures to monitor costs and measure efficiency and has launched various initiatives and activities in relation to these efforts.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL RESULTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

GMA Network, Inc. and its subsidiaries (GMA/the Company) sealed the twelve-month period of 2015 on a high note propelled by upbeat revenues since the start of the year. Coming from a challenging phase in 2014, the early months of 2015 saw a remarkable upswing in the top line which was sustained up to the close of the year. The sterling result was brought about by the confluence of several factors such as gaining fresh revenues from a come-backing major advertiser, influx of political advocacy placements, and recapturing number one position in terms of ratings on a national level, thus leading to a general improvement in the advertising load from regular customers. Likewise, it must be noted that during a greater part of the first six months this year, competition introduced drastic changes in its pricing strategy that pushed major advertisers to shift their adspend to GMA. As a result of the foregoing, consolidated revenues reached ₱13,727 million exhibiting a growth of ₱1,744 million or up 15% year-on-year. Airtime revenues across major platforms was the main driver for the remarkable hike in the top line generating a ₱1,702 million increase equivalent to 16% compared with same period a year

ago. Political advocacies summed up to some ₱462 million, sans the impact of this non-recurring revenue, airtime sales was still ahead by a hefty ₱1,234 million or 12% versus a year ago. On the other hand, revenues from other sources which included subsidiaries and international operations concluded at ₱1,346 million, edging prior period by 3% or some ₱42 million.

The hike in consolidated revenues by a double-digit percentage of 15% this year was only met by a mere 2% or P171 million growth in total operating expenses (OPEX) ending at P10,745 million. Total production cost grew by 5% or P291 million but was cushioned by the reduction in general and administrative expenses (GAEX) which ended lower compared to last year by 2% or P120 million.

The strong top-line earnings coupled with a minimal growth in total cash OPEX, boosted consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) for 2015 at ₱4,641 million, significantly higher than last year by 59% or a huge ₱1,717 million. Consequently, the Company sealed consolidated net income after tax for the year ended at ₱ 2,126 million, a solid ₱1,116 million or 111% increase over 2014's audited net income after tax of ₱1,010 million.

	2015	2014	Inc/(Dec)	%
Income Data	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	
Revenues				
Television and radio airtime	12,380.7	10,678.9	1,701.8	16%
Production and others	1,346.4	1,304.0	42.4	3%
	13,727.1	11,982.9	1,744.2	15%
Total operating expenses	10,745.0	10,573.8	171.2	2%
EBITDA	4,641.2	2,924.5	1,716.7	59%
Net income	2,125.8	1,009.5	1,116.3	111%
Attributable to Equity Holders of Parent Company	2,115.1	1,004.7	1,110.4	111%
Noncontrolling Interest	10.7	4.9	5.9	121%

Revenues

Consolidated revenues for the year 2015 reached ₱13,727 million, outpacing prior year's top-line performance by a whopping ₱1,744 million or 15% as 2015 top line was buoyed by the presence of political advocacies and fresh airtime revenues from major advertiser. Airtime revenues provided the boost soaring by ₱1,702 million or 16% vis-à-vis last year, while revenues from production and others pitched in a modest growth of ₱42 million or 3% with ₱1,346 million in combined sales.

Revenues	2015 (in millions PhP)	2014 (in millions PhP)	Inc/(Dec) (in millions PhP)	
Television and radio airtime	12,380.7 1.346.4	10,678.9	,	16% 3%
Production and others	13,727.1	1,304.0 11,982.9	1,744.2	15%

On a per platform basis, Channel 7 topped the charts for the period with sales comprising more than three fourths of the total airtime revenue pie and ahead by a hefty 16% in absolute terms versus last year. Political advocacies aided in jacking-up the channel's sales in 2015. However, incremental sales from regular advertisers played the major role in the platform's revenue hike. Carving out the impact of political advocacies, Ch-7 improved y-o-y sales by 12%.

The Company's Radio business was likewise on a roll since the start of this year, thus, capping the period with sales higher by 15% vs. 2014's performance. Political advocacies for Radio influenced the increase. Similar to Ch-7, even after carving out the impact of these non-recurring placements, Radio nonetheless hurdled last year's topline by 11%.

Not far behind from Radio was GMA News TV (GNTV-11), which, through the years has steadily sustained its revenue growth. Full year 2015 revenues recorded its highest top line by far since the channel was launched. GNTV-11 outshone prior period by 24% despite being bereft of any political advocacy placements.

Lastly, Regional TV (RTV) operations which underwent some downsizing and streamlining activities earlier this year saw a reduction in total recurring sales by 13% from 2014. The presence of political advocacies on both national and local levels partly cushioned the revenue reduction to a mere 4% vs. prior period.

According to Nielsen's full year 2015 NUTAM (National Urban Television Audience Measurement) household shares, GMA was ahead of other networks in total day household audience share with 35.4 percent, leading ABS-CBN's 34.9 percent and TV5's 9.2 percent. GMA overtook its closest rival in NUTAM in September 2015, and has since sustained nationwide ratings leadership.

Full year 2015 data also showed that GMA remained the undisputed number one TV network in viewer-rich Urban Luzon and Mega Manila, and reigned supreme across all dayparts, including primetime. Urban Luzon accounts for 77 percent of all urban TV households in the country, while Mega Manila represents 59 percent.

Urban Luzon continued to be a strong area for GMA as it registered 39.7 percent, surpassing ABS-CBN's 30.6 percent by 9.1 points and TV5's 8.2 percent by 31.5 points. GMA also further secured its dominant position in its bailiwick Mega Manila with 41.7 percent, up 14.7 points from ABS-CBN's 27 percent and up 33.2 points from TV5's 8.5 percent.

For December 2015, GMA posted a stronger total day lead with 38.9 percent in NUTAM, outscoring ABS-CBN's 33.6 percent by 5.3 points, and TV5's 7.8 percent by 31.1 points. Compared to ABS-CBN, more programs from GMA also figured in the list of top programs across all areas last December. *Kapuso Mo Jessica Soho* emerged as the number one program in Urban Luzon and Mega Manila, and led the list of GMA programs in NUTAM. In particular, GMA's countdown to 2016 was the most viewed New Year countdown by urban viewers.

On other revenue streams, which was mainly comprised of the Company's international operations via GMA Pinoy (GPTV), GMA Life (GLTV) and GMA News TV as well as production and subsidiaries operations a net increase of P42 million or 3% was recorded in between years, with combined sales reaching P1,346 million. International operations' though making up the most part of the revenue pie ended shy by 5% from a year ago. The topline from this segment was dragged by the drop in subscription revenues arising from changes in pricing scheme with a major carrier which used to be on a guaranteed-minimum basis. The reduction was partly cushioned by the growth in subscriber count by 6% for GPTV and by 13% for GLTV and depreciation of the Peso against the USD by an average of P1.16 or 3% for the year. The effect of this drop in subscriber income was likewise trimmed down by the hike in advertising revenues from international operations by 5%. Program syndication on the other hand pitched in incremental sales of 11% from a year ago.

From subsidiaries operations, combined revenue hike was seen for the twelve months this 2015 – with New Media spearheading the growth due to recent tie-ups with iFlix and HOOQ. Media Merge, Digify and GMA Records also upped their revenues for the twelve-month period compared from a year ago. Lastly, GMA Films also recorded higher gross receipts from the spill-over from 2014 MMFF co-production entry *Kubot, The Aswang Chronicles*.

Expenses

Total operating expenses for the year amounted to ₱10,745 million, inching up by only 2% compared with 2014's ₱10,574 million. Total cash OPEX stood at the same level of last year with less than a 1% increase of P34 million while non-cash OPEX grew by 9% or P137 million.

Total direct costs (cash and non-cash production costs) which comprised 54% of total operating costs amounted to ₱5,843 million by the end of twelve months in 2015, overtaking prior period by 5%. The ₱291 million increase was a result of the shift in programming mix to more in-house produced programs during January this year and the spike in amortization of program rights resulting from more expensive foreign movies and *Koreanovela/Mexicanovela* series this 2015. The afternoon in-house produced soaps also incurred higher costs this year due to extension in airing time to take advantage of the high ratings of this grid.

	2015	2014	Inc/(Dec)	%
Production Costs	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	
Talent fees	2,800.3	2,738.8	61.5	2%
Rentals and outside services	731.9	740.4	(8.5)	-1%
Other program expenses	1,247.0	1,121.2	125.7	11%
Sub-total - Cash Production Costs	4,779.1	4,600.4	178.7	4%
Program rights amortization	754.6	646.7	108.0	17%
Depreciation and amortization	308.9	304.7	4.1	1%
Sub-total - Non-cash Production Costs	1,063.5	951.4	112.1	12%
Total production costs	5,842.6	5,551.8	290.8	5%

Meanwhile, general and administrative expenses (GAEX) settled at ₱4,902 million by the end of the year, even sliding by ₱120 million or 2% compared with the twelve-month period in 2014. This resulted from the considerable net decline in outside services by ₱81 million or 19%. Advertising and promotional spending alone registered a cutback by P127 million or 38% versus last year. The slowdown in Corporate Synergy activities nationwide was one of the main factors that contributed to the reduced advertising expenses.

Taxes and licenses likewise finished off with a drop of 32% or P75 million from a year ago as the previous period was saddled with payments to BIR for tax assessments covering previous years. These reductions were partly offset by the moderate increase in Personnel cost, edging last year by 2%. The growth in the account for 2015 was driven by higher bonuses to all qualified employees (attuned to the considerable growth in the Company's bottom line) and non-recurring payout to separated employees of various Regional TV stations and other operating/service units within the Network, on top of the yearly salary adjustments for all qualified rank & file and confidential employees. These on the other hand, were cushioned to a considerable extent by the presence in 2014 of the non-recurring CBA signing bonus for rank & file employees and appreciation bonus for confidential employees. The reduction in total headcount moving toward the second half of 2015, aligned with the aforementioned redundancy program also partly eased out the said increases.

	2015	2014	Inc/(Dec)	%
General and Administrative Expenses	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	
Personnel costs	2,570.9	2,528.8	42.1	2%
Outside services	341.3	422.2	(80.8)	-19%
Facilities costs	557.5	592.0	(34.5)	-6%
Taxes and licenses	157.2	231.9	(74.7)	-32%
Others	754.7	751.5	3.3	0.4%
Subtotal - Cash GAEX	4,381.7	4,526.3	(144.6)	-3%
Depreciation and amortization	491.4	471.6	19.9	4%
Provision for doubtful accounts	8.6	0.7	7.9	1099%
Amortization of software costs	20.7	23.4	(2.7)	-12%
Subtotal - Non-cash GAEX	520.7	495.6	25.0	5%
Total GAEX	4,902.4	5,022.0	(119.6)	-2%

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) for the year wrapped up at

▶4,641 million, remarkably higher than prior year's tally of ▶2,925 million. The ▶

1,717 million or 59% growth in EBITDA was buoyed by the commendable increase in consolidated top line by 15% or ▶1,744 million which was met by an almost flat growth in combined cash operating expenses vs. prior year.

Net Income

Given the solid performance in sales this year and managed growth in total spending, net income for the full year of 2015 soared to \$\mathbb{P}\$2,126 million, more than double the \$\mathbb{P}\$1,010 million bottom line recorded the prior period or equivalent to a \$\mathbb{P}\$1,116 million or 111% improvement year-on-year.

Balance Sheet Accounts

The Company ended 2015 with total assets of ₱14,416 million, representing an increase of 7% from end-2014's ₱14,020 million.

Cash and cash equivalents rose to ₱2,160 million, 35% or ₱561 million more than the ₱1,599 million recorded as at December 31, 2014. On the other hand, trade and other receivables sealed at ₱4,801 million, 3% higher than previous year.

Total liabilities dropped by 8% or ₱454 million as at end-December this year to ₱5,333 million from ₱5,787 million in 2014 mainly from payments of short-term loans which as at end-2015 stood at ₱1,153 million from ₱2,223 million a year ago. This was partly counterbalanced by the hike in trade payables & other current liabilities and income tax payable by ₱259 million and ₱ 298 million, respectively.

Equity attributable to Parent Company stockholders of ₱9,039 million grew by 10% or ₱848 million in between years arising from ₱2,126 million net income earned in 2015 subsequently offset by the dividend declared during the first half of 2015 of ₱1,215 million.

	2015	2014
Cash Flows	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,462.4	661.9
Net cash used in investing activities	(539.6)	(553.1)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,392.3)	(262.0)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	30.9	2.3
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	561.5	(150.8)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,598.8	1,749.6
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	2,160.3	1,598.8

Operating Activities

Net cash from operations registered at \$\mathbb{P}3,462\$ million in 2015. This stemmed from income before income tax of \$\mathbb{P}3,036\$ million, adjusted mainly by depreciation expense of \$\mathbb{P}800\$ million, program and other rights usage of \$\mathbb{P}755\$ million, pension expense of \$\mathbb{P}167\$ million, interest expense and financing charges of \$\mathbb{P}43\$ million, net unrealized foreign currency exchange loss of \$\mathbb{P}24\$ million and amortization of software costs of \$\mathbb{P}21\$ million apart from the changes in working capital. The primary components of the changes in working capital included the \$\mathbb{P}229\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}749\$ million upturn in trade and other receivables and program and other rights, respectively, partly offset by the \$\mathbb{P}132\$ million dip in prepaid expense and other current assets.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to ₱540 million, coming primarily from the ₱553 million net additions to property and equipment. This was partly offset by the ₱22 million proceeds from sale of property and equipment.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities amounted to ₱2,392 million basically due from the loan payment of ₱2,325 million and cash dividend payout amounting to ₱1,224 million during the year, plus some ₱43 million in interest expense netted by ₱1,200 million remaining proceeds from short-terms loans.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL RESULTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

GMA Network and its subsidiaries (GMA/the Company) concluded 2014 with consolidated revenues at ₱11,983 million, 7% or nearly a billion shy compared to prior year's ₱12,951 million top line. Without some ₱724 million worth of non-recurring revenues from the 2013 mid-term elections which boosted prior year's top line – revenues for the twelve-month period in 2014 nonetheless trailed behind, albeit by only 2% or ₱244 million.

The Company incurred total operating expenses (OPEX) amounting to ₱10,574 million in 2014, yielding a flat growth vis-à-vis 2013 spending. In fact, cash OPEX even contracted by ₱136 million or 1%, which was offset by the hike in non-cash spending by ₱144 million.

With the foregoing results, consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) for 2014 concluded at \$\mathbb{P}2,925\$ million, lower than last year by \$\mathbb{P}794\$ million or 21% with the shortfall in the top line accounting for the drag. Similarly, consolidated net income sealed at \$\mathbb{P}1,010\$ million, down \$\mathbb{P}665\$ million or 40% year-on-year. The rise in non-cash operating expenses took its toll in further trimming down this year's bottom line.

	2014	2013	Inc/(Dec)	%
Income Data	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	
_				
Revenues				
Television and radio airtime	10,678.9	11,726.8	(1,047.9)	-9%
Production and others	1,304.0	1,224.1	79.9	7%
	11,982.9	12,950.9	(968.0)	-7%
Total operating expenses	10,573.8	10,565.3	8.4	0.1%
EBITDA	2,924.5	3,718.2	(793.7)	-21%
Net income	1,009.5	1,675.0	(665.5)	-40%
Attributable to Equity Holders of Parent Company	1,004.7	1,666.9	(662.3)	-40%
Noncontrolling Interest	4.9	8.0	(3.2)	-39%

Revenues

Consolidated revenues for the year 2014 reached \$\mathbb{P}\$11,983 million, lower than prior period by 7% or \$\mathbb{P}\$968 million as 2013 top line was boosted by the windfall from the mid-term elections that year. Airtime revenues provided the drag with a 9% drop partly cushioned by the rise in revenues from other sources which grew by 7%.

	2014	2013	Inc/(Dec)	%
Revenues	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	
Television and radio airtime	10,678.9	11,726.8	(1,047.9)	-9%
Production and others	1,304.0	1,224.1	79.9	7%
	11,982.9	12,950.9	(968.0)	-7%

Airtime revenues pulled down combined topline, dropping by 9% or ₱1,048 million compared with 2013's full year performance. Biggest setback was seen in banner platform, Ch-7 which ended the year with a shortfall in revenues by 10%. After discounting the impact of political ads in 2013, the channel finished off only 4% less vs. recurring revenues of prior period.

Radio operations was more upbeat -- while revenues remained flat year-on-year, the platform exhibited a 6% hike in sales vis-à-vis recurring revenues in 2013. On a more positive note, leading free-to-air news channel, GNTV-11 wrapped up with recurring revenues ahead of prior period by 6%. Lastly, sales from Regional TV operations edged 2013 results by 2% even after carving out election-related placements. Moreover, discounting the impact of political ads, Regional TV improved sales from regular advertisers by 10% year-on-year.

Ratings-wise, GMA ended 2014 on a strong note as it ruled over competition in full year Urban Luzon and Mega Manila, according to the industry's widely-trusted ratings service provider Nielsen TV Audience Measurement.

Based on full year 2014 ratings, GMA reaffirmed its total day household shares supremacy in the viewer-rich areas of Urban Luzon and Mega Manila, while leading across all dayparts including the highly contested primetime slot in both areas.

In Urban Luzon, which accounts for 77 percent of the total urban TV households nationwide, GMA recorded an average total day household audience share of 36.4 percent, surpassing ABS-CBN's 31.3 percent by 5.1 points, and TV5's 10.1 percent by 26.3 points.

GMA also posted a commanding 37.6 percent in Mega Manila, higher than ABS-CBN's 28.8 percent by 8.8 points, and TV5's 10.9 percent by 26.7 points. Mega Manila represented 60 percent of all urban TV households in the country in 2014.

Moreover, GMA scored higher nationwide shares than rival networks in the daytime blocks based on data covering the entire year. In the morning block, GMA registered 31.7 percent against ABS-CBN's 29.9 percent and TV5's 12.9 percent; while in the afternoon block, GMA posted 34.8 percent versus ABS-CBN's 32.5 percent and TV5's 11.1 percent. GMA subscribes to the Nielsen TV Audience Measurement service, while ABS-CBN is the lone local major TV network that subscribes to Kantar Media, formerly known as TNS. Nielsen data is gathered through a greater number of sampled homes nationwide in comparison to Kantar Media.

In the meantime, revenues from other businesses showed improvements by recording a 7% or ₱80 million hike to ₱1,304 million compared to a year ago. The Company's international operations continued to gain ground worldwide with revenues climbing by 10% as GMA Pinoy TV, GMA Life TV and GMA News TV International grew subscriber count by 4%, 8% and 59%, respectively. While the US remained the biggest area of concentration, Canada has been the primary source of growth for the platform in terms of new subscribers.

At the same time, audiences in Vietnam, Cambodia, Malaysia, and Nigeria, (to name a few) continue to enjoy popular *Kapuso* programs as GMA Worldwide, the global content distribution and acquisition arm of the Network, sold an aggregate 2,052 hours of locally-produced programs and movies, consequently increasing distribution revenues by 21% year-on-year. These were, however, partly weighed down by the decline in theatrical receipts as there were far less movies produced by GMA Network Films, Inc. in 2014 compared to previous year.

Expenses

Total operating expenses for the year amounted to ₱10,574 million, about the same as 2013's ₱ 10,565 million. Total direct costs (cash and non-cash production costs) in fact even contracted by ₱346 million or 6%, but were equalized by the escalation in general and administrative expenses (GAEX) by P354 million or 8%.

Production costs (both cash and non-cash) comprising 53% of total costs wrapped up at ₱5,552 million, lower than previous year by ₱346 million or 6%. Cash production cost settled at ₱4,600 million even below 2013 spending by ₱444 million or 9%. This was partly offset by the rise in non-cash direct cost by ₱98 million or 12%. In particular, amortization of program rights grew

by P81 million or 14% to P647 million attuned to the change in programming mix during the early part of the year which featured canned movies in selected slots during the weekday evening and afternoon primetime blocks vice station-produced programs.

	2014	2013	Inc/(Dec)	%
Production Costs	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	
Talent fees	2,738.8	3,043.9	(305.0)	-10%
Rentals and outside services	740.4	819.2	(78.8)	-10%
Other program expenses	1,121.2	1,181.8	(60.6)	-5%
Sub-total - Cash Production Costs	4,600.4	5,044.8	(444.4)	-9%
Program rights amortization	646.7	565.4	81.3	14%
Depreciation and amortization	304.7	287.6	17.2	6%
Sub-total - Non-cash Production Costs	951.4	852.9	98.5	12%
Total production costs	5,551.8	5,897.7	(345.9)	-6%

General and administrative expenses (GAEX) by the end of the year wrapped up at \$\mathbb{P}\$5,022 million, equivalent to an 8% or \$\mathbb{P}\$354 million increase vs. the same period in 2013. Personnel cost was the main driver for the rise in spending brought about by the one-time signing bonus given to R&F employees in relation to the recently concluded Collective Bargaining Agreement and appreciation bonus granted to confidential employees. Without this non-recurring expense, total GAEX climbed by only 2%. Manpower count has practically remained at about the same level with only a 3% increase in regular employees between periods.

Taxes and licenses likewise scaled to ₱232 million, higher by ₱91 million or 65% due to the rise in business taxes and payout of prior years' tax deficiency assessments. These increases were partly cushioned by the reduction seen in Outside services (such as advertising & promotions, marketing fees and research and survey) and from lower Facilities costs, particularly repairs & maintenance expenses.

Other increase in GAEX was seen in depreciation and amortization mostly in the Company's facilities, furniture and fixture and computers.

	2014	2013	Inc/(Dec)	%
General and Administrative Expenses	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)	
Personnel costs	2,528.8	2,170.2	358.6	17%
Outside services	422.2	507.7	(85.6)	-17%
Facilities costs	592.0	665.0	(73.0)	-11%
Taxes and licenses	231.9	140.7	91.2	65%
Others	751.5	734.2	17.2	2%
Subtotal - Cash GAEX	4,526.3	4,217.9	308.5	7%
Depreciation and amortization	471.6	417.9	53.7	13%
Provision for doubtful accounts	0.7	0.8	(0.1)	-16%
Amortization of software costs	23.4	31.0	(7.6)	-25%
Subtotal - Non-cash GAEX	495.6	449.7	45.9	10%
Total GAEX	5,022.0	4,667.6	354.4	8%

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) sealed at ₱2,925 million, recording a 21% or ₱794 million reduction from prior year. Even as cash operating costs wrapped up lower in 2014 vs. a year ago, this was not enough to compensate for the shortfall in the topline

Net Income

Net income was pushed back to ₱1,010 million, down ₱665 million or 40% from 2013's ₱1,675 million with the reduction in revenues year-on-year as the main culprit.

Balance Sheet Accounts

Total assets as at end-2014 stood at ₱14,021 million, reflecting a 7% increase from end-2013's ₱13,084 million.

Cash and cash equivalents dropped to ₱1,599 million, 9% or ₱151 million less than the ₱1,750 million recorded as at December 31, 2013. On the other hand, trade and other receivables sealed at ₱4,638 million, 32% higher than previous year. Trade days-sales-outstanding (DSO) closed the year 2014 at 114 days, 22 days longer than the recorded DSO of 92 days at end-2013.

Total liabilities climbed by 36% or ₱1,529 million as at end-December this year to ₱5,787 million from ₱4,529 million in 2013 mainly from additional availments of short-term loans from ₱1,107 million last year to ₱2,223 million as at end-2014.

Equity attributable to Parent Company stockholders of \$\mathbb{P}8,191\$ million dipped by 7% or \$\mathbb{P}598\$ million in between years arising from dividend declared in 2014 of \$\mathbb{P}1,312\$ million, aggravated by lower net income earned during the year.

	2014	2013
Cash Flows	(in millions PhP)	(in millions PhP)
Net cash provided by operating activities	661.9	3,055.3
Net cash used in investing activities	(553.1)	(666.1)
Net cash used in financing activities	(262.0)	(1,941.7)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	2.3	14.8
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(150.8)	462.3
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,749.6	1,287.3
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1,598.8	1,749.6

Operating Activities

Net cash from operations registered at \$\mathbb{P}662\$ million in 2014. This resulted from income before income tax of \$\mathbb{P}1,457\$ million, adjusted mainly by depreciation expense of \$\mathbb{P}776\$ million, program and other rights usage of \$\mathbb{P}647\$ million, pension expense of \$\mathbb{P}163\$ million, interest expense and financing charges of \$\mathbb{P}36\$ million and amortization of software costs of \$\mathbb{P}31\$ million apart from the changes in working capital. The primary components of the changes in working capital included the \$\mathbb{P}1,115\$ million increase in trade and other receivables, partly offset by the \$\mathbb{P}149\$ million rise in trade payables and other current liabilities.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to ₱553 million, coming primarily from the ₱599 million net additions to property and equipment and ₱22 million worth of software costs. These were partly offset by the ₱75 million and ₱2 million proceeds from sale of property and equipment and investment properties, respectively.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities amounted to ₱262 million basically due from the loan payment of ₱1,107 million and cash dividend payout amounting to ₱1,311 million during the year, plus some ₱35 million in interest expense netted by ₱2,192 million remaining proceeds from short-terms loans.

KEY VARIABLE AND OTHER QUALITATIVE OR QUANTITATIVE FACTORS

- i. Trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the issuer's liquidity.
 - As of December 31, 2015, there were no known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the issuer's liquidity.
- ii. Events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration or an obligation.

As of December 31, 2015, there were no events which may trigger a direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company.

iii. Material off-balance-sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relations of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

There were no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relations of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

iv. Material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures.

For 2016, the parent company has allotted ₱553 million for capital expenditures. This will be financed by internally-generated funds.

v. Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.

GMA Network's results of operations depend largely on the ability to sell airtime for advertising. The Company's business may be affected by the general condition of the economy of the Philippines.

vi. Significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.

As of December 31, 2015, there were no significant elements of income or loss that did arise from the issuer's continuing operations.

vii. Causes for Material Changes in the Financial Statements

Balance Sheet (December 31, 2014 vs. December 31, 2013)

- Cash and cash equivalents increase by 35% to ₱2,160 million at year-end which is directly attributed to this year's result of operation. Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to ₱3,462 million partly netted by the net cash used in investing activities of ₱540 million and in financing activities of ₱2,392 million.
- Available-for-sale financial assets also grew by 48% as a result of investment in IP E-Games Ventures, Inc.

- Short-term loans decreased by 48% as availments made are lower at ₱1,200 million vs. payments of ₱2,325 million.
- The 483% surge in income tax payable resulted from the result of the year 2015 operations.
- viii. Seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.
- ix. There are no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Interim Periods

The Company currently cannot make available the financial information for the first quarter of 2016. The Company however, undertakes to submit its SEC Form 17-Q on or before May 15, 2016 and to make the same available upon request during the Company's Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Item 7. Financial Statements

Refer to attached copy.

Item 8. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

The Audit and Risk Management Committee reviews the fee arrangements with the external auditor and recommends the same to the Board of Directors. The Company's Audit Committee was formed in 2007 and was formally organized during the latter portion of that year. The members of the Audit Committee are as follows:

Dr. Jaime C. Laya (Chairman)

Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban

Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar

Michael John R. Duavit

Laura J. Westfall

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has recommended the appointment of Sycip Gorres Velayo and Co., as the external auditor of the Company. The Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co. has acted as the Company's external auditors since 1994. The same accounting firm is being recommended for re-election at the scheduled annual meeting.

The Company has not had any disagreements on accounting and financial disclosures with its current external auditors during the two most recent fiscal years or any subsequent interim period.

Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co. has no shareholdings in the Company nor any right, whether legally enforceable or not, to nominate persons or to subscribe for the securities in the Company. The foregoing is in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines set by the Board of Accountancy and approved by the Professional Regulation Commission.

AUDIT AND AUDITED RELATED FEES

The aggregate fees billed for each of the last two years for professional services rendered by Sycip Gorres Velayo and Co., amounted to P6.5 million in 2015 and P6.0 million 2014 (these included the fees related to financial audit and services for general tax compliance). In 2015, the additional Php 500,000.00 represented fees for a limited post implementation review services for the transition from Oracle to SAP for the Company's ERP. No other fees of any nature were paid.

TAX FEES

There was no specific engagement availed by the Company for purely tax accounting. The total audited related fees as stated above already included basic tax review.

ALL OTHER FEES

Other than the foregoing services, no other product or service was provided by the external auditor to the Company.

PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer

Board of Directors, Officers and Senior Management

Under the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises nine directors, two of whom are independent. The Board is responsible for the overall management and direction of the Company and meets regularly every quarter and other times as necessary, to be provided with updates on the business of the Company and consulted on the Company's material decisions. The directors have a term of one year and are elected annually at the Company's stockholders meeting. A director who was elected to fill a vacancy holds the office only for the unexpired term of his predecessor. As of March 31, 2016, the Company's Board of Directors and Senior Management are composed of the following:

E	Board of Di	Senior Management				
Directors and Senior Management	Nationality	Position	Year Position was Assumed	Position	Year Position was Assumed	Age
Felipe L. Gozon	Filipino	Chairman/ Director	1975	Chief Executive Officer	2000	76
Michael John R. Duavit	Filipino	Director	2015	N/A	N/A	47
Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	Filipino	Director	1999	President/Chief Operating Officer	2010	52
Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar	Filipino	Director/ Assistant Corporate Secretary	2000	N/A	N/A	44
Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	Filipino	Director	2002	N/A	N/A	52
Laura J. Westfall	Filipino	Director	2002	N/A	N/A	48
Felipe S. Yalong	Filipino	Director/ Corporate Treasurer	2002	Executive Vice President/Chief Financial Officer	2011	59
Roberto O. Parel	Filipino	Corporate Secretary	1993	N/A	N/A	60
Marissa L. Flores	Filipino	N/A	N/A	Senior Vice President, News and Public Affairs	2004	61
Ronnie P. Mastrili	Filipino	N/A	N/A	Senior Vice President for Finance and ICT	2013	50
Lilybeth G. Rasonable	Filipino	N/A	N/A	Senior Vice President for Entertainment TV	2013	52
Artemio V. Panganiban	Filipino	Independent Director	2007	N/A	2007	79
Jaime C. Laya	Filipino	Independent Director	2007	N/A	2007	77
Elvis B. Ancheta	Filipino	N/A	N/A	Senior Vice President and Head, Engineering Group; Head, Transmission and Regional Engineering Department	2014	49
Lizelle G. Maralag	Filipino	N/A	2016	Chief Marketing Officer	2016	50

The following are descriptions of the business experiences of the Company's directors, officers and senior management:

Felipe L. Gozon, Filipino, 76 years old, is the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Network.

Atty. Gozon is a Senior Partner at the Law Firm of Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila. Aside from GMA Network, Inc., he is also Chairman and CEO of GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. and GMA New Media, Inc.; Chairman and President of FLG Management and Development Corp.; Chairman of Alta Productions Group, Inc., Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc., Mont-Aire Realty and Development Corp., Philippine Entertainment Portal, Inc., and RGMA Network, Inc.; Vice Chairman of Malayan Savings and Mortgage Bank; Director of, among other companies, Gozon Development Corp., Justitia Realty and Management Corp., Antipolo Agri-Business and Land Development Corp., Capitalex Holdings, Inc., BGE Holdings, Inc., Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Chamber of Commerce of the Philippine Islands and President of Lex Realty, Inc. He serves as Chairman of the Board of Trustees of

GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc., Kapwa Ko Mahal Ko Foundation, Inc., and The Potter and Clay Christian School Foundation, Inc.; Chairman and President of Gozon Foundation; and Trustee of Bantayog ng mga Bayani Foundation. Gozon is also an Advisory Board Member of the Asian Television Awards.

Atty. Gozon is a recipient of several awards for his achievement in law, media, public service, and business, including the prestigious Chief Justice Special Award given by the Chief Justice of the Philippines (1991), Presidential Award of Merit given by the Philippine Bar Association (1990 & 1993), CEO of the Year given by Uno Magazine (2004), Master Entrepreneur -Philippines (2004) by Ernst and Young, Outstanding Citizen of Malabon Award for Legal and Business Management by the Kalipunan ng Samahan sa Malabon (KASAMA) (2005), People of the Year by People Asia Magazine (2005), Outstanding Manilan Award in the field of Social Responsibility and Broadcasting given by the City Government of Manila (2011), Quezon City Gawad Parangal Most Outstanding Citizen for 2011 given by the City Government of Quezon (2011), Tycoon of the Decade Award given by BizNews Asia (2011), Lifetime Achievement Award given by the UP Alumni Association (2012), Certificate of Recognition given by the Civil Aeronautics Board (2012), Personality of the Year for Broadcast Media given by SKAL International Makati (2013), Outstanding Member-Achiever given by Phi Kappa Phi UP Chapter (International Honor Society) (2013), Visionary Management CEO Award given by BizNews Asia (2013), Lifetime Achievement Award given by UP Preparatory High School Alumni (2014), Entrepreneurship Excellence Award and Best Broadcast CEO Award given by BizNews Asia (2014), The Rotary Golden Wheel Award for Corporate Media Management given by Rotary International District 3780 and Quezon City Government (2014), and Global Leadership Award for Excellence in Media Sector (first Filipino to win the award) given by The Leaders International together with the American Leadership Development Association in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia (2015). He is also listed among Biz News Asia's Power 100 (2003 to 2010).

Atty. Gozon earned his Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of the Philippines (among the first 10 of his class) and his Master of Laws degree from Yale University Law School. He was admitted to the Bar in 1962, placing 13th in the Bar examinations.

Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr., Filipino, 52 years old, is the President and Chief Operating Officer of the Network. He has been a Director of the Company since 1999 and is currently the Chairman of the Network's Executive Committee. Aside from GMA Network, Inc., he is the Chairman of the Board of GMA Network Films, Inc. and GMA Worldwide, Inc. and a Board member and the Executive Committee Chairman of GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. He also serves as President and CEO of GMA Holdings, Inc., RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc., Film Experts, Inc., and Dual Management and Investments, Inc. He is the President and a Director of Group Management and Development, Inc.; President and Director of MediaMerge Corp., Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc.; Director of RGMA Network, Inc., GMA New Media, Inc., Alta Productions Group, Inc., Optima Digital, Inc., and Mont-Aire Realty and

Development Corp. He also serves as the President and a Trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc. and a Trustee of the Guronasyon Foundation, Inc. and the HERO Foundation.

Mr. Duavit holds a Bachelor's Degree in Philosophy from the University of the Philippines.

Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez, Filipino, 52 years old, has been a Director of the Company since 2002. He is currently the President and CEO of Menarco Holdings and the Chief Executive Officer of Alta Productions, Inc. He is a Director of RGMA Network, Inc., GMA New Media, Inc., Scenarios, Inc., and GMA Worldwide, Inc., besides also being a member of the Board of Directors of Malayan Savings and Mortgage Bank, and Unicapital Securities, Inc. He is also a Director of Nuvoland Philippines, a real-estate development company. He is a Trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.

He was educated in Los Angeles, California where he obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from Loyola Marymount University. He also obtained a Master's Degree in Management from the Asian Institute of Management.

Felipe S. Yalong, Filipino, 59 years old, is the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of GMA Network, Inc. He is also the Head of the Corporate Services Group of the Network. He has been a Director of the Company since 2002. Aside from GMA Network, Inc., he also serves as Director and Corporate Treasurer of GMA Holdings, Inc., Scenarios, Inc., and GMA Network Films, Inc.; Director of Unicapital, Inc., Majalco Finance and Investments, Inc., and GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.; Corporate Treasurer of RGMA Network, Inc., MediaMerge Corp.; Executive Vice President of RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.; and Corporate Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.

Yalong was named CFO of the Year by ING FINEX in 2013.

He obtained a Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration Major in Accounting from the Philippine School of Business Administration and completed the Management Development Program at the Asian Institute of Management. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

Anna Teresa G. Abrogar, Filipino, 44 years old, has been a Director of the Company since 2000. She graduated valedictorian from grade school and high school at Colegio San Agustin. She graduated cum laude, BS Management Engineering from Ateneo de Manila University and obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of the Philippines where she graduated valedictorian, cum laude. She later obtained her Master of Laws from Harvard University.

She is a junior partner in Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila and was an Associate Professor in the University of the Philippines, College of Law where she taught taxation.

She is currently Programming Consultant to the Chairman/CEO of GMA Network, Inc. and the President of GMA Films, Inc. and GMA Worldwide, Inc. She is a trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation.

Michael John R. Duavit, Filipino, 46 years old, was elected to the Company's Board of Directors in 2015. He is currently the Chairman, President and CEO of MRD Holdings & Investments, Inc. and the Chairman and Managing Director of Puresound Trading, Inc. He is a Director of Citynet Television, Inc. and GMA New Media, Inc.

Mr. Duavit is the President and Trustee of Guronasyon Foundation, Inc., which recognizes outstanding teachers in the province of Rizal and the City of Antipolo, and is also a Trustee of GMA Network's socio-civic arm GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.

Mr. Duavit was elected Representative of the First District of Rizal and served a full term from 2001 to 2010. During his tenure in Congress, he served as Vice-Chairman of the House Committee on Economic Affairs, the House Committee on Appropriations, and the House Committee on Trade and Industry, where he chaired the Special Sub Committee on Intellectual Property Rights.

Mr. Duavit earned his bachelor's degree from the De La Salle University-Manila, majoring in Marketing Management. He holds a graduate degree in Recording Arts Engineering from the Full Sail Center for Recording Arts in Orlando, Florida, and attended a Management of Information Technology Program in Sweden as a SIDA scholar.

Laura J. Westfall, Filipino, 48 years old, has been a Director of the Company since 2000. She held the following positions in the Company — Senior Vice President of Corporate and Strategic Planning and Senior Vice President for Finance. In addition, she has served as Chairperson and President of GMA New Media. Prior to joining the Company, she worked for BDO Seidman – Los Angeles, an international audit and management consulting firm. She currently holds various positions in the Majent Group of Companies and serves as Board Member of Coffee Bean and Tea Leaf Philippines, Bronzeoak Clean Energy, Inc., and Museo Pambata

She holds a Masters Degree in Public and Private Management from Yale University and a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from the University of Southern California. She is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) in the State of California.

Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban, Filipino, 79 years old, has been an Independent Director of the Company since 2007. In 1995, he was named a Justice of the Supreme Court and in 2005, he was appointed Chief Justice of the Philippines — a position he held until December 2006. At present, he is also an Independent Director of these listed firms: First Philippine Holdings Corp., Metro Pacific Investments Corp., Manila Electric Company, Robinsons Land Corp., GMA Holdings, Inc., Philippine Long Distance Telephone Co., Petron

Corporation, Bank of the Philippine Islands, Asian Terminals, and a regular Director of Jollibee Foods Corporation. He is also a Senior Adviser of Metropolitan Bank, Chairman, Board of Advisers of Metrobank Foundation, Adviser of Double Dragon Properties, Chairman of the Board of the Foundation for Liberty and Prosperity, President of the Manila Cathedral Basilica Foundation, Chairman Emeritus of Philippine Dispute Resolution Center, Inc., and Member, Advisory Board of the World Bank (Philippines) and of the Asian Institute of Management Corporate Governance Council. He also is a column writer of The Philippine Daily Inquirer.

Upon his retirement, he was unanimously conferred a Plaque of Acclamation by the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court as the "Renaissance Jurist of the 21st Century;" and an Award of Honor by the Philippine Bar Association. In recognition of his role as a jurist, lawyer, civic leader, Catholic lay worker, business entrepreneur and youth leader, he had been the recipient of over 250 other awards from various governments, civic clubs, consumer associations, bar groups, religious movements and other non-government organizations, both local and international.

He obtained his Associate in Arts, "With Highest Honors" and later his Bachelor of Laws, with cum laude and "Most Outstanding Student" honors from the Far Eastern University. He placed sixth among more than 4,200 candidates who took the 1960 Bar examinations. He is likewise the recipient of several honorary doctoral degrees from various universities.

Dr. Jaime C. Laya, Filipino, 77 years old, has been an independent Director of GMA Network, Inc. since 2007. He is the Chairman and President of Philippine Trust Company (Philtrust Bank), Director of Ayala Land, Inc., Manila Water Company, Inc., and Philippine AXA Life Insurance Company, Inc. He also serves as Chairman of Don Norberto Ty Foundation, Inc. and Escuela Taller de Filipinas Foundation, Inc.; Trustee of St. Paul University - Quezon City, Cultural Center of the Philippines, Metropolitan Museum of Manila, Yuchengco Museum, Fundación Santiago, Inc., Ayala Foundation, Inc., and other foundations. He writes a weekly column for the *Manila Bulletin*.

He was Minister of Budget, 1975-1981; Minister of Education, Culture and Sports, 1984-86; Chairman of the Monetary Board and Governor, Central Bank of the Philippines, 1981-1984; Chairman, National Commission for Culture and the Arts, 1996-2001. He was faculty member of the University of the Philippines, 1957-1978 and Dean of the College of Business Administration, 1969-1974. In 1986, he founded J.C. Laya & Co., Ltd. (Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants) later the Philippine member firm of KPMG International; he served as the firm's Chairman until his retirement in 2004.

He earned his BSBA, *magna cum laude*, University of the Philippines, 1957; M.S. in Industrial Management, Georgia Institute of Technology, 1960; Ph.D. in Financial Management, Stanford University, 1966. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

Roberto O. Parel, Filipino, 60 years old, has been the Corporate Secretary of the Company since 1993. He is a Partner at the Law Firm of Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila. His practice areas include labor relations, natural resources and intellectual property. He is a Director of Time-Life International Philippines, Berong Nickel Corporation, Ulugan Nickel Corporation, Ulugan Resources Holdings, Inc., Nickeline Resources Holdings, Inc., TMM Management Inc. and Assetlex Development Company, Inc.; Corporate Secretary of Alta Productions Group, Inc., Scenarios, Inc., Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc. and GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.

He graduated from the University of the Philippines with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Philosophy and a Bachelor of Laws degree. He was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 1981. Atty. Parel further pursued legal studies through short programs at the Center of American and International Law and the Southwestern Legal Foundation in Dallas, Texas. Later, he attended a training program on Industrial Property Rights held by the Japan Institute of Invention and Innovation and the Association for Overseas Technical Scholarship in Tokyo, Japan.

Marissa L. Flores, Filipino, 52 years old, is the Senior Vice President for News and Public Affairs, a position she has held since 2004. She joined the Company in 1987 as a researcher for public affairs documentaries and special reports and held the positions of Assistant Vice President for Public Affairs, Vice President for Production – News and Public Affairs before her appointment to her current position.

The Rotary Club of Manila recognized her as Television News Producer of the Year in 1996. In 2004, she was awarded the prestigious TOYM (The Outstanding Young Men) for Broadcast Management. In 2012, she received the CEO Excel Award from the International Association of Business Communicators (IABC) Philippines.

The News and Public Affairs group under Ms. Flores continues to be the recipient of international awards, notably the New York Festivals, US International Film and Video Festival Awards, Asian TV Awards. GMA News and Public Affairs remains as the only Philippine broadcast network which has won the highly-coveted Peabody Award (four Peabody awards as of 2014) — widely considered as broadcasting and cable's equivalent of the Pulitzer prize.

Besides overseeing news and public affairs programs in GMA Channel 7, it is also under Ms. Flores' leadership that GMA News Online was put up in 2007, and GMA News TV (GMA Network's news and public affairs channel on free TV) was launched in February 2011.

She earned her Bachelor's degree at the University of the Philippines, where she studied Journalism.

Ronaldo P. Mastrili, Filipino, 50 years old, is the Senior Vice President of GMA's Finance and ICT Departments. He obtained his Bachelor of Science in Business and Economics degree,

major in Accounting from De La Salle University. He attended the Master in Business Administration Program from the same university and completed the Executive Development Program of the Asian Institute of Management. He is a Certified Public Accountant with expertise in the fields of accounting, auditing, finance, taxation and general management. He was formerly the Assistant Vice President of Controllership of ABS-CBN and also served as its Group Internal Auditor before joining GMA Network in March 2001. He also worked with SGV and Co. in the early part of his career. Mr. Mastrili concurrently holds key positions in GMA Subsidiaries namely: Comptroller/Chief Accounting Officer of GMA Holdings, Treasurer of Alta Productions, Director of Script2010 and GMA Kapuso Foundation, and Comptroller of GMA Films, GMA Kapuso Foundation and GMA Worldwide.

Lilybeth G. Rasonable, Filipino, 52 years old, is the Senior Vice President of the Entertainment TV Group of GMA Network, Inc. She is mainly responsible for the production of all entertainment programs of the Network.

After earning her degree in Broadcast Communication from the University of the Philippines, Ms. Rasonable immediately worked in the broadcasting industry, starting out as a Production Assistant and later on, an Associate Producer of the Intercontinental Broadcasting Company. She likewise worked as Production Coordinator and Executive producer of GMA Network, Inc.

Ms. Rasonable's work experience also included a post as Technical Consultant for Local Production with the Associated Broadcasting Company (ABC-5) and freelance Executive Producer for film and television. After a few years, she rejoined GMA as a Production Manager under its Sales and Marketing Group.

From Program Manager, Ms. Rasonable was promoted to Assistant Vice President for Drama in 2004. As AVP, she was a key figure in the creation of groundbreaking and phenomenal hits such as *Mulawin, Encantadia* and *Darna*, which made the primetime block of GMA invincible and contributed to the unprecedented success of GMA in its quest for leadership in the Philippine broadcasting industry. It was also during her time as AVP for Drama when GMA produced programs that created superstars for the Network and afternoon dramas dramatically rose and established strong presence in their timeslots with breakthrough innovations.

In 2010, Ms. Rasonable was promoted to the position of Vice President, Drama Productions and tasked with the supervision of non-primetime and primetime drama programs of GMA. By February 2012, she took the helm as Officer-in-Charge of the Entertainment TV (ETV) Group. And in December 2013, she received her promotion and appointment as ETV's Senior Vice President.

Elvis B. Ancheta, Filipino, 49 years old, is GMA Network's Senior Vice President and Head of Engineering Group. He is concurrently the Head of Transmission and Regional Engineering Department of the Network.

Engr. Ancheta is a member of the Society of Broadcast Engineers and Technicians of the Philippines and the Institute of Electronics and Communications Engineers of the Philippines, Inc. He was also GMA's principal representative to the Technical Working Group chaired by the National Telecommunications Commission for the drafting of the Digital Terrestrial Television Broadcasting - Implementing Rules and Regulations.

Engr. Ancheta earned his Bachelor of Science in Electronics and Communications Engineering degree from Saint Louis University in Baguio City.

Lizelle G. Maralag, Filipino, 50 years old, is GMA Network's Chief Marketing Officer. She is responsible for driving revenue growth and marketing innovation within all media platforms of the Network, including GMA's TV and radio stations as well as the Network's international channels. Under her leadership, GMA became the only Philippine broadcast company with the most number of local and global marketing awards.

She joined the GMA Network in 2010, after a laudable career as an advertising media professional spanning more than two (2) decades, where she drove to leadership position the top-ranked media agency in the market, Starcom Mediavest Group Phils. Co. Inc. as Managing Director, while concurrently serving as the Chairperson of Publicis Group Media Philippines, overseeing Zenith Optimedia Phils. She continues to hold the record in the media advertising industry for winning the most number of Media Agency of Record pitches when she was Managing Director of Starcom Mediavest Group Philippines, from 2000-2009.

She holds a degree of Bachelor of Science in Statistics at the University of the Philippines, Diliman, and took post graduate studies at the INSEAD in Singapore. She was Founding Co-Chairperson of the Media Specialists Association of the Philippines (2008-2009), Chairman of the Radio Research Council Adjudication & Review Board, was a Director of the TV Research Council, was a part-time instructor at the University of Asia and the Pacific, served as a global juror in the Starcom MediaVest Group Fuel Awards (2004), and a frequent jury member in local and regional advertising and marketing industry awards.

Significant Employees

Although the Company and its key subsidiaries have relied on, and will continue to rely on, the individual and collective contributions of their executive officers and senior operational personnel, the Company and its key subsidiaries are not dependent on the services of any particular employee.

Family Relationships

Michael John R. Duavit is the brother of Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr., and Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez and Laura J. Westfall are siblings. Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar is the daughter of Felipe L.

Gozon. Felipe L. Gozon's sister, Carolina L. Gozon-Jimenez, is the mother of Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez and Laura J. Westfall.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

To the best of the Company's knowledge, during the past five years and up to date, there had been no occurrence of any of the following events which are material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, person nominated to become a director, executive officer, or control person of the Company:

- Any filing of an insolvency or bankruptcy petition by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer, either at the time of the insolvency or within two years prior to that time;
- Any conviction by final judgment in a criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, or any pending criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, of any such person, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses;
- Any final and executory order, judgment, or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, against any such person, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending, or otherwise limiting involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities; and,
- Any final and executory judgment of any such person by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the SEC, or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign exchange or electronic marketplace or self-regulatory organization, for violation of a securities or commodities law.

Resignation of Directors

Ms. Judith R. Duavit-Vazquez resigned as Director of the Company in 2015.

No director has resigned or declined to stand for re-election to the Board of Directors since the date of the last annual meeting of the Company because of a disagreement with the Company on matters relating to the Company's operations, policies and practices.

Item 10. Executive Compensation

(a) CEO and Top 5 Compensated Executive Officers:

The following are the Company's highest compensated executive officers:

Name and Position

Felipe L. Gozon Chairman and CEO

Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr. President and COO

Felipe S. Yalong	Executive Vice President and Concurrent Group Head, Corporate Services Group and Chief Financial Officer
Marissa L. Flores	Senior Vice President, News and Public Affairs
Lilybeth G. Rasonable	Senior Vice President, Entertainment TV Group
Ronaldo P. Mastrili	Senior Vice President, Finance and Information and Communications Technology Department

	Year	Annual Salaries (in thousands)	13th Month and Bonuses (in thousands)	Total
5 Highest Compensated Officers	2013 2014 2015 2016 (estimate)	91,658.4 101,691.8 105,700.4 109,928.4	52,829.9 40,024.6 72,452.0 75,350.1	144,488.3 141,716.4 178,152.4 185,278.5
Aggregate compensation paid to all officers and	2013 n 2014 2015 2016 (estimate)	143,999.7 149,809.5 156,399.9 162,655.9	89,917.5 * 49,676.9 * 90,808.5 * 94,440.8	233,917.2 199,486.4 247,208.4 257,096.7

(a) Directors and other Executive Officers

Section 8 of Article IV of the Company's By-Laws provides that as compensation of the directors, the Members of the Board shall receive and allocate yearly an amount of not more than two and a half percent (2.5%) of the net income after income tax of the corporation during the preceding year. Of the said 2.5%, one percent (1%) shall be allocated to the members of the Board of Directors to be distributed share and share alike. The remaining one and a half percent (1.5%) shall be allocated to the members of the Executive Committee to be distributed share and share alike.

Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP")

The Company has no outstanding options or warrants held by its CEO, the named executive officers, and all officers and directors as a group.

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The security ownership of certain record and beneficial owners of more than 5% as of March 31, 2016 are as follows:

Title	Name and Address of	Citizenship	Record /	No. of shares	Percent
Of class	Beneficial Owner	Citizenship	Beneficial	held	Owned
Common	GMA Holdings, Inc. ⁸				
	Unit 5D Tower One, One McKinley Place, Bonifacio Global City	Filipino	PCD Nominee Corporation	846,038,700	25.15%
Common	Group Management & Development Inc. 9		The Record		
	No. 5 Wilson St., San Juan, Metro Manila	Filipino	Owner is the Beneficial Owner	789,813,389	23.47%
Common	FLG Management & Development				
Common	Corporation ¹⁰ Unit 2, 2/F, Building 2, 9 th Avenue, Bonifacio Global City, Taguig, Metro Manila	Filipino	The Record Owner is the Beneficial Owner	675,663,227	20.71%
Common	M.A. Jimenez Enterprises, Inc. 2/F Sagittarius Condominium, H. V. De la Costa St., Salcedo Village, Makati City ¹¹	Filipino	The Record Owner is the Beneficial Owner	453,882,095	13.49%
Common	Television International Corporation ¹²		The Record		
	2/F Sagittarius Condominium, H. V. De la Costa St., Salcedo Village, Makati City	Filipino	Beneficial	334,378,037	9.94%

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⁸ The Board of Directors of GMA Holdings, Inc. has the power to decide how the shares owned in the Company are to be voted and has authorized Felipe L. Gozon and/or Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr. to vote on the company's shares in GMA Network, Inc.

⁹ The Board of Directors of Group Management & Development, Inc. has authorized Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr. to vote on the common and preferred shares of the company in GMA Network, Inc.

¹⁰ The Board of Directors of FLG Management & Development Corporation has authorized Felipe L. Gozon to vote on the common and preferred shares of the company in GMA Network, Inc.

¹¹ The Board of Directors of M.A. Jimenez Enterprises, Inc. has authorized Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez and/or Laura J. Westfall to vote on the common and preferred shares of the company in GMA Network, Inc.

¹² The Board of Directors of Television International Corporation has authorized Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez and/or Laura J. Westfall to vote on the common and preferred shares of the company in GMA Network, Inc.

			Owner		
	Total Comn	on Sharos			
	3,099,7	75,448			
	92.1	2%			
Preferred	Group Management & Development Inc.		The Record Owner is the		
	No. 5 Wilson St., San Juan, Metro Manila	Filipino	Beneficial Owner	2,625,805,308	35.01%
Preferred	FLG Management & Development		The Record		
ricicirca	Corporation		Owner is the		
	Unit 2, 2/F, Building 2, 9 th Avenue,	Filipino	Beneficial	2,181,898,644	29.09%
	Bonifacio Global City, Taguig, Metro Manila		Owner		
Preferred	M.A. Jimenez Enterprises, Inc.		The Record		
	,		Owner is the		
	2/F Sagittarius Condominium, H. V. De la	Filipino	Beneficial	1,508,978,826	20.12%
	Costa St., Salcedo Village, Makati City		Owner		
Preferred	Television International Corporation		The Record		
	O/F O with arise O was descriptions III V De Ia	Tilinin a	Owner is the	4 444 664 640	14.82%
	2/F Sagittarius Condominium, H. V. De la Costa St., Salcedo Village, Makati City	Filipino	Beneficial Owner	1,111,661,610	14.0270
Total Preferred Shares					
	7,428,3	44,388			
99.04%					

GMA Holdings, Inc. is 99% owned by Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr., Felipe L. Gozon and Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez. The shares of the Company owned by GMA Holdings, Inc. are covered by Philippine Deposit Receipts ("PDR") which give the holder the right to delivery or sale of the underlying share. The PDRs are listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange.

Group Management and Development, Inc., FLG Management and Development Corporation, M.A. Jimenez Enterprises, Inc. and Television International Corporation are significant shareholders of the Company.

Security Ownership of Management as of March 31, 2016:

Stockholder Name	Position	Citizenship	Record / Beneficial (R/B)	No. of Common Shares Held	Percent of Common Shares	No. of Preferred Shares Held	Percent of Preferred Shares
Anna-Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar	Director/Assistant Corporate Secretary	Filipino	R/B	529,003	0.01%	6	0.00%
Gilberto R. Duavit Jr.	Director/Pres. and COO	Filipino	R/B	4,007,005	0.11%	12	0.00%
Felipe L. Gozon	Director/Chairman and CEO	Filipino	R/B	3,181	0.00%	26,880	0.00%
Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	Director	Filipino	R/B	325,003	0.01%	6	0.00%
Michael John R. Duavit	Director	Filipino	R/B	1	0.00%	0	0.00%
Laura J. Westfall	Director	Filipino	R/B	2	0.00%	6	0.00%
Felipe S. Yalong	Director/Executive Vice-President/Chief Financial Officer	Filipino	R/B	1,025,002	0.03%	6	0.00%
Jaime C. Laya	Independent Director	Filipino	R/B	294,000	0.0087%	0	0.00%
Artemio V. Panganiban	Independent Director	Filipino	R/B	1	0.00%	0	0.00%
Marissa L. Flores	Senior Vice President – News and Public Affairs	Filipino		0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Ronaldo P. Mastrili	Senior Vice President – Finance and ICT	Filipino	R/B	182,000	0.0054%	0	0.00%
Lilybeth G. Rasonable	Senior Vice President – Entertainment TV	Filipino	R/B	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Elvis B. Ancheta	Senior Vice President and Head, Engineering Group; Head, Transmission and Regional Engineering Department	Filipino		0	0.00%	0	0.00%

Lizelle G. Maralag	Chief Mark Officer	ting Filipino	0	0.00%	0	0.00%

As of March 31, 2016, the Company's directors and senior officers owned an aggregate of 6,365,198 common shares of the Company, equivalent to 0.1892% of the Company's issued and outstanding common capital stock and 27,294 preferred shares equivalent to 0.00% of the Company's issued and outstanding preferred capital stock.

Voting Trust Holders of 5% or more

The Company is unaware of any persons holding more than 5% of shares under a voting trust or similar agreement.

Changes in Control

There are no existing provisions in the Articles of Incorporation or the By-Laws of the Company which will delay, defer or in any manner prevent a change in control of the Company. There have been no arrangements which have resulted in a change in control of the Company during the period covered by this report.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Advances to Affiliates

The Company has, from time to time, made advances to certain of its affiliates. The advances are non-interest bearing.

The Company made advances to Mont-Aire in the amount of P121.4 million as of December 31, 2004. Of such advances, the Company converted the amount of P38.3 million into P38.3 million worth of common shares of Mont-Aire. Simultaneously, the other shareholders of Mont-Aire, namely, Group Management and Development, Inc., Television International Corporation and FLG Management and Development Corporation converted advances in the aggregate amount of P23.5 million made by them to Mont-Aire into P23.5 million worth of common shares of Mont Aire. The SEC approved the conversion of the advances into equity on February 17, 2006. The Company owns 49% of Mont-Aire, with the remaining 51% being owned by the Duavit family, Gozon family and Jimenez family. Mont-Aire is a real estate holding company whose principal property is a 5.3 hectare property located in Tagaytay, Cavite. Such property is not used in the broadcasting business of the Company. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, Mont-Aire has had advances owing to the Company in the amount of P87.9 million and P87.6 million, respectively. Please see Note 20 of the Company's financial statements.

Agreements with RGMA Network, Inc. ("RGMA")

The Company has an existing agreement with RGMA for the latter to provide general management, programming and research, events management, on-air monitoring of commercial placements, certificates of performance, billing and collection functions, and local sales service for the 25 radio stations of the Company. RGMA is paid management and marketing fees based on billed sales. Please see Note 20 of the Company's financial statements.

Agreements with GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. ("GMA Marketing")

The Company entered into a marketing agreement with its wholly-owned subsidiary, GMA Marketing wherein GMA Marketing agreed to sell television advertising spots and airtime in exchange for which GMA Marketing will be entitled to a marketing fee and commission. Apart from this, the Company likewise engaged the services of GMA Marketing to handle and mount promotional events as well as to manage the encoding, scheduling of telecast/broadcast placements and subsequent monitoring of sales implementations for which GMA Marketing is paid a fixed monthly service fee. Please see Note 20 of the Company's financial statements.

Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila Law Office

The Company and the law firm of Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila entered into a retainer agreement in 1993 under which Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila was engaged by the Company as its external counsel. As such external counsel, Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila handles all cases and legal matters referred to it by the Company. Other than Felipe L. Gozon, who is part of the Gozon Family, one of the principal shareholders of the Company, and director of the Company since 1975, some of the lawyers of Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila eventually assumed certain positions and functions in the Company either in their individual capacities or as part of the functions of Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila as the Company's external counsel. Please see Note 20 of the Company's financial statements.

Item 13. Corporate Governance

Please refer to the attached ACGR.

PART V - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

Item 14. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit 1 - Financial Statements

(b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C

- Results of Special Board Meeting (Approval of FS, Cash Dividend, election of Michael John R. Duavit as Director and date and record date of the ASM) – March 30, 2015
- Declaration of Cash Dividends for Preferred and Common shares (Amount, record and payment dates) – March 30, 2015
- Press Release "GMA Network declares P1.215 Billion cash dividends looks forward to better financial results for 2015" – March 30, 2015
- Notice of Annual Stockholders' Meeting (Date and Venue of ASM and Record Date) March 30, 2015
- Notice of Analysts'/Investors' Briefing (1Q results) May 7, 2015
- Presentation Materials used during the 1Q briefing May 14, 2015
- Press Release: "GMA Network reports 25 percent increase in Q1 2015 net income" and additional disclosures made during the financial briefing – May 14, 2015
- Results of Annual Stockholders' Meeting May 20, 2015
- Results of Organizational Meeting of the Board May 20, 2015
- Amendment of Articles of Incorporation May 25, 2015
- Statement from the Company's majority shareholders re: RSA June 23, 2015
- Statement from the Company's majority shareholders re: RSA June 26, 2015
- Statement from the Company's majority shareholders re: RSA June 29, 2015
- Results of the regular meeting of the Board July 23, 2015
- Notice of Analysts'/Investors' Briefing (2Q results) July 27, 2015
- Clarification of News Report from Inquirer. Net "SMC boss sues top GMA exec for estafa" – August 4, 2015
- Statement of Atty. Felipe L. Gozon (for himself and the Gozon Group) August 5, 2015
- Presentation materials used during the Company's 2Q briefing August 6, 2015
- Press Release "GMA Network hits P1.099 billion net income in H1 2015 and additional disclosures made during the financial briefing – August 6, 2015
- Statement of the Gozon Group August 13, 2015

- Notice of Analysts'/Investors' Briefing (3Q results) Oct 26, 2015
- Presentation materials used during the Company's 3Q briefing November 5, 2015
- Press Release: "GMA Network reports almost 80 percent growth in net income in for first nine months of 2015" and additional disclosures made during the financial briefing – November 5, 2015

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements							
Code, this report is signed	on behalf	of the	issuer by	the		thereunto	duly
authorized, in the City of	MAKAT	Trity	on		, 2016		
	MANA	I CITT	AP	R 1	4 2016		

Ву:

FELIPE L. GOZON
Principal Executive Officer

RONALDO P. MASTRILI
Comptroller / Principal Accounting Officer

GILBERTO R. DUAVIT, JR. Principal Operating Officer

FELIPE S. YALONG
Principal Financial Officer

ROBERTO O. PAREL Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ______ APRay104 _____ 2016 affiants exhibiting to me their Passport/Driver's License Numbers, as follows:

Names
Felipe L. Gozon
Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.
Felipe S. Yalong
Ronaldo P. Mastrili
Roberto O. Parel

Passport No.	Date of Issue	Place of Issue
EB7372600	Feb. 13, 2013	DFA, Manila
SSS# 33-1841930		
EB7528245	Mar 1, 2013	DFA, Manila
Driver's License No	N15-83-035933	
SSS# 03-66377590		

Doc. No. 3/16 Page No. 9/1 Book No. 3/16 Series of 2016 ATTY. VIRGITOR. BATALLA

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY

ON THE PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY

EXECUTIVE BLDG. CENTER

MAKATI AVE., COR., JUPITER



STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 8, 2016

Securities and Exchange Commission SEC Building, EDSA Greenhills Mandaluyong, Metro Manila

The management of GMA Network, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Group) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015, including the additional components attached therein, in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes designing and implementing internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements and submits the same to the stockholders.

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditors, appointed by the stockholders has examined the consolidated financial statements of GMA Network, Inc. and Subsidiaries in accordance with the Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such examination.

FELIPE L. GOZON Chairman of the Board Chief Executive Officer

GILBERTO R. DUAVIT

President

Chief Operating Officer

FELIPE S. YALONG Executive Vice President Chief Financial Officer

APR 1 4 2016

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this day of at affiants exhibited to me their (Felipe L. Gozon) TIN 106-174-605, (Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.) TIN 158-147-748 and (Felipe S. Yalong) TIN 102-874-052.

Doc. No. Page No. Book No. Series of 2016

Until Dec 31, 2016 PTR No. 0560861- 1-5-15 Q.C

IBP No. 967487 1-5-15 Q.C

Roll No. 20434

MCLE Compliance No. IV 0023005, 2-10-14 Notarial Commission Adm. Matter No.

GMA NETWORK, INC.

GMA Network Center, EDSA cor. Timog Ave., Diliman, Quezon City, 1103, Philippines Telephone No.: (632) 982-7777



SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 891 0307 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City **Philippines**

Fax: (632) 819 0872 ey.com/ph

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, December 14, 2015, valid until December 31, 2018 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-4 (Group A), November 10, 2015, valid until November 9, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors GMA Network, Inc. **GMA** Network Center Timog Avenue corner EDSA Quezon City

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of GMA Network, Inc. and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





Building a better

- 2 -

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of GMA Network, Inc. and Subsidiaries as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, and their financial performance and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Marydith C. Miguel
Marydith C. Miguel

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 65556

SEC Accreditation No. 0087-AR-3 (Group A), January 18, 2013, valid until April 30, 2016

Tax Identification No. 102-092-270

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-55-2015,

February 27, 2015, valid until February 26, 2018

PTR No. 5321664, January 4, 2016, Makati City

April 8, 2016



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Decemb	
	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 6 and 30)	₽2,160,298,125	₽1,598,825,520
Trade and other receivables (Notes 7, 20, and 30)	4,384,198,602	4,323,976,349
Program and other rights (Note 8)	1,192,607,228	1,198,270,709
Prepaid expenses and other current assets (Note 9)	1,069,029,207	1,099,835,394
	8,806,133,162	8,220,907,972
Asset classified as held for sale (Note 10)	-	26,432,472
Total Current Assets	8,806,133,162	8,247,340,444
Noncurrent Assets Property and equipment:		
At cost (Note 12)	3,127,843,301	3,373,810,427
At revalued amounts (Note 13)	1,802,522,857	1,799,712,858
Available-for-sale financial assets (Notes 10, 30 and 31)	191,116,881	129,024,081
Investments and advances (Notes 11 and 20)	147,652,576	147,937,544
Investment properties (Notes 14 and 31)	55,548,001	58,811,306
Deferred income tax assets - net (Note 28)	185,462,919	147,400,799
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 15, 30 and 31)	99,262,238	116,368,389
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,609,408,773	5,773,065,404
TOTAL ASSETS	₽14,415,541,935	₽14,020,405,848
201121200210	111,110,011,200	111,020,100,010
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Short-term loans (Notes 17 and 30)	₽1,152,970,000	₽2,222,960,000
Trade payables and other current liabilities (Notes 16, 20, and 30)	2,190,657,499	1,931,183,185
Income tax payable	359,645,980	61,653,785
Current portion of obligations for program and other rights		
(Notes 18 and 30)	220,843,041	116,533,114
Dividends payable (Note 30)	10,873,177	9,698,035
Total Current Liabilities	3,934,989,697	4,342,028,119
Nonauguant Liabilities		
Noncurrent Liabilities Pension liability (Note 26)	1,102,714,871	1,161,280,052
Other long-term employee benefits (Notes 26 and 31)	295,717,251	259,012,979
Deferred income tax liabilities - net (Note 28)	473,111,431	19,696,301
Noncurrent portion of obligations for program and other rights	_	19,090,301
(Notes 18, 30 and 31)		5,193,223
	1 200 422 122	1,445,182,555
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	1,398,432,122	
1 OTAL LIADINUES	5,333,421,819	5,787,210,674

(Forward)



		December 31
	2015	2014
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company		
Capital stock (Note 19)	₽4,864,692,000	₽4,864,692,000
Additional paid-in capital	1,659,035,196	1,659,035,196
Revaluation increment on land - net of tax (Note 13)	1,017,247,029	1,017,247,029
Remeasurement loss on retirement plans - net of tax	(300,486,170)	(313,328,670)
Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial	,	
assets - net of tax (Note 10)	(59,671,681)	5,019,775
Retained earnings (Note 19)	1,892,306,756	992,079,088
Treasury stocks (Note 19)	(28,483,171)	(28,483,171)
Underlying shares of the acquired Philippine Deposit Receipts	, , , ,	, , , ,
(Note 19)	(5,790,016)	(5,790,016)
Total Equity Attributable to Parent Company	9,038,849,943	8,190,471,231
Equity Attributable to Non-controlling Interest (Note 2)	43,270,173	42,723,943
Total Equity	9,082,120,116	8,233,195,174
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	₽14,415,541,935	₱14,020,405,848



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Years Ended Decemb	ber 31
	2015	2014	2013
NET REVENUES (Note 21)	₱13,727,094,669	₱11,982,888,346	₱12,950,879,322
PRODUCTION COSTS (Note 22)	5,842,585,068	5,551,782,964	5,956,381,705
GROSS PROFIT	7,884,509,601	6,431,105,382	6,994,497,617
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Note 23)	4,902,372,023	5,021,969,892	4,608,945,146
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) - NET Interest expense (Notes 17 and 18) Interest income (Note 6) Net foreign currency exchange loss Equity in net earnings (losses) of joint ventures (Note 11)	(40,534,078) 13,655,810 (33,533,918) (3,113,716)	(34,258,441) 15,640,942 (12,972,272) 5,338,761	(51,661,084) 23,990,805 (31,320,982) (5,362,051)
Others - net (Note 25)	117,553,460	74,569,595	66,106,894
	54,027,558	48,318,585	1,753,582
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	3,036,165,136	1,457,454,075	2,387,306,053
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 28) Current Deferred	954,898,842 (44,562,213) 910,336,629	513,917,294 (65,982,463) 447,934,831	909,190,340 (196,859,299) 712,331,041
NET INCOME	2,125,828,507	1,009,519,244	1,674,975,012
Item to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods - Net changes in the fair market value of available-for-sale financial assets (Note 10) Recycling of fair value change of certain available-for-sale firnancial assets due to impairment and redemption (Note 10) Income tax effect	(60,440,000) (5,241,820) 990,364 (64,691,456)	770,788 1,370,300 (204,500) 1,936,588	(982,740) - - (982,740)
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Revaluation increment (decrement) on land (Note 13)	-	(5,587,193)	395,714,346
Remeasurement gain (loss) on retirement plans (Note 26) Income tax effect	18,346,429 (5,503,929) 12,842,500	(410,241,751) 124,748,683 (291,080,261) (289,143,673)	(86,144,320) (92,871,008) 216,699,018 215,716,278
TOTAL COMPDEHENSIVE INCOME	(51,848,956)		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2,073,979,551	₽720,375,571	₽1,890,691,290
Net income attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interest (Note 2)	₽2,115,082,277 10,746,230 ₽2,125,828,507	₱1,004,651,016 4,868,228 ₱1,009,519,244	₱1,666,949,855 8,025,157 ₱1,674,975,012
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interest (Note 2)	₽2,073,979,551 - ₽2,073,979,551	₽714,300,986 6,074,585 ₽720,375,571	₱1,882,666,133 8,025,157 ₱1,890,691,290
Basic / Diluted Earnings Per Share (Note 29)	₽0.435	₽0.207	₽0.343
Dasie, Direct Lai migs I et Share (Note 27)	FU.433	FU.20/	FU.343



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

_			Equ	uity Attributable to	Equity Holders of	the Parent Com	oany				
					Net Unrealized			Underlying	<u>.</u>		
				Remeasurement	Gain (Loss) on			Shares of the	Total		
			Revaluation		Available-for-sale			Acquired	Equity	Non-	
		Additional	Increment on	Retirement Plans		Retained		Philippine	Attributable to	controlling	
	Capital Stock	Paid-in	Land - Net of	- Net of Tax	Net of Tax		Treasury Stocks		Parent	Interest	m . 100 to
	(Note 19)	Capital	Tax (Note 13)	(Note 26)	(Note 10)	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	(Note 19)	Company	(Note 2)	Total Equity
Balances at January 1, 2015	₽4,864,692,000	₽1,659,035,196	₽1,017,247,029	(P 313,328,670)	₽5,019,775	₽992,079,088	(P 28,483,171)	(P 5,790,016)	₽8,190,471,231	₽42,723,943	₽8,233,195,174
Total comprehensive income:											
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	2,115,082,277	_	_	2,115,082,277	10,746,230	2,125,828,507
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	12,842,500	(64,691,456)	_	-	_	(51,848,956)	_	(51,848,956)
Cash dividends - ₱0.25 a share (Note 19)	_	_	_	-	_	(1,214,854,609)	_	_	(1,214,854,609)	_	(1,214,854,609)
Cash dividends to non-controlling interest	_		_		_			_	_	(10,200,000)	(10,200,000)
Balances at December 31, 2015	₽4,864,692,000	₽1,659,035,196	₽1,017,247,029	(₱300,486,170)	(P 59,671,681)	₽1,892,306,756	(₱28,483,171)	(₱5,790,016)	₽9,038,849,943	₽43,270,173	₽9,082,120,116
Balances at January 1, 2014	₽4,864,692,000	₱1,659,035,196	₱1,021,158,064	(P 24,953,087)	₱3,083,187	₱1,299,681,650	(P 28,483,171)	(₱5,790,016)	₽8,788,423,823	₱36,649,358	₽8,825,073,181
Total comprehensive income:											
Net income	_	_	_	-	_	1,004,651,016	-	_	1,004,651,016	4,868,228	1,009,519,244
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	(3,911,035)	(288,375,583)	1,936,588	_	-	_	(290,350,030)	1,206,357	(289,143,673)
Cash dividends - ₱0.27 a share (Note 19)	_	_	_	_	_	(1,312,253,578)	_	_	(1,312,253,578)	_	(1,312,253,578)
Balances at December 31, 2014	₱4,864,692,000	₱1,659,035,196	₱1,017,247,029	(₱313,328,670)	₽5,019,775	₱992,079,088	(₱28,483,171)	(₱5,790,016)	₽8,190,471,231	₱42,723,943	₽8,233,195,174
Balances at January 1, 2013	₽4,864,692,000	₽1,659,035,196	₽744,158,022	₽35,347,937	₽4,065,927	₽847,781,404	(₱28,483,171)	(₱5,790,016)	₽8,120,807,299	₱28,624,201	₽8,149,431,500
Total comprehensive income:											
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	1,666,949,855	_	_	1,666,949,855	8,025,157	1,674,975,012
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	277,000,042	(60,301,024)	(982,740)	_	_	_	215,716,278	_	215,716,278
Cash dividends - ₱0.25 a share (Note 19)		_	_	_		(1,215,049,609)	_		(1,215,049,609)		(1,215,049,609)
Balances at December 31, 2013	₽4,864,692,000	₽1,659,035,196	₱1,021,158,064	(₱24,953,087)	₽3,083,187	₱1,299,681,650	(₱28,483,171)	(₱5,790,016)	₽8,788,423,823	₽36,649,358	₽8,825,073,181



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31			
	2015	2014	2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	₽3,036,165,136	₽1,457,454,075	₽2,387,306,053	
Non-cash adjustments to reconcile income before	10,000,100,100	,,,	,,,	
income tax to net cash flows:				
Depreciation and amortization				
(Notes 12, 14, 22 and 23)	800,272,014	776,525,812	705,440,885	
Program and other rights usage (Notes 8 and 22)	754,638,743	646,680,799	565,357,691	
Pension expense (Note 26)	166,938,102	163,016,525	116,158,183	
Interest expense (Notes 17 and 18)	40,534,078	34,258,441	51,661,084	
Net unrealized foreign currency exchange loss	24,267,569	12,357,814	45,628,791	
Gain on disposal of asset held for sale				
(Notes 10 and 25)	(23,567,528)	-	-	
Amortization of software costs (Notes 15 and 23)	20,680,531	23,369,011	30,995,844	
Gain on sale of property and equipment (Note 25)	(19,962,498)	(32,321,569)	(11,243,730)	
Interest income (Note 6)	(13,655,810)	(15,640,942)	(23,990,805)	
Provisions for doubtful accounts (Notes 7 and 23)	8,581,859	715,495	848,005	
Recycling of fair value change of certain available for-sale financial assets due to				
redemption (Note 10)	(6,601,820)			
Equity in net losses (earnings) of joint ventures	(0,001,020)	_	_	
(Note 11)	3,113,716	(5,338,761)	5,362,051	
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial	3,113,710	(3,330,701)	3,302,031	
assets (Notes 10 and 23)	1,360,000	1,370,300	1,053,550	
Loss on asset disposed/written off (Note 25)	1,113,094	3,624,011	2,703,576	
Loss on redemption of available-for-sale	-,,	- , - , -	,,	
financial assets (Note 25)	147,380	_	_	
Dividend income (Note 25)	´ –	(514,942)	(22,130,300)	
Gain on sale of investment properties (Note 25)	_	(396,813)	_	
Working capital adjustments:				
Decreases (increases) in:				
Short-term investments	_	7,874,002	664,140	
Trade and other receivables	(126,593,181)	(933,327,414)	373,295,344	
Program and other rights (Note 8)	(748,975,262)	(635,722,227)	(585,446,302)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	29,693,093	(331,402,718)	88,989,835	
Increases (decreases) in:		150 000 771	107.052.120	
Trade payables and other current liabilities	229,032,100	150,800,771	187,053,120	
Obligations for program and other rights	99,116,704	(51,500,114)	(76,383,888)	
Other long-term employee benefits	36,704,272	12,240,548	21,711,880	
Contributions to retirement plan assets (Note 26) Benefits paid out of Group's fund	(172,681,390)	(17,595,626)	(3,578,687) (420,198)	
Cash flows provided by operations	(34,475,464) 4,105,845,438	1,266,526,478	3,861,036,122	
Interest received	4,105,845,438	15,886,283	24,023,042	
Income taxes paid	(656,906,736)	(619,881,084)	(829,742,855)	
Net cash flows from operating activities	3,462,383,581	662,531,677	3,055,316,309	
Net cash nows from operating activities	3,402,303,301	002,331,077	3,033,310,307	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisitions of:				
Property and equipment (Note 12)	(552,797,608)	(563,896,491)	(672,652,227)	
Land at revalued amount (Note 13)	(2,809,999)	-	_	
Software costs (Note 15)	(2,170,075)	(21,632,058)	(12,309,842)	
Investment properties (Note 14)	(105,411)	(3,299,279)	(1,846,519)	
Proceeds from:	44 044 044	20.540.507	12.057.505	
Sale of property and equipment	21,823,934	38,540,596	13,257,506	
Redemption of available-for-sale financial assets	718,000	2 200 001		
Sale of investment properties (Forward)	_	2,200,001	_	
(Porward)				



Years Ended December 31 2015 2013 2014 Decreases (increases) in other noncurrent assets (¥1,404,305) (P2,510,978) ₽7,465,632 Advances to an associate and joint ventures (Notes 11 and 20) (2,828,748)(3,134,845)65,902 Cash dividends received Net cash flows used in investing activities (539,574,212) (553,667,152) (666,085,450) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from availments of short-term loans (Note 17) 1,200,000,000 2,191,559,000 1,825,000,000 Payments of: Short-term loans (Note 17) (1,106,824,000)(2,500,000,000)(2,325,197,500)(1,223,879,467)Cash dividends (Notes 2 and 19) (1,311,424,172) (1,213,829,077) (43,199,728)Interest expense (35,317,535)(52,848,510)Net cash flows used in financing activities (2,392,276,695)(262,006,707)(1,941,677,587) NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND **CASH EQUIVALENTS** 530,532,674 (153,142,182)447,553,272 EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 30,939,931 2,336,506 14,792,364 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,598,825,520 1,749,631,196 1,287,285,560 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR (Note 6) ₽2,160,298,125 ₱1,598,825,520 ₱1,749,631,196



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

GMA Network, Inc. (GNI or the Parent Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") are incorporated in the Philippines. The Group is primarily involved in the business of radio and television broadcasting. The Group is also involved in film production and other information and entertainment-related businesses. The registered office address of the Parent Company is GMA Network Center, Timog Avenue corner EDSA, Quezon City. The Parent Company was registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on June 14, 1950. On July 20, 1995, the Board of Directors (BOD) approved the extension of the corporate term of the Parent Company for another 50 years from June 14, 2000. In 1997, the SEC approved the said extension.

The Parent Company's shares of stock are publicly listed and traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group were approved and authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Parent Company's BOD on April 8, 2016.

2. Basis of Preparation and Consolidation, Statement of Compliance and Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets and land under property and equipment which are measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency. All values are rounded to the nearest peso, except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The Group's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2015 and 2014. The Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.



Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Right arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Company gains control until the date the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests (NCI), even if this results in the NCI having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Parent Company's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, NCI and other components of equity while any resultant gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of income. Any investment retained is recognized at fair value.

NCI represent the interests in the subsidiaries not held by the Parent Company, and are presented separately in the consolidated statements of income and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position, separately from equity attributable to holders of the Parent Company. NCI shares in losses even if the losses exceed the non-controlling equity interest in the subsidiary. NCI represents the equity interest in RGMA Network, Inc. (RGMA Network).

The consolidated financial statements include additional information about subsidiaries that have NCI that are material to the Parent Company. Management determined material partly-owned subsidiaries as those with balance of NCI greater than 5% of non-controlling interests and/or subsidiaries whose activities are important to the Group as at end of the year.

Financial information of RGMA Network, a subsidiary that has material NCI, are summarized below:

	2015	2014
Proportion of equity interest held by NCI	51%	51%
Accumulated balances of material NCI	₽43,270,173	₽ 42,723,943
Net income allocated to material NCI	10,746,230	4,868,228



The summarized financial information of RGMA Network are provided below.

Summarized Statements of Comprehensive Income

	2015	2014	2013
Revenues	₽192,281,024	₱161,305,678	₱161,133,002
Expenses	(162,154,673)	(147,595,904)	(138,656,364)
Provision for income tax	(9,055,313)	(4,164,229)	(6,741,036)
Net income	21,071,038	9,545,545	15,735,602
Other comprehensive income	_	2,365,404	_
Total comprehensive income	₽21,071,038	₽11,910,949	₽15,735,602
Net income attributable to: NCI Parent Company	₽10,746,230 10,324,808	₱4,868,228 4,677,317	₱8,025,157 7,710,445
Total comprehensive income attributable to: NCI Parent Company	₽10,746,230 10,324,808	₽6,074,585 5,836,364	₽8,025,157 7,710,445

Summarized Statements of Financial Position

	2015	2014
Total current assets	₽146,954,805	₽144,057,618
Total noncurrent assets	26,103,632	24,781,992
Total current liabilities	15,718,355	18,520,518
Total noncurrent liabilities	74,635,860	68,715,910
Total equity	82,704,222	81,603,182
Attributable to NCI	₽43,270,173	₽42,723,943
Attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	₽39,434,049	₽38,879,239

Summarized Cash Flow Information

	2015	2014	2013
Operating	₽17,479,616	(P 4,136,038)	₽1,843,305
Investing	(20,728,549)	(610,168)	(1,330,054)
Net increase (decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents	(₽3,248,933)	(₱4,746,206)	₽513,251

In 2015, RGMA declared and paid dividends amounting to P10.20 million to NCI. There were no dividends paid to NCI for the years ended 2014 and 2013.



The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company and the following subsidiaries as at December 31, 2015 and 2014:

		Per	centage
		of O	wnership
	Principal Activities	Direct	Indirect
Entertainment Business:			
Alta Productions Group, Inc. (Alta)	Pre- and post-production services	100	_
Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc. (Citynet)	Television entertainment production	100	-
GMA Network Films, Inc.	Film production	100	_
GMA New Media, Inc. (GNMI)	Converging Technology	100	_
GMA Worldwide (Philippines),	International marketing, handling foreign program	100	_
Inc.	acquisitions and international syndication of the Parent Company's programs		
Scenarios, Inc.*	Design, construction and maintenance of sets for TV, stage plays and concerts; transportation services	100	_
RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.	Music recording, publishing and video distribution	100	_
RGMA Network	Radio broadcasting and management	49	_
Script2010, Inc.**	Design, construction and maintenance of sets for TV, stage plays and concerts; transportation and manpower services	-	100
Advertising Business:			
GMA Marketing & Productions, Inc. (GMPI)	Exclusive marketing and sales arm of the Parent Company's airtime; events management; sales implementation, traffic services and monitoring	100	-
Digify, Inc.***	Crafting, planning and handling advertising and other forms of promotion including multi-media productions	_	100
Others:			
Media Merge Corporation***	Business development and operations for the Parent Company's online publishing/advertising initiatives	-	100
Ninja Graphics, Inc.**** *Under liquidation **Indirectly owned through Citynet	Ceased commercial operations in 2004	_	51

^{**}Indirectly owned through Citynet ***Indirectly owned through GNMI

Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted were consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following amendments and improvements to the Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. The adoption of these amendments and improvements did not have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- Amendments to PAS 19, Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contribution
- Annual Improvements to PFRS (2010-2012 Cycle)
 - PFRS 2, Share-based Payment Definition of Vesting Condition
 - o PFRS 3, Business Combinations Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination



^{****}Indirectly owned through Alta; ceased commercial operations in 2004

- PFRS 8, Operating Segments Aggregation of Operating Segments and Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets
- o PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment Revaluation Method Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation, and PAS 38, Intangible Assets - Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Amortization
- o PFRS 24, Related Party Disclosures Key Management Personnel
- Annual Improvements to PFRS (2011-2013 cycle)
 - o PFRS 3, Business Combinations Scope Exceptions for Joint Arrangement
 - o PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement Portfolio Exception
 - o PAS 40, Investment Property

Future Changes in Accounting Policies

The Group did not early adopt the following new standards, amendments and improvements to PFRS and Philippine Interpretations that have been approved but are not yet effective.

Effective January 1, 2016

• PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, and PAS 38, Intangible Assets - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendments)

The amendments clarify the principle in PAS 16 and PAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating a business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through the use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment, and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortize intangible assets. The amendments are effective prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. These amendments will not have any impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements as the Group has not used a revenue-based method to depreciate its noncurrent assets.

• PAS 16, *Property, Plant and Equipment*, and PAS 41, *Agriculture - Bearer Plants* (Amendments)

The amendments change the accounting requirements for biological assets that meet the definition of bearer plants. Under the amendments, biological assets that meet the definition of bearer plants will no longer be within the scope of PAS 41. Instead, PAS 16 will apply. After initial recognition, bearer plants will be measured under PAS 16 at accumulated cost (before maturity) and using either the cost model or revaluation model (after maturity). The amendments also require that produce that grows on bearer plants will remain in the scope of PAS 41 measured at fair value less costs to sell. For government grants related to bearer plants, PAS 20, *Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance*, will apply. The amendments are retrospectively effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The amendments are not applicable to the Group as it does not have any bearer plants.



• PAS 27, Separate Financial Statements - Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments)

The amendments will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates in their separate financial statements. Entities already applying PFRS and electing to change to the equity method in its separate financial statements will have to apply that change retrospectively. For first-time adopters of PFRS electing to use the equity method in its separate financial statements, they will be required to apply this method from the date of transition to PFRS. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. These amendments will not have any impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

• PFRS 11, Joint Arrangements - Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments)

The amendments to PFRS 11 require that a joint operator accounting for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation, in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business must apply the relevant PFRS 3 principles for business combinations accounting. The amendments also clarify that a previously held interest in a joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. In addition, scope exclusion has been added to PFRS 11 to specify that the amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under common control of the same ultimate controlling party.

The amendments apply to both the acquisition of the initial interest in a joint operation and the acquisition of any additional interests in the same joint operation and are prospectively effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. These amendments are not expected to have any impact to the Group.

PFRS 14 is an optional standard that allows an entity, whose activities are subject to rate-regulation, to continue applying most of its existing accounting policies for regulatory deferral account balances upon its first-time adoption of PFRS. Entities that adopt PFRS 14 must present the regulatory deferral accounts as separate line items on the statement of financial position and present movements in these account balances as separate line items in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The standard requires disclosures on the nature of, and risks associated with, the entity's rate-regulation and the effects of that rate-regulation on its financial statements. PFRS 14 is effective for annual

periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. The standard is not applicable to the Group

PFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts

since it is an existing PFRS preparer.

• PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, PFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendments)

These amendments clarify that the exemption in PFRS 10 from presenting consolidated financial statements applies to a parent entity that is a subsidiary of an investment entity (IE) that measures all of its subsidiaries at fair value and that only a subsidiary of an IE that is not an IE itself and that provides support services to the IE parent is consolidated. The amendments also allow an investor (that is not an IE and has an IE associate or joint venture), when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by the IE associate or joint venture to its interests in subsidiaries. These amendments are effective from



annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. These amendments will not have any impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements since none of the entities within the Group is an IE nor does the Group have IE associates or joint venture.

• PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements - Disclosure Initiative (Amendments)

The amendments are intended to assist entities in applying judgment when meeting the presentation and disclosure requirements in PFRS. The amendments clarify the following:

- That entities shall not reduce the understandability of their financial statements by either obscuring material information with immaterial information; or aggregating material items that have different natures or functions;
- That specific line items in the statement of income and OCI and the statement of financial position may be disaggregated;
- That entities have flexibility as to the order in which they present the notes to financial statements:
- That the share of OCI of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method must be presented in aggregate as a single line item, and classified between those items that will or will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.

Early application is permitted and entities do not need to disclose that fact as the amendments are considered to be clarifications that do not affect an entity's accounting policies or accounting estimates. The Group is currently assessing the impact of these amendments on its consolidated financial statements.

• Annual Improvements to PFRS (2012-2014 cycle)

These improvements to the following standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning on or before January 1, 2016 and are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

 PFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations - Changes in Methods of Disposal

The amendment is applied prospectively and clarifies that changing from a disposal through sale to a disposal through distribution to owners and vice-versa should not be considered to be a new plan of disposal, rather it is a continuation of the original plan. There is, therefore, no interruption of the application of the requirements in PFRS 5. The amendment also clarifies that changing the disposal method does not change the date of classification.

PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Servicing Contracts

PFRS 7 requires an entity to provide disclosures for any continuing involvement in a transferred asset that is derecognized in its entirety. The amendment clarifies that a servicing contract that includes a fee can constitute continuing involvement in a financial asset. An entity must assess the nature of the fee and arrangement against the guidance in PFRS 7 in order to assess whether the disclosures are required. The amendment is to be applied such that the assessment of which servicing contracts constitute continuing involvement will need to be done retrospectively. However, comparative disclosures are not required to be provided for any period beginning before the annual period in which the entity first applies the amendments.



 PFRS 7 - Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

This amendment is applied retrospectively and clarifies that the disclosures on offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities are not required in the condensed interim financial report unless they provide a significant update to the information reported in the most recent annual report.

• PAS 19, Employee Benefits - Regional Market Issue Regarding Discount Rate

This amendment is applied prospectively and clarifies that market depth of high quality corporate bonds is assessed based on the currency in which the obligation is denominated, rather than the country where the obligation is located. When there is no deep market for high quality corporate bonds in that currency, government bond rates must be used.

• PAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting - Disclosure of Information 'Elsewhere in the Interim Financial Report'

The amendment is applied retrospectively and clarifies that the required interim disclosures must either be in the interim financial statements or incorporated by cross-reference between the interim financial statements and wherever they are included within the greater interim financial report (e.g., in the management commentary or risk report).

Effective January 1, 2018

• PFRS 9, Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued the final version of PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*. The new standard (renamed as PFRS 9) reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces PAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, and all previous versions of PFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. PFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early application permitted. Retrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory. For hedge accounting, the requirements are generally applied prospectively, with some limited exceptions. Early application of previous versions of PFRS 9 (2009, 2010 and 2013) is permitted if the date of initial application is before February 1, 2015.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of PFRS 9 on its consolidated financial statements.

In addition, the IASB has issued the following new standards that have not yet been adopted locally by the SEC and Financial Reporting Standards Council. The Group is currently assessing the impact of these new standards and plans to adopt them in their required effective dates once adopted locally.

• International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 was issued in May 2014 and establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for



transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach to measuring and recognizing revenue. The new revenue standard is applicable to all entities and will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under IFRS. Either a full or modified retrospective application is required for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted.

Effective January 1, 2019

• IFRS 16, Leases

On January 13, 2016, the IASB issued its new standard, IFRS 16, *Leases*, which replaces International Accounting Standards (IAS) 17, the current leases standard, and the related Interpretations.

Under the new standard, lessees will no longer classify their leases as either operating or finance leases in accordance with IAS 17. Rather, lessees will apply the single-asset model. Under this model, lessees will recognize the assets and related liabilities for most leases on their statement of financial position, and subsequently, will depreciate the lease assets and recognize interest on the lease liabilities in their statement of income. Leases with a term of 12 months or less or for which the underlying asset is of low value are exempted from these requirements.

The accounting by lessors is substantially unchanged as the new standard carries forward the principles of lessor accounting under IAS 17. Lessors, however, will be required to disclose more information in their financial statements, particularly on the risk exposure to residual value.

The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Entities may early adopt IFRS 16 but only if they have also adopted IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. When adopting IFRS 16, an entity is permitted to use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach, with options to use certain transition reliefs.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting and Financial Reporting Policies

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The considerations made in determining significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries.

The Group's investments in its associate and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method



Under the equity method, the investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognize changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture since the acquisition date.

Goodwill relating to the associate or joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually.

The Group's share of the results of operations of the associate or joint venture is included in profit and loss. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognizes its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate or joint venture.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of an associate and a joint venture is shown on the face of the consolidated statements of comprehensive income outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and NCI in the subsidiaries of the associate or joint venture.

If the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the associate or joint venture, the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses.

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognize an impairment loss on its investment in its associate or joint venture. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate or joint venture is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value, and then recognizes the loss under "Equity in net earnings (losses) of joint ventures" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognizes any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

<u>Current versus Noncurrent Classification</u>

The Group presents assets and liabilities in consolidated statements of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification. An asset is current when it is:

- expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.



A liability is current when:

- it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less from acquisition date and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Fair Value Measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value related disclosures for financial instruments and non-financial assets that are measured at fair value or where fair values are disclosed, are summarized in the following notes:

- Disclosures for significant estimates and assumptions, see Note 4
- Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy, see Note 31
- Investment properties, see Note 14
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortized cost), see Note 31

Fair value is the estimated price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.



All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

"Day 1" Difference

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in the consolidated statements of income unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset. In cases where use is made of data which is not observable, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" difference amount.

Financial Instruments - Initial Recognition and Subsequent Measurement

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), loans and receivables, held-to-maturity (HTM) investments, AFS financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The Group's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to suppliers), refundable deposits (included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position) and AFS financial assets.



The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables and other current liabilities (excluding payable to government agencies, customers' deposits and advaces from customers), short-term loans, current and noncurrent obligations for program and other rights and dividends payable.

Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at FVPL
- Loans and receivables
- HTM investments
- AFS financial assets

The Group did not classify any financial asset under financial assets at FVPL and HTM investments as at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

a. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The effective interest amortization is included in interest income in profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized under "General and administrative expenses" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents, receivables (excluding advances to suppliers) and refundable deposits (included under "other noncurrent assets" account) are classified as loans and receivables (see Notes 6, 7 and 15).

b. AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets include equity investments and debt securities. Equity investments classified as AFS are those that are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at FVPL. Debt securities in this category are those that are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and that may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in the market conditions.

After initial measurement, AFS financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in OCI and credited in the AFS reserve until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss, or the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative loss is reclassified from the AFS reserve to profit or loss. Interest earned while holding AFS financial assets is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its AFS financial assets in the near term is still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if the management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for foreseeable future or until maturity.



For a financial asset reclassified from the AFS category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortized cost and any previous gain or loss on the asset that has been recognized in equity is amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the EIR. Any difference between the new amortized cost and the maturity amount is also amortized over the remaining life of the asset using the EIR. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

The Group's investments in listed and unlisted equity securities and golf club shares are classified as noncurrent AFS investments (see Notes 10 and 31).

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statements of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

<u>Impairment of Financial Assets</u>

Further disclosures relating to impairment of financial assets, if any, are also provided in the following notes:

- Disclosures for significant estimates and assumptions, see Note 4
- Trade and other receivables, see Notes 7 and 30
- AFS investments, see Notes 10 and 30
- Financial assets, see Note 30

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that has occurred since the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event'), has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial



reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial Assets Carried at Amortized Cost. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original EIR (i.e., the EIR computed at initial recognition). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss shall be recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The financial assets, together with the associated allowance accounts, are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If it is determined that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, the asset is included in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and that group of financial assets is collectively assessed for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized are no longer included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original EIR of the asset. Loans, together with the associated allowance, are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral, if any, has been realized or has been transferred to the Group. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

Assets Carried at Cost. If there is an objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, or on derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

AFS Financial Assets

For AFS financial assets, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

In the case of equity investments classified as AFS, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. 'Significant' is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and 'prolonged' against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. When there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss, measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in the profit or loss, is removed from



OCI and recognized in the profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the profit or loss; increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized in OCI.

The determination of what is 'significant' or 'prolonged' requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.

In the case of debt instruments classified as AFS, the impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortized cost. However, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortized cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in the profit or loss

Future interest income continues to be accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset, using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The interest income is recorded in the profit or loss. If, in a subsequent year, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in the profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through the profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts payable and other current liabilities (excluding payable to government agencies, customer deposits and advances from customers), short-term loans, obligations for program and other rights and dividends payable.

As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Group does not have financial liabilities at FVPL.

Subsequent Measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

a. Financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial liabilities at FVPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by PAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.



Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at FVPL are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in PAS 39 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at FVPL as at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

b. Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method.

Gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statements of income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the profit or loss.

Classification of Financial Instruments Between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Group; or
- satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Group does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

The components of issued financial instruments that contain both liability and equity elements are accounted for separately, with the equity component being assigned the residual amount after deducting from the instrument as a whole the amount separately determined as the fair value of the liability component on the date of issue.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The Group assesses that it has a currently enforceable right of offset if the right is not contingent on a future event, and is legally enforceable in the normal course of business, event of default, and event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group and all of the counterparties.



There is no offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities and any similar arrangements that are required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

Program and Other Rights

Program and other rights with finite lives are stated at cost less amortization and impairment in value. The estimated useful lives and the amortization method used depend on the manner and pattern of usage of the acquired rights. The cost of program and other rights with specific number of runs within a specified term is amortized using straight line method up to the date of expiry. The cost of program and other rights with no definite expiration date is amortized on accelerated method based on the sum of the year's digit of ten years with salvage value of 10% of the total cost. Amortization expense is shown as "Program and other rights usage" included under "Production costs" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

For series of rights acquired, the cost is charged to income as each series is aired on a per episode basis.

For rights intended for airing over the international channels, the cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over the number of years indicated in the contract.

Prepaid Production Costs

Prepaid production costs, included under "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position, represent costs paid in advance prior to the airing of the programs or episodes. These costs include talent fees of artists and production staff and other costs directly attributable to production of programs. These are charged to expense under "Production costs" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income upon airing of the related program or episodes. Costs related to previously taped episodes determined not to be aired are charged to expense.

Materials and Supplies Inventory

Materials and supplies inventory, included under "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position, is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. Net realizable value is the current replacement cost.

Tax Credits

Tax credits represent claims from the government arising from airing of government commercials and advertisements availed under Presidential Decree (PD) No. 1362. Pursuant to PD No. 1362, these will be collected in the form of tax credits which the Group can use in paying for import duties and taxes on imported broadcasting related equipment. The tax credits cannot be used to pay for any other tax obligation to the government.

Asset Classified as Held for Sale

Asset classified as held for sale is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. An asset is classified as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. An extension of the period required to complete a sale does not preclude an asset (or disposal group) from being classified as held for sale if the delay is caused by events or circumstances beyond the Group's control and there is sufficient evidence that the entity remains committed to its plan to sell the asset (or disposal group).



Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, except land, are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the property and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of property and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Land is measured at fair value less accumulated impairment losses, if any, recognized after the date of the revaluation. Valuations are generally performed every three to five years or more frequently as deemed necessary to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount.

Any revaluation surplus is recorded in other comprehensive income and hence, credited to the "Revaluation increment on land - net of tax" account under equity, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss, in which case, the increase is recognized in profit or loss. A revaluation deficit is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it offsets an existing surplus on the same asset recognized in the "Revaluation increment in land - net of tax" account.

Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings, towers and improvements	11-20 years
Antenna and transmitter systems and broadcast equipment	5-10 years
Communication and mechanical equipment	3-5 years
Transportation equipment	4-5 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years

An item of property and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation and amortization are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the accounts until they are no longer in use and no further depreciation and amortization is credited or charged to current operations.

Construction in progress is stated at cost. This includes cost of construction and other direct costs. Construction in progress is not depreciated until such time as the relevant assets are completed and put into operational use.

Investment Properties

Investment properties consist of real estate held for capital appreciation and rental.



Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties, except land, are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and impairment in value. Land is stated at cost less any impairment in value.

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over 11-20 years.

The remaining useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each financial year-end.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property and equipment up to the date of change in use.

Investment in Artworks

Investment in artworks, included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position, is stated at cost less any impairment in value.

Software Costs

Costs incurred in the acquisition and customization of new software, included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position, are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over three to five years.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying values of program and other rights, prepaid production costs, deferred production costs, tax credits, investments and advances, property and equipment, investment properties, software costs and investment in artworks are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, and if the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, the assets are considered impaired and are written down to their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of these nonfinancial assets is the greater of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less cost to sell or value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction less cost to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses, if any, are recognized in profit or loss in comprehensive income in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss,



except for land at revalued amount where the revaluation is taken to OCI, is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss. After such a reversal, the depreciation and amortization charges are adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. For land at revalued amounts, the reversal of impairment is also recognized in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

In the case of investments in associates and interests in joint ventures, after application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognize any additional impairment loss with respect to the Group's investments in associates and interests in joint ventures. The Group determines at each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the investments in associates and interests in joint ventures are impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable amount of investments in associates and the acquisition cost and recognizes the amount in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Equity

Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. Incremental costs incurred directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction from proceeds, net of tax. Proceeds and/or fair value of considerations received in excess of par value are recognized as additional paid-in capital.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period results of operations as reported in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, net of any dividend declaration.

<u>Treasury Stock and Underlying Shares of Acquired Philippine Deposit Receipts (PDRs)</u>
The Parent Company's own reacquired equity instruments are deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

Each PDR entitles the holder to the economic interest of the underlying common share of the Parent Company. The Parent Company's ownership of the PDRs are presented similar to treasury shares in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Dividends on Common Shares of the Parent Company

Dividends on common shares are recognized as liability and deducted from equity when approved by the BOD of the Parent Company. Dividends for the year that are approved after reporting period are dealt with as an event after reporting period.

Revenues

Revenues are recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenues are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty. The Group assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The Group has concluded that it is acting as a principal in all of its revenue arrangements.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:



Airtime Revenue. Revenue is recognized in the period the advertisements are aired. Such revenues are net of co-producers' share. The fair values of capitalizable exchange deals are included in airtime revenue and related accounts. These transactions represent advertising time exchanged for program materials, merchandise or service.

Payments received for advertisements before broadcast (pay before broadcast) are recognized as income on the dates the advertisements are aired. Prior to liquidation, these are classified as unearned revenue under "Advances from customers" included under "Trade payables and other current liabilities" in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Goods received in exchange for airtime usage pursuant to ex-deals contracts executed between the Group and its customers are recorded at fair market values of assets received. Fair market value is the current market price.

Tax credits on aggregate airtime credits from government sales availed of under PD No. 1362 are recognized as income when there is reasonable certainty that these can be used to pay duties and taxes on imported broadcasting related equipment.

Subscription Income. Revenue is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of subscription agreements.

Commission from Artist Center. Revenue is recognized as income on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the related marketing agreements.

Production and Others. Production revenue is recognized when project-related services are rendered. Others pertain to revenue from sponsorship and licensing income which is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

Rental Income. Revenue from lease of property and equipment is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Dividend Income. Revenue is recognized when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Interest Income. Revenue is recognized as the interest accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

Equity in Net Earnings (Losses) of Joint Ventures. The Group recognizes its share in the net income or loss of an associate and joint ventures proportionate to the equity in the economic shares of such associates and joint ventures, in accordance with the equity method.

Other Income. Other income is recognized when there is an incidental economic benefit, other than the usual business operations, that will flow to the Group through an increase in asset or reduction in liability that can be measured reliably.

Co-producers' Share

Co-producers' share is deducted from gross revenues in the profit or loss in the period the advertisements are aired.

Share of co-producers on revenues of specific programs are covered by duly authorized contracts entered into between the Group and the co-producers. The co-producers normally undertake the production of such program in return for a stipulated percentage of revenue.



Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Expenses

Expenses, presented as "Production costs" and "General and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, are recognized as incurred.

Pension and Other Employee Benefits

The Parent Company and GMPI have funded, noncontributory defined benefit retirement plans covering permanent employees. Other entities are covered by Republic Act (R.A.) 7641, otherwise known as "The Philippine Retirement Law", which provides for qualified employees to receive an amount equivalent to a certain percentage of monthly salary at normal retirement age.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Defined Benefit Plans. The net defined benefit liability or asset is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period reduced by the fair value of plan assets (if any), adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The cost of providing benefits under defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognized immediately in the statement of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Group recognizes related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Group recognizes the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under 'production costs' and 'general and administrative expenses' in consolidated statements of comprehensive income (by function):

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements.
- Net interest expense or income



Plan assets are assets that are held by a long-term employee benefit fund. Fair value of plan assets is based on market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or, if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations). If the fair value of the plan assets is higher than the present value of the defined benefit obligation, the measurement of the resulting defined benefit asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The Group's right to be reimbursed of some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation is recognized as a separate asset at fair value when and only when reimbursement is virtually certain.

Employee Leave Entitlements. Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized as a liability when they accrue to the employees. The liability relating to employee leave entitlement is recognized for services rendered equivalent to the maximum credit leaves earned by the employee, which is expected to be settled upon the employee's resignation or retirement. The present value of the noncurrent portion of the liability is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds.

Leases

The determination of whether the arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement depends on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. A reassessment is made after the inception of the lease, if any, if the following applies:

- a. There is a change in contractual terms, other than a renewal or extension of the arrangement;
- b. A renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless the term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- c. There is a change in the determination of whether fulfillment is dependent on a specified asset; or
- d. There is substantial change to the asset.

Where the reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c), or (d) above, and at the date of renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

The Group determines whether arrangements contain a lease to which lease accounting must be applied. The costs of the agreements that do not take the legal form of a lease but convey the right to use an asset are separated into lease payments if the entity has the control of the use or access to the asset, or takes essentially all of the outputs of the asset. The said lease component for these arrangements is then accounted for as finance or operating lease.

Group as Lessee. Leases which do not transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Associated costs, such as maintenance and insurance, are expensed as incurred.



Group as Lessor. Leases where the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases are recognized as income in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Foreign Currency-denominated Transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency exchange rate at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency closing exchange rate at financial reporting period. All differences are taken to profit or loss in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Nonmonetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. For income tax purposes, foreign exchange gains and losses are treated as taxable income or deductible expenses when realized.

Taxes

Current Income Tax. Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted at reporting period.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation, and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Income Tax. Deferred income tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences at reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of excess minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over regular corporate income tax (RCIT) and unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carryforward benefits of excess MCIT over RCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized, except:

- where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred income tax assets



are reassessed at each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred income tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws to be enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Income tax relating to other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income section of the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Creditable withholding taxes. Creditable withholding taxes represent amounts withheld by the Group's customers and is deducted from the Group's income tax payable.

Value-added Tax (VAT). Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- where the VAT incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- where receivables and payables are stated with the amount of VAT included.

The net amount of VAT recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" or "Trade payables and other current liabilities" accounts in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net income for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company, net of income attributable to preferred shares, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, with retroactive adjustments for any stock dividends declared, if any.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net income for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company (inclusive of income attributable to preferred shares) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential common shares.

Segment Reporting

For management purposes, the Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately into television and radio airtime, international subscriptions and other business activities. Such business segments are the basis upon which the Group reports its primary segment



information. The Group considers television and radio operations as the major business segment. The Group operates in two geographical areas where it derives its revenue. Financial information on business segments is presented in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events after Reporting Period

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's position at the reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when material.

4. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these judgments, estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Functional Currency. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Parent Company's functional currency. The Philippine peso is also the functional currency of all the subsidiaries. It is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates.

Asset Classified as Held for Sale. The Group assessed that the interest in X-Play Online Games Incorporated (X-Play) met the criteria to be classified as held for sale in 2014 for the following reasons:

X-Play is available for immediate sale and can be sold in its current condition.



■ IP E-Games Ventures, Inc. (IPE) and GNMI have a recent agreement which provides the execution of the option agreement as discussed in Note 10. On July 28, 2014, the increase in capital stocks of IPE was approved by the SEC.

In 2014, the Group classified its investment in X-Play as "Asset classified as held for sale" account in the consolidated statements of financial position. On November 9, 2015, the sale of X-Play was completed.

Consolidation of entities in which the Group holds less than majority of voting rights. The Group considers that it controls RGMA Network even though it owns less than 50% of the voting rights. This is because the Group is the single largest shareholder of RGMA Network with a 49% equity interest. The remaining 51% of the equity shares in RGMA Network are owned by several parties. Since September 27, 1995, which is the date of incorporation of RGMA Network, there is no history of the other shareholders collaborating to exercise their votes collectively or to outvote the Group.

Assessing Joint Control of an Arrangement and the Type of Arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The Group assessed that it has joint control in all its joint arrangements by virtue of a contractual agreement with other shareholders. The Group's joint ventures have separate legal entity and its stockholders have rights to its net assets.

The carrying value of the investments in joint ventures amounted to ₱18.86 million and ₱21.98 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 11).

Operating Leases - Group as Lessee. The Group has entered into various lease agreements as a lessee. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that the lessors retain all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the properties and the accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

Rental expense charged to operations amounted to ₱843.63 million, ₱855.12 million and ₱919.49 million in 2015, 2014, and 2013 respectively (see Notes 22, 23 and 27).

Tax Credits. The Parent Company has determined that tax credits earned from airing of government commercials and advertisements are recognized based on the Parent Company's forecast of importation for the next twelve (12) months from reporting period in which the tax credits will be applied and when the application is reasonably certain.

Revenue from tax credits recognized in profit or loss amounted to ₱80.00 million and ₱44.80 million in 2014 and 2013, respectively (see Note 21).

Classification of Leave Entitlements as Current or Noncurrent. The Group assesses the classification of its leave entitlements as either current or noncurrent based on the historical experience of the outstanding leave availed.

Leave entitlements classified as current in "Accrued payroll and talent fees" included under "Trade payables and other current liabilities" account in the consolidated statements of financial position amounted to ₱9.23 million and ₱18.14 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, while other employee benefits classified as noncurrent amounted to ₱295.72 million and ₱259.01 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 26).



Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Estimating Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. Provisions are made for specific and groups of billed accounts where objective evidence of impairment exists. The Group evaluates these accounts based on available facts and circumstances that affect the collectability of the accounts. The review is accomplished using a combination of specific and collective assessment. The factors considered in specific and collective impairment assessments include, but not limited to, the length of the Group's relationship with customers, customers' current credit status and known market forces, average age of accounts, collection experience and historical loss experience. The amount and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if the Group made different judgments or utilized different methodologies. An increase in allowance for doubtful accounts would increase the recorded general and administrative expenses and decrease current assets.

Provision for doubtful accounts amounted to ₱8.58 million, ₱0.72 million and ₱0.85 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively (see Note 23). Trade and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of ₱283.28 million and ₱274.69 million, amounted to ₱4,384.20 million and ₱4,323.98 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 7).

Classification and Amortization of Program and Other Rights. Program and other rights are classified as current assets because the Group expects to air any given title at any time within its normal operating cycle.

The Group estimates the amortization of program and other rights with finite lives using straight line method up to the date of expiry, which is the manner and pattern of usage of the acquired rights. The Group estimates the amortization of program and other rights with no definite epiration date using accelerated method based on the sum of the year's digit of ten years with salvage value of 10% of the total cost. The Group estimates that programs are generally more marketable in their initial airing as compared to the succeeding airings. In addition, estimation of the amortization of program and other rights is based on the Group's experience with such rights. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances.

Program and other rights usage amounted to ₱754.64 million, ₱646.68 million and ₱565.36 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively (see Note 22). Program and other rights, net of accumulated impairment loss of ₱2.70 million, amounted to ₱1,192.61 million and ₱1,198.27 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 8).

Determination of Impairment of AFS Financial Assets. For unquoted equity instruments, the financial assets are considered to be impaired when the Group believes that future cash flows generated from the investment is expected to decline significantly. The Group's management makes significant estimates and assumptions on the future cash flows expected and the appropriate discount rate to determine if impairment exists. Impairment may also be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance.



For the quoted shares, the Group determines that the financial assets are considered to be impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The Group determines that a decline in fair value of greater than 20% of cost is considered to be a significant decline and a decline for a period of more than 12 months is considered to be a prolonged decline. This determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the normal volatility in share price for quoted equities.

Provision for impairment loss on AFS financial assets amounted to ₱1.36 million, ₱1.37 million and ₱1.05 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively (see Note 23). The carrying value of AFS financial assets amounted to ₱191.12 million and ₱129.02 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 10).

Estimating Allowance for Inventory Losses. The Group provides allowance for inventory losses whenever the net realizable value becomes lower than cost due to damage, physical deterioration, obsolescence, changes in price levels or other causes. The allowance account is reviewed periodically to reflect the accurate valuation of the inventories.

The carrying value of materials and supplies inventory, included under "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" in the consolidated statements of financial position, amounted to ₱26.01 million and ₱30.12 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 9). There were no provisions for inventory losses in 2015, 2014 and 2013.

Estimating Useful Lives of Property and Equipment, Software Costs and Investment Properties. The Group estimates the useful lives of property and equipment, software costs and investment properties based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of property and equipment, software costs and investment properties are reviewed periodically and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the assets. In addition, estimation of the useful lives of property and equipment, software costs and investment properties is based on collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of property and equipment, software costs and investment properties would increase the recorded general and administrative expenses and decrease noncurrent assets.

There has been no change in the Group's estimate of useful lives of its property and equipment, software costs and investment properties in 2015 and 2014.

Total depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 amounted to ₱820.95 million, ₱799.89 million, and ₱736.44 million, respectively (see Notes 12, 14, 15, 22 and 23).

Revaluation of Land. The Group engages an accredited appraiser to determine the fair value of the land used in operations. Fair value is determined by reference to market-based evidence adjusted based on certain elements of comparison. The fair value amount would differ if the Group made different judgments and estimates or utilized a different basis for determining fair value.



Valuations from an accredited appraiser are generally performed every three to five years or more frequently as deemed necessary to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount.

The revalued amount of land amounted to ₱1,802.52 million and ₱1,799.71 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 13).

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. For prepaid production costs, tax credits, investments and advances, property and equipment, investment properties, program and other rights, investment in artworks and software costs, impairment testing is performed whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

The factors that the Group considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business
- significant negative industry or economic trends; and
- obsolescence or physical damage of an asset.

The Group recognizes an impairment loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and the asset's value in use. Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if it is not possible, for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Group did not identify any indicator of impairment on its nonfinancial assets, hence, no impairment tests were carried out.

The carrying values of nonfinancial assets as at December 31 follow:

	2015	2014
Property and equipment - at cost (see Note 12)	₽3,127,843,301	₱3,373,810,427
Program and other rights (see Note 8)	1,192,607,228	1,198,270,709
Investments and advances (see Note 11)	147,652,576	147,937,544
Tax credits (see Note 9)	146,590,919	181,584,094
Prepaid production costs (see Note 9)	129,352,549	179,060,055
Investment properties (see Note 14)	55,548,001	58,811,306
Software costs (see Note 15)	17,406,636	35,917,092
Investment in artworks (see Note 15)	10,406,255	10,406,255
Deferred production costs (see Note 15)	1,952,433	_

Taxes. The Group has exposures to the tax rules and regulations in the Philippines and significant judgment is involved in determining the provision for these tax exposures. The Group recognizes liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes are due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognized, such difference will impact profit or loss in the period in which such determination is made.

Estimating Realizability of Deferred Income Tax Assets. The Group reviews the carrying amounts of deferred income tax assets on nondeductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of NOLCO and excess MCIT over RCIT at each reporting date and reduces deferred income tax



assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Based on the Group's assessment, not all nondeductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of NOLCO and excess MCIT over RCIT will be realized.

Recognized deferred tax assets amounted to ₱637.17 million and ₱589.54 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, while unrecognized deferred tax assets amounted to ₱14.36 million and ₱28.55 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 28).

Pension and Other Employee Benefits. The determination of the Group's obligation and cost of pension benefits is dependent on the selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions are described in Note 26 and include, among others, discount rate and salary increase rate. Due to the complexity of the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions.

Pension liability amounted to ₱1,102.71 million and ₱1,161.28 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 26).

Determination of Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. PFRS requires certain financial assets and financial liabilities are carried and disclosed at fair value, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates and judgments. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence (i.e., foreign exchange rates and interest rates), the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Group utilized a different valuation methodology. Any changes in the assumptions could affect the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are enumerated in Note 31.

Determination of Fair Value of Investment Properties and Land at Revalued Amounts. PFRS requires disclosure of fair value of investment properties when measured at cost and requires land at revalued amount to be re-measured at fair value with sufficient regularity.

The fair values of these assets as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 are based on the appraisal report prepared by an accredited appraiser in 2013. Management believes that there is no significant change on the fair value of these assets given that there were no events or circumstances (i.e., development in the area, expected market value, condition of the property) that would indicate a significantly different fair value.

Contingencies. The Group is currently involved in various claims and legal proceedings. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Group currently does not believe these proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial position.

5. Segment Information

Business Segments

For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on its products and services and has three reportable segments, as follows:

• The television and radio segment, which engages in television and radio broadcasting activities and which generates revenue from sale of national and regional advertising time.



- The international subscription segment which engages in subscription arrangements with international cable companies.
- Other businesses which include movie production, consumer products and other services.

The Executive Committee, the chief operating decision maker, and Management monitor the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on net income or loss and is measured consistently with the net income or loss in the consolidated financial statements. On a consolidated basis, the Group's performance is evaluated based on consolidated net income for the year.

Geographical Segments

The Group operates in two major geographical segments – local and international. In the Philippines, the home country, the Group is involved in television operations. In the United States and in other locations (which include Middle East, Europe, Australia, Canada, Guam, Singapore, Hongkong and Japan), the Group ties up with cable providers to bring local television programming outside the Philippines.

The Group's revenues are mostly generated in the Philippines, which is the Group's country of domicile. Revenues from external customers attributed to foreign countries from which the Group derives revenue are individually and in aggregate immaterial to the consolidated financial statements.

Noncurrent assets consist of property and equipment, land at revalued amounts, investment properties and intangible assets which are all located in the Philippines.

The Group does not have a single external customer whose revenue accounts for 10% or more of the Group's revenues.

Inter-segment Transactions

Segment revenues, segment expenses and segment results include transfers among business segments and among geographical segments. The transfers are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unrelated customers for similar services. Such transfers are eliminated upon consolidation.

Measurement Basis

The amount of segment assets and liabilities and segment profit or loss are based on measurement principles that are similar to those used in measuring the assets and liabilities and profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements, which is in accordance with PFRS.



Business Segment Data

				Local											
	Television and radio airitme			Other businesses		International subscription			Eliminations		Consolidated				
	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES															
External sales	₽12,397,118,205	₽10,676,626,531	₽11,738,449,260	₽306,658,721	₽230,463,979	₽234,617,743	₽1,023,317,743	₽ 1,075,797,836	₽977,812,319	₽-	₽	₽-	₽13,727,094,669	₱11,982,888,346	₽12,950,879,322
Inter-segment sales	=	_	_	865,398,189	772,809,560	761,156,750	_	_	_	(865,398,189)	(772,809,560)	(761,156,750)	_	_	
	12,397,118,205	10,676,626,531	₽11,738,449,260	1,172,056,910	1,003,273,539	₱995,774,493	1,023,317,743	1,075,797,836	₱977,812,319	(865,398,189)	(772,809,560)	(P 761,156,750)	13,727,094,669	11,982,888,346	₱12,950,879,322
NET INCOME															
Segment results	1,989,653,837	583,750,944	₽1,816,913,584	64,776,789	(2,396,729)	₽37,512,277	886,642,837	827,781,275	₽531,126,610	41,064,115	_	₽_	2,982,137,578	1,409,135,490	₽2,385,552,471
Interest expense	(40,534,078)	(34,258,441)	(51,661,084)	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	(40,534,078)	(34,258,441)	(51,661,084)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(35,156,621)	(12,944,998)	(49,515,631)	1,501,999	(27,274)	854,376	120,704	_	17,340,273	_	-	_	(33,533,918)	(12,972,272)	(31,320,982)
Interest income	12,732,355	14,771,847	19,267,743	923,455	869,095	4,723,062	_	_	_	_	_	_	13,655,810	15,640,942	23,990,805
Equity in net earnings (losses)	_	_	_	(3,113,716)	5,338,761	(5,362,051)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,113,716)	5,338,761	(5,362,051)
Other income (expenses)	147,700,876	89,954,665	65,441,661	39,581,131	164,614,930	665,233	_	_	_	(69,728,547)	(180,000,000)	_	117,553,460	74,569,595	66,106,894
Income tax	(601,077,210)	(192,377,804)	(535,160,705)	(30,911,123)	(52,222,645)	(17,832,353)	(266,029,062)	(248,334,382)	(159,337,983)	(12,319,234)	45,000,000	_	(910,336,629)	(447,934,831)	(712,331,041)
	1,473,319,159	448,896,213	₽1,265,285,568	72,758,535	116,176,138	₽20,560,544	620,734,479	579,446,893	₱389,128,900	(40,983,666)	(135,000,000)	₽-	2,125,828,507	1,009,519,244	₽1,674,975,012
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES															
Assets															
Segment assets	13,580,475,467	,, . ,.	₱11,655,665,602	897,625,491	942,507,866	₽853,416,184	719,797,623	1,804,517,475	₱1,365,518,823	(1,025,033,178)	(1,043,512,233)	(P 933,803,088)	14,172,865,403	- , - , ,	
Investment in associates - at equity	38,350,619	38,350,619	38,350,619	18,862,994	21,976,710	16,637,949	-	=	_	-	_	_	57,213,613	60,327,329	
Deferred tax assets	29,374,323 13,648,200,409	12,147,515,231	₽11,694,016,221	123,407,831 1,039,896,316	147,400,799 1,111,885,375	88,150,862 ₱958,204,995	719,797,623	1,804,517,475	₽1,365,518,823	32,680,765 (992,352,413)	(1,043,512,233)	(P 933,803,088)	185,462,919 14,415,541,935	147,400,799 14,020,405,848	88,150,862 ₱13,083,936,951
Liabilities															
Segment liabilities	4,751,183,666	5,261,372,401	₽3,890,259,616	882,624,028	926,552,875	₱839,168,812	410,867,083	292,609,818	₱188,876,025	(711,252,958)	(713,020,721)	(P 701,020,698)	5,333,421,819	5,767,514,373	
Deferred tax liabilities	_	19,696,301	41,580,015	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	19,696,301	41,580,015
	₽4,751,183,666	₽5,281,068,702	₱3,931,839,631	₽882,624,028	₽926,552,875	₽839,168,812	₽410,867,083	₱292,609,818	₽188,876,025	(₽711,252,958)	(P 713,020,721)	(P 701,020,698)	₽5,333,421,819	₽5,787,210,674	₽4,258,863,770



Geographical Segment Data

			Loc	cal											
	Televisi	on and Radio Ai	irtime	(Other businesses		Intern	national subscripti	on		Eliminations			Per FS	
	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES														,	
External sales	₱12,397,118,205	P10,676,626,531	₽11,738,449,260	₽306,658,721	₱230,463,979	₽234,617,743	₽1,023,317,743	₽1,075,797,836	₽977,812,319	₽-	₽	₽_	₽13,727,094,669	₱11,982,888,346	₱12,950,879,322
Inter-segment sales	_	-	_	865,398,189	772,809,560	761,156,750	_	_	_	(865,398,189)	(772,809,560)	(761,156,750)	_		
	₽12,397,118,205	P10,676,626,531	₱11,738,449,260	₽ 1,172,056,910	₽1,003,273,539	₽995,774,493	₽1,023,317,743	₽1,075,797,836	₽977,812,319	(P 865,398,189)	(P 772,809,560)	(P 761,156,750)	₽13,727,094,669	₱11,982,888,346	₱12,950,879,322
Other Segment Information															
Capital expenditures:															
Program rights and other															
rights and software cost	₽740,066,535	₽802,911,694	₱582,863,041	₽341,960	₽1,319,760	₽660,178	₽10,736,842	₽6,536,842	₽14,232,925	_	(₱150,000,000)	₽-	₽751,145,337	₽660,768,296	₽597,756,144
Property and equipment	525,852,118	561,411,874	656,219,043	22,529,329	1,032,224	2,067,525	4,416,161	1,452,393	14,365,659		=	_	552,797,608	563,896,491	672,652,227
Land at revalued amount	2,809,999	=	=	_	=	_	_	_	_	_	=	-	2,809,999	=	=
Investment properties	105,411	3,299,279	1,846,519	_	=	_	_	-	=	_	=	_	105,411	3,299,279	1,846,519
Depreciation and amortization	1,570,560,588	1,425,864,346	1,282,171,980	13,162,277	14,237,327	13,857,774	6.868.423	6,473,949	5,764,666	(15,000,000)	_	_	1,575,591,288	1,446,575,622	1,301,794,420



6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2015	2014
Cash on hand and in banks	₽1,507,255,528	₱1,439,180,767
Short-term deposits	653,042,597	159,644,753
	₽2,160,298,125	₱1,598,825,520

Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of up to three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

Interest income earned from bank deposits and short-term investments amounted to ₱13.66 million, ₱15.64 million and ₱23.99 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

7. Trade and Other Receivables

	2015	2014
Trade:		
Television and radio airtime	₽ 4,254,300,514	₱3,294,544,056
Subscriptions	277,677,942	1,039,395,871
Others	123,009,854	174,239,390
Nontrade:		
Advances to officers and employees	3,417,982	4,443,381
Others	9,068,441	86,047,923
	4,667,474,733	4,598,670,621
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	283,276,131	274,694,272
	₽4,384,198,602	₽4,323,976,349

Trade Receivables

Television and Radio Airtime. Television and radio airtime receivables are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and are generally on 60-90 day terms upon receipt of invoice by the customers. Invoicing normally takes around 30 days from airing.

Television and radio airtime receivables include unbilled airtime receivables, arising when advertisements have been aired but billing or acceptance by the customer has been delayed due to time lag in completing all required documents.

Subscriptions Receivable. Subscriptions receivable pertain to receivables from international channel subscriptions and advertisements. These are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and normally collected within 30-60 days.

Other Trade Receivables. Other trade receivables are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and are generally on 60-90 day terms upon receipt of invoice by the customers.



Nontrade Receivables

Advances to Officers and Employees and Other Nontrade Receivables. Advances to officers and employees and other nontrade receivables are noninterest-bearing and are normally collected within the next financial year.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts on trade receivables are as follows:

		2015	
	Television and Radio Airtime	Others	Total
Balance at beginning of year	₽269,872,570	₽4,821,702	₽274,694,272
Provision for the year (see Note 23)	7,605,661	976,198	8,581,859
Balance at end of year	₽277,478,231	₽5,797,900	₽283,276,131
		2014	
	Television and		
	Radio Airtime	Others	Total
Balance at beginning of year	₽269,872,570	₽4,106,207	₽273,978,777
Provision for the year			
(see Note 23)	_	715,495	715,495
Balance at end of year	₱269,872,570	₽4,821,702	₱274,694,272

The allowance for doubtful accounts for television and radio airtime and other receivables in 2015 and 2014 are results of specific and collective impairment assessments performed by the Group as follows:

	2015	2014
Individually impaired	₽203,961,822	₽247,892,830
Collectively impaired	79,314,309	26,801,442
	₽283,276,131	₱274,694,272



As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, the aging analysis of receivables that are not impaired follows:

			2015		
		Trade			
	Television and				
	Radio Airtime	Subscriptions	Others	Nontrade*	Total
Neither past due nor impaired	₽1,891,256,559	₽84,061,725	₽84,885,135	₽6,483,312	₽2,066,686,731
Past due but not impaired:					
1-30 days	474,292,142	33,628,253	6,950,764	581,146	515,452,305
31-60 days	210,306,429	57,470,271	2,689,664	114,785	270,581,149
61-90 days	154,074,639	3,061,824	733,599	2,490,707	160,360,769
91-180 days	124,441,436	14,236,114	756,835	379	139,434,764
181-365 days	190,101,521	2,810,690	3,874,590	415,632	197,202,433
Over 1 year	932,349,557	82,409,065	17,321,367	2,400,462	1,034,480,451
	₽3,976,822,283	₽277,677,942	₽117,211,954	₽12,486,423	₽4,384,198,602

			2014		
		Trade			
	Television and		_		
	Radio Airtime	Subscriptions	Others	Nontrade*	Total
Neither past due nor impaired	₱2,140,146,851	₽443,781,464	₽86,788,965	₽76,032,053	₽2,746,749,333
Past due but not impaired:					
1-30 days	288,547,267	231,072,682	18,039,978	1,452,601	539,112,528
31-60 days	211,665,092	43,665,297	17,240,581	987,169	273,558,139
61-90 days	61,975,452	29,746,225	4,528,069	447,105	96,696,851
91-180 days	65,746,533	51,220,843	6,327,944	707,705	124,003,025
181-365 days	174,371,503	142,142,691	4,893,784	808,267	322,216,245
Over 1 year	82,218,788	97,766,669	31,598,367	10,056,404	221,640,228
	₽3,024,671,486	₽1,039,395,871	₱169,417,688	₽90,491,304	₽4,323,976,349

Trade and other receivables that are not impaired are assessed by the Group's management as good and collectible.

The Group's unbilled receivables amounted to ₱68.64 million and ₱27.65 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. These are included in trade receivables as "neither past due nor impaired" but with age of 31-60 days from date of airing.

8. Program and Other Rights

	2015				
	Program and Film Rights	Story/Format Rights	Total		
Cost:					
Balance at beginning of year	₽1,185,333,241	₽15,639,728	₽1,200,972,969		
Additions	734,084,599	14,890,663	748,975,262		
Program and other rights usage					
(see Note 22)	(730,289,184)	(24,349,559)	(754,638,743)		
Balance at end of year	1,189,128,656	6,180,832	1,195,309,488		
Accumulated impairment in value	(2,702,260)	_	(2,702,260)		
	₽1,186,426,396	₽6,180,832	₽1,192,607,228		



		2014	
	Program and	Story/Format	
	Film Rights	Rights	Total
Cost:			
Balance at beginning of year	₽1,195,316,111	₱16,615,430	₽1,211,931,541
Additions	631,035,288	8,100,950	639,136,238
Write-off (see Note 25)	(3,414,011)	_	(3,414,011)
Program and other rights usage			
(see Note 22)	(637,604,147)	(9,076,652)	(646,680,799)
Balance at end of year	1,185,333,241	15,639,728	1,200,972,969
Accumulated impairment in value	(2,702,260)	_	(2,702,260)
	₽1,182,630,981	₽15,639,728	₽1,198,270,709

Management believes that the carrying values of program and other rights approximate its recoverable values.

In 2014, certain program and film rights were written off on the basis of their expiry dates.

9. Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

	2015	2014
Advances to suppliers	₽416,487,788	₱314,400,253
Tax credits	146,590,919	181,584,094
Creditable withholding taxes	140,181,190	175,547,133
Input VAT	136,952,228	141,600,179
Prepaid production costs	129,352,549	179,060,055
Prepaid expenses	71,717,440	75,790,955
Materials and supplies inventory - at cost	26,005,795	30,117,943
Others	1,741,298	1,734,782
	₽1,069,029,207	₽1,099,835,394

Advances to suppliers are noninterest-bearing and are generally applied to acquisition of inventories and fixed assets and availment of services within the next financial year. Advances to suppliers, previously included in "Trade and other receivables", amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$314.40 million as at December 31, 2014 was appropriately reclassified to "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" to conform with the 2015 presentation.

Tax credits represent claims of the Parent Company from the government arising from airing of government commercials and advertisements. The Parent Company expects to utilize these tax credits within the next financial year.

Prepaid production represents costs paid in advance prior to the airing of the programs or episodes. The Group expects to air the related programs or episodes within the next financial year.

Creditable withholding taxes represent amounts withheld by the Company's customers and is deducted from the Company's income tax payable.

Prepaid expenses include prepayments for rentals, insurance and other expenses.



In 2015, the Group has written off creditable withholding taxes and prepaid rentals amounting to ₱1.11 million (see Note 25).

10. Available-for-Sale Financial Assets

	2015	2014
Investments in shares of stock:		_
Unquoted	₽ 151,283,081	₱122,184,081
Quoted	39,833,800	6,840,000
	₽191,116,881	₱129,024,081

The unquoted shares are stated at cost as there are no reliable sources and bases for subsequent fair value determination.

The movements in this account are as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year	₽129,024,081	₱135,552,548
Additions during the year	130,000,000	_
Redemption during the year	(7,467,200)	(573,343)
Net changes in the fair value of AFS		
financial assets	(60,440,000)	770,788
Write-off of AFS financial assets	_	(6,725,912)
Balance at end of the year	₽191,116,881	₽129,024,081

X-Play

GNMI holds 50% equity in X-Play Online Games Incorporated (X-Play). The other joint venture partner in X-Play is IPE. At the time of incorporation of X-Play, GNMI and IPE each subscribed to 1,000,000,000 common shares of X-Play's authorized capital stock with a par value of \$\textstyle{2}100/\text{share}\$.

As discussed in Note 4, the Group, through GNMI's BOD, announced its decision to dispose of its shareholdings in X-Play on January 1, 2011, and classified its investment in X-Play as asset held for sale. The then carrying value of asset held for sale previously classified as interest in and advances to joint venture amounted to \$\frac{1}{2}6.43\$ million.

In connection with the planned disposal of X-Play, in March 2013, GNMI and IPE extended until June 30, 2013 the exercise period of the option agreement which was entered into by both parties on October 19, 2011. The option agreement states that IPE grants GNMI the option to sell all, but not less than all, of shares in stock of X-Play for a purchase price of ₱75.00 million in cash. Also, on March 23, 2012, GNMI agreed to subscribe to ₱130.00 million worth of shares of IPE's authorized but unissued capital stock to be offered on its Initial Public Offering in exchange for GNMI's shares of stock in X-Play at a subscription price per share equivalent to the offering price.

As at December 31, 2013, the sale of investment in X-Play has not materialized. The Group reassessed the classification of investment in X-Play and reclassified it under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the Group's 2013 consolidated statements of financial position.



In 2014, an agreement provides that IPE will provide GNMI and the Parent Company 10,000 million (GNMI - 4,000 million; GNI - 6,000 million) of IPE shares in exchange for GNMI's investment in X-Play and the Parent Company's ₱30.00 million advances and ₱50.00 million airtime credits granted to X-Play (collectively, the consideration). Also, as the increase in authorized capital stock of IPE was already approved by the SEC on July 28, 2014, the Group's investment in X-Play was reclassified to "Asset classified as held for sale" account in the 2014 consolidated statement of financial position.

On November 9, 2015, a Deed of Assignment was executed but the terms were amended to be 13,000 million (GNMI - 5,000 million; GNI - 8,000 million) of IPE shares in exchange for the same consideration. At initial recognition, the Group recognized at fair value the IPE shares as AFS financial assets amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$130.00 million.

Of the ₱50.00 million airtime credits, ₱22.00 million has not been implemented at date of exchange and therefore was recognized by the Group as unearned revenue, included as part of trade payables and other current liabilities. Also, a gain on disposal of asset held for sale amounting to ₱23.57 million, which represent excess of fair value of IPE shares over the carrying amount of GNMI's investment in X-Play, was recognized in the statements of comprehensive income (see Note 25).

The movements in net unrealized gain (loss) on AFS financial assets are as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of the year - net of tax	₽5,019,775	₽3,083,187
Net changes in the fair market value of AFS		
financial assets	(60,440,000)	770,788
Recycling of fair value change of certain AFS		
financial assets due to impairment (see Note 23)	1,360,000	1,370,300
Recycling of fair value change of certain AFS		
financial assets due to redemption (see Note 25)	(6,601,820)	_
Tax effect of the changes in fair market values	990,364	(204,500)
Balance at end of the year - net of tax	(P 59,671,681)	₽5,019,775

In 2014 and 2013, the Group recognized dividends from AFS financial assets amounting to ₱0.51 million and ₱22.13 million, respectively (see Note 25).

11 Investments and Advances

Following are the details of this account in 2015 and 2014:

	2015	2014
Investment in an associate and interests in joint		_
ventures	₽ 57,213,613	₽60,327,329
Advances to an associate (see Note 20)	90,438,963	87,610,215
	₽147,652,576	₽147,937,544



The movements in the above amounts are as follows:

	2015	2014
Investment in an associate and interests in joint		
ventures:		
Acquisition cost -		
Balance at beginning and end of year	₽ 131,722,056	₱131,722,056
Accumulated equity in net losses:		
Balance at beginning of year	(71,394,727)	(76,733,488)
Equity in net earnings (losses) during the		
year	(3,113,716)	5,338,761
Balance at end of year	(74,508,443)	(71,394,727)
	57,213,613	60,327,329
Advances to an associate:		
Balance at beginning of year	87,610,215	84,475,370
Additional advances during the year		
(see Note 20)	250,000	3,134,845
Balance at end of year	87,860,215	87,610,215
Advances to joint ventures -		
Advances during the year (see Note 20)	2,578,748	
Total investments and advances	₽147,652,576	₽147,937,544

The ownership interests in an associate and joint ventures, which were all incorporated in the Philippines, and are accounted for under the equity method, as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 follows:

		Perc	entage of
	Principal Activities	O	wnership
Associate -		Direct	Indirect
Mont-Aire Realty and Development Corporation			
(Mont-Aire)	Real Estate	49	_
Joint Ventures:			
INQ7 Interactive, Inc. (INQ7)	Internet Publishing	50	_
Philippine Entertainment Portal (PEP)*	Internet Publishing	_	50
Gamespan, Inc. (Gamespan)*	Betting Games	_	50
*Indirect investment through GNMI.			

The carrying values of investments and the related advances are as follows:

	2015	
	Advances	
Investments	(Note 20)	Total
₽38,350,619	₽87,860,215	₽126,210,834
8,947,966	1,959,670	10,907,636
9,915,028	619,078	10,534,106
18,862,994	2,578,748	21,441,742
₽57,213,613	₽90,438,963	₽147,652,576
	₽38,350,619 8,947,966 9,915,028 18,862,994	Investments Advances (Note 20) ₱38,350,619 ₱87,860,215 8,947,966 1,959,670 9,915,028 619,078 18,862,994 2,578,748



		2014			
		Advances	_		
	Investments	(Note 20)	Total		
Associate -					
Mont-Aire	₽38,350,619	₽87,610,215	₽125,960,834		
Joint ventures:					
Gamespan	8,950,931	_	8,950,931		
PEP	13,025,779	_	13,025,779		
	21,976,710	_	21,976,710		
	₽60,327,329	₽87,610,215	₽147,937,544		

The associate and joint ventures are not listed in any public stock exchanges.

PEP

As at December 31, 2012, the Group has unrecognized share in net losses of PEP amounting to ₱3.86 million. On November 15, 2013, the Group, through GNMI, converted its cash advances to PEP amounting to ₱12.00 million to additional investment in joint venture (see Note 32). As a result, in 2013, the Group recognized share in net losses amounting to ₱4.17 million which includes the prior year unrecognized losses.

In 2015 and 2014, the Group recognized its share in net losses and net earnings of PEP amounting to ₱3.11 million and ₱5.20 million, respectively.

Gamespan

On March 22, 2012, the Group, through GNMI, executed a Shareholder's Agreement with Manila Jockey Club (MJC) for the establishment of Gamespan, a joint venture corporation. The joint venture was organized to operate and manage the hardware and software owned by MJC, set-up new media infrastructure for offering and taking bets in horse racing and other sports.

In 2014, the Group recognized its share in net earnings of Gamespan amounting to ₱0.14 million.

<u>INQ7</u>

Losses of INQ7 recognized under the equity method in excess of the Group's carrying value of investment were applied against its advances to the Parent Company thereby reducing both advances and investments to zero as at December 31, 2015 and 2014. INQ7 ceased operations in 2007. In 2013, INQ7 submitted a request to liquidate its assets to SEC.

Mont-aire

The table below shows the condensed financial information of Mont-Aire as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively:

Current assets	₽53,469,276
Noncurrent assets	120,275,583
	173,744,859
Current liabilities	1,269,154
Noncurrent liabilities	94,209,136
	95,478,290
Net assets	78,266,569
Proportion of the Group's ownership	49%
Carrying amount of investment	₱38,350,619



Mont-Aire ceased commercial operations in 2009. Noncurrent assets include parcels of land with an aggregate fair market value of ₱117.86 million determined by an accredited appraiser as at December 10, 2012, enough to cover for the carrying amount of investment the Group has in Mont-aire. There were no changes in the land account and management expects no significant change in fair value as at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

12. Property and Equipment at Cost

			2015		
		Additions/			
		Depreciation			
		(see Notes 22			
	January 1	and 23)	Disposals	Reclassifications	December 31
Cost:					
Buildings, towers and improvements	₽2,877,960,263	₽8,297,116	₽-	₽23,949,021	₽2,910,206,400
Antenna and transmitter systems and					
broadcast equipment	6,130,437,578	169,961,236	(2,711,554)	(/ / /	6,286,870,854
Communication and mechanical equipment	1,049,583,717	58,216,900	(65,625)		1,140,698,007
Transportation equipment	484,678,618	65,077,455	(52,823,893)		497,684,142
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	174,051,159	4,950,779	(289,781)		149,434,697
	10,716,711,335	306,503,486	(55,890,853)	17,570,132	10,984,894,100
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization:					
Buildings, towers and improvements	1,480,111,379	140,183,177	-	2,275,650	1,622,570,206
Antenna and transmitter systems					
and broadcast equipment	4,633,309,838	453,313,256	(2,711,555)		5,082,620,082
Communication and mechanical equipment	816,954,816	98,119,251	(63,802)		942,894,076
Transportation equipment	304,315,890	91,799,498	(50,966,056)		336,710,843
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	143,887,211	13,488,116	(288,004)		133,329,058
	7,378,579,134	796,903,298	(54,029,417)	(3,328,750)	8,118,124,265
Construction in progress and equipment					
for installation	35,678,226	246,294,122		(20,898,882)	261,073,466
	₽3,373,810,427	(₱244,105,690)	(₱1,861,436)	₽-	₽3,127,843,301
			2014		
	-	Additions/			
		Depreciation			
		(see Notes 22			
	January 1	and 23)	Disposals	Reclassifications	December 31
Cost:					
Buildings, towers and improvements	₱2,819,009,872	₱45,899,980	$($\P$3,561,769)$	₱16,612,180	₽2,877,960,263
Antenna and transmitter systems and					1 2,011,700,203
broadcast equipment			(- , , ,	.,. ,	12,077,700,203
Communication and mechanical equipment	5,757,631,807	309,423,264	(89,895,309)	153,277,816	6,130,437,578
Transportation equipment	5,757,631,807 924,212,961	309,423,264 96,681,933	, , , ,	, ,	, , ,
Transportation equipment	, , ,	/ /	(89,895,309)	153,277,816	6,130,437,578
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	924,212,961	96,681,933	(89,895,309) (510,568)	153,277,816 29,199,391	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717
	924,212,961 472,743,730	96,681,933 69,319,527	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618
	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization:	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization: Buildings, towers and improvements	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization: Buildings, towers and improvements Antenna and transmitter systems and broadcast equipment Communication and mechanical equipment	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912 1,343,011,656	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886 139,082,021	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630) (1,982,298)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335 1,480,111,379
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization: Buildings, towers and improvements Antenna and transmitter systems and broadcast equipment Communication and mechanical equipment Transportation equipment	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912 1,343,011,656 4,277,597,672	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886 139,082,021 442,445,626 96,559,457 86,011,158	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630) (1,982,298) (86,733,460)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785 203,152,167	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335 1,480,111,379 4,633,309,838
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization: Buildings, towers and improvements Antenna and transmitter systems and broadcast equipment Communication and mechanical equipment	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912 1,343,011,656 4,277,597,672 720,853,931	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886 139,082,021 442,445,626 96,559,457	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630) (1,982,298) (86,733,460) (458,572)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785 203,152,167	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335 1,480,111,379 4,633,309,838 816,954,816
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization: Buildings, towers and improvements Antenna and transmitter systems and broadcast equipment Communication and mechanical equipment Transportation equipment	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912 1,343,011,656 4,277,597,672 720,853,931 276,411,552	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886 139,082,021 442,445,626 96,559,457 86,011,158	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630) (1,982,298) (86,733,460) (458,572) (58,106,820)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785 203,152,167	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335 1,480,111,379 4,633,309,838 816,954,816 304,315,890
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization: Buildings, towers and improvements Antenna and transmitter systems and broadcast equipment Communication and mechanical equipment Transportation equipment	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912 1,343,011,656 4,277,597,672 720,853,931 276,411,552 161,382,108	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886 139,082,021 442,445,626 96,559,457 86,011,158 9,420,556	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630) (1,982,298) (86,733,460) (458,572) (58,106,820) (26,915,453)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785 203,152,167	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335 1,480,111,379 4,633,309,838 816,954,816 304,315,890 143,887,211
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization: Buildings, towers and improvements Antenna and transmitter systems and broadcast equipment Communication and mechanical equipment Transportation equipment Furniture, fixtures and equipment	924,212,961 472,743,730 190,002,542 10,163,600,912 1,343,011,656 4,277,597,672 720,853,931 276,411,552 161,382,108	96,681,933 69,319,527 9,049,182 530,373,886 139,082,021 442,445,626 96,559,457 86,011,158 9,420,556	(89,895,309) (510,568) (59,044,634) (27,403,350) (180,415,630) (1,982,298) (86,733,460) (458,572) (58,106,820) (26,915,453)	153,277,816 29,199,391 1,659,995 2,402,785 203,152,167	6,130,437,578 1,049,583,717 484,678,618 174,051,159 10,716,711,335 1,480,111,379 4,633,309,838 816,954,816 304,315,890 143,887,211

The cost of fully depreciated assets still used by the Group amounted to ₱4,659.21 million and ₱4,253.49 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Construction in progress pertains to costs incurred for installation of equipment, signal strengthening of transmitters nationwide and construction/improvement of studios and stations in the regions.



As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, no property and equipment have been pledged as collateral or security for any of the Group's liabilities.

13. Land at Revalued Amounts

	2015	2014
Cost:		_
Balance at beginning year	₽346,502,817	₽346,502,817
Additions	2,809,999	_
Balance at end of year	349,312,816	346,502,817
Revaluation increment:		_
Balance at beginning of year	1,453,210,041	1,458,797,234
Deductions	_	(5,587,193)
Balance at end of year	1,453,210,041	1,453,210,041
	₽1,802,522,857	₽1,799,712,858

Land used in operations was last appraised on December 17, 2013 by an accredited firm of appraisers and is valued in terms of its highest and best use. The ₱5.59 million reduction in 2014 from the account represents adjustment to the previously recognized appraisal increase after completion of the asset reconciliation.

The fair value was arrived at through the use of the "Market Data Approach" as determined by independent professionally qualified appraisers. The fair value represents the amount that would be received to sell an investment property in an orderly transaction between market participants at the date of valuation.

The fair value is categorized under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy and represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in accordance with International Valuation Standards.

Management expects that there is no significant change on the fair value of land at revalued amount as at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, no land has been pledged as collateral or security for any of the Group's liabilities and the Group has no restrictions on the realizability of its land and no contractual obligation to purchase, construct or develop land or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

14. Investment Properties

	2015		
	Land and Improvements	Buildings and Improvements	Total
Cost:			
Balance at beginning of year Additions	₽30,501,881 -	₽76,879,099 105,411	₽107,380,980 105,411
Balance at end of year	30,501,881	76,984,510	107,486,391

(Forward)



		2015	
	Land and	Buildings and	
	Improvements	Improvements	Total
Accumulated depreciation:	-	-	
Balance at beginning of year	₽_	₽ 46,765,625	₽46,765,625
Depreciation during the year			
(see Note 23)	_	3,368,716	3,368,716
Balance at end of year	_	50,134,341	50,134,341
Accumulated impairment in value	_	1,804,049	1,804,049
Balance at end of year	₽30,501,881	₽25,046,120	₽55,548,001
		2014	
	т 1 1	2014	
	Land and	Buildings and	Tr. 4 1
	Improvements	Improvements	Total
Cost:			
Balance at beginning of year	₱31,287,881	₱75,154,820	₱106,442,701
Additions	_	3,299,279	3,299,279
Disposal	(576,000)	(1,575,000)	(2,151,000)
Write-off (see Note 25)	(210,000)	_	(210,000)
Balance at end of year	30,501,881	76,879,099	107,380,980
Accumulated depreciation:			
Balance at beginning of year	_	44,106,443	44,106,443
Depreciation during the year			
(see Note 23)	_	3,006,994	3,006,994
Disposal	_	(347,812)	(347,812)
Balance at end of year	_	46,765,625	46,765,625
Accumulated impairment in value	_	1,804,049	1,804,049
Balance at end of year	₽30,501,881	₽28,309,425	₽58,811,306

The Parent Company wrote off some of its investment properties with carrying value of \$\mathbb{P}0.21\$ million in 2014 due to dispute in ownership (see Note 25).

Certain investment properties were provided with allowance for impairment in prior years. Management believes that the carrying values after impairment approximate its recoverable values.

The fair market value of investment properties owned by the Group amounted to ₱133.67 million as at December 31, 2013. Land was last appraised on December 17, 2013 by an accredited appraiser and is valued in terms of its highest and best use. The fair value was arrived at through the use of the "Market Data Approach". Management expects that there is no significant change in the fair market value as at December 31, 2015 and 2014. The fair value represents the amount that would be received to sell an investment property in an orderly transaction between market participants at the date of valuation.

The fair value is categorized under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy and represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in accordance with International Valuation Standards.



Rental income and the directly related expenses arising from these investment properties follow:

	2015	2014	2013
Rental income (see Note 25)	₽3,664,115	₽2,995,615	₽2,942,417
Direct operating expenses	(3,368,716)	(3,006,994)	(3,647,263)
	₽295,399	(₱11,379)	(₱704,846)

As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, no investment properties have been pledged as collateral or security for any of the Group's liabilities and the Group has no restriction on the realizability of its investment properties and no contractual obligation to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

15. Other Noncurrent Assets

	2015	2014
Deferred input VAT	₽30,876,257	₱31,387,166
Refundable deposits	20,040,588	19,913,347
Guarantee deposits	18,046,427	17,162,764
Software costs	17,406,636	35,917,092
Investment in artworks	10,406,255	10,406,255
Deferred production cost	1,952,433	_
Others	533,642	1,581,765
	₽99,262,238	₽116,368,389

Deferred input VAT relates to input tax on capital goods which is available for future application against output VAT in future periods.

The movements in software costs follow:

	2015	2014
Cost:		_
Balance at beginning of year	₽ 256,111,222	₱234,479,164
Additions	2,170,075	21,632,058
Balance at end of year	258,281,297	256,111,222
Accumulated amortization:		_
Balance at beginning of year	220,194,130	196,825,119
Amortization during the year (see Note 23)	20,680,531	23,369,011
Balance at end of year	240,874,661	220,194,130
	₽17,406,636	₽35,917,092



16. Trade Payables and Other Current Liabilities

	2015	2014
Trade payables	₽592,626,117	₽442,372,314
Payable to government agencies	595,723,879	716,452,892
Customers' deposits	239,932,427	220,874,091
Advances from customers (see Note 10)	156,369,021	_
Accrued expenses:		
Payroll and talent fees (see Note 26)	222,796,911	183,956,394
Production costs	214,239,585	226,233,686
Utilities and other expenses	80,158,312	80,705,045
Commission	50,373,301	27,536,812
Others	38,437,946	33,051,951
	₽2,190,657,499	₽1,931,183,185

Trade payables to suppliers are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on terms ranging from 7 to 60 days.

Payable to government agencies is remitted within 30 days after reporting period.

Customers' deposits include guaranty deposits from advertising agencies to secure payment of bills by advertisers. These deposits are non-interest bearing and normally refunded once the related broadcasts are paid by the advertisers. It also includes deposits from the Group's lessees upon inception of the lease agreements.

Advances from customers include payments received before broadcast from customers. These deposits will be settled and implemented within the next financial year. As provided in Note 10, this account also includes unearned revenue of ₱22.00 million resulting from the sale of the Group's interests in X-Play.

Accrued expenses and other payables are noninterest-bearing and are generally settled within the next financial year.

Others include unpaid subscriptions and customs duties. These are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled within one year.

17. Short-term Loans

The Parent Company obtained unsecured short-term peso and US dollar denominated loans from various local banks in 2015 and 2014. Details and movements of the short-term loans are as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year	₽ 2,222,960,000	₽1,106,875,000
Availments	1,200,000,000	2,191,559,000
Payments	(2,325,197,500)	(1,106,824,000)
Foreign exchange loss	55,207,500	31,350,000
Balance at end of year	₽1,152,970,000	₽2,222,960,000



The loans consist of fixed rate notes with the following details:

Lender	Currency	Interest Rate (per annum)	Terms	2015	2014
			Availed of in 2015;		
Citibank	Dollar	1.73%	payable in one year	₽1,152,970,000	₽_
			Availed of in 2014;		
Citibank	Dollar	1.68%	payable in one year	_	1,922,960,000
			Availed of in 2014;		
BPI	Peso	1.90%	payable in two months	_	300,000,000
Total				₽1,152,970,000	₽2,222,960,000

Interest expense and other financing charges amounted to ₱39.09 million, ₱31.68 million and ₱47.96 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

18. Obligations for Program and Other Rights

This account consists of:

	2015	2014
Current	₽220,843,041	₽116,533,114
Noncurrent	_	5,193,223
	₽220,843,041	₱121,726,337

Obligations for program and other rights represent liabilities to foreign and local film suppliers for program and other rights purchased by the Group. The current portion of the obligations for program rights is noninterest-bearing and is generally payable in equal monthly or quarterly installments. The amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 represent the nominal amounts of the obligations which are expected to be settled within the next 12 months.

The noncurrent portion of obligations for program rights is payable in four years and is presented at its accreted value, using 4.03% discount rate, in the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2014.

Interest expense recognized on obligation and program rights amounted to ₱1.44 million, ₱2.58 million and ₱3.70 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.



19. Equity

a. Capital Stock

Details of capital stock as at December 31, 2015 and 2014:

_	Preferred			Common	
	Number of		Number of		
	Shares	Peso Equivalent	Shares	Peso Equivalent	
Authorized - ₱0.20 par value per preferred share/₱1.00 par value					
per common share	7,500,000,000	₽1,500,000,000	5,000,000,000	₽5,000,000,000	
Subscribed and issued	7,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	3,364,692,000	3,364,692,000	
Treasury shares	492,816	98,563	3,645,000	3,645,000	
Underlying shares of the acquired PDRs	_		750,000	750,000	

The preferred shares are of equal rank, preference and priority and are identical in all respect regardless of series. Preferred shares are participating at the rate of one fifth (1/5) of the dividends paid to common shares, the rate of which is adjusted proportionately by the Parent Company's BOD consequent to any stock split or stock dividend declaration affecting the common shares and preferred shares. Preferred shares are convertible at the option of the shareholders at the ratio of five preferred shares to one common share, based on par value.

Preferred shares enjoy priority over common shares in the distribution of assets of the Parent Company in the event of dissolution and liquidation, at such rates, terms and conditions as the BOD may determine. Each preferred share is entitled to one vote and shall have the same voting rights as the common shares.

The Parent Company's BOD may specify other terms and conditions, qualifications, restrictions and privileges of the preferred shares or series/classes thereof, insofar as such terms, conditions, qualifications, restrictions and privileges are not inconsistent with the articles of incorporation and any applicable law or regulation.

The following summarizes the information on the Parent Company's registration of securities with the SEC which was approved on June 20, 2007, as required by Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 68, As Amended (2011):

	Authorized and	Issue/Offer
Securities	issued shares	Price
Initial public offering	91,346,000	₽8.50
Underlying common shares of PDRs	945,432,000	8.50
Over-allotment common shares	13,701,000	8.50
Common shares covering employee stock option plan	57,000,000	8.50
Underlying shares of the acquired PDRs	945,432,000	8.50

In prior years, the Parent Company has acquired 945.43 million PDRs issued by GMA Holdings for ₱8.50 per share. In as much as each PDR share grants the holder, upon payment of the exercise price and subject to certain other conditions, the delivery of one (1) Parent Company



share or the sale and delivery of the proceeds of such sale of Parent Company share, such PDRs held by the Parent Company is being treated similar to a treasury shares.

b. Retained Earnings

The retained earnings of the Parent Company is restricted for the payment of dividends to the extent of ₱34.27 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, representing the cost of shares held in treasury and underlying shares of the acquired PDRs amounting to ₱28.48 million and ₱5.79 million, respectively, in 2015 and 2014.

Consolidated retained earnings include undeclared retained earnings of subsidiaries amounting to ₱192.13 million and ₱193.62 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Parent Company's retained earnings available for dividend declaration, computed based on the guidelines provided in SRC Rule 68, As Amended (2011), amounted to ₱1,689.77 million and ₱1,005.90 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The BOD of the Parent Company approved the declaration of the following cash dividends in 2015, 2014 and 2013:

Year	Declaration Date	Record Date	Cash Dividend Per Share	Total Cash Dividend Declared
2015	March 30, 2015	April 24, 2015	₽0.25	₽ 1,214,854,609
2014	April 2, 2014	April 24, 2014	₽0.27	₱1,312,253,578
2013	March 4, 2013	April 17, 2013	₽0.25	₽1,215,049,609

On April 8, 2016, the BOD approved the Parent Company's declaration and distribution of cash dividends amounting to \$\mathbb{P}0.40\$ per share totaling \$\mathbb{P}1,944.08\$ million to all stockholders of record at April 25, 2016 and will be paid on May 16, 2016.

20. Related Party Disclosures

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly and indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Related parties may be individual or corporate entities.

Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash throughout the financial year. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables on amounts owed by the related parties. The assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company transacts with associates, affiliates, jointly controlled entities and other related parties on advances, reimbursement of expenses, and future stock subscriptions.



The transactions and balances of accounts as at and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 with related parties are as follows:

			Amount/			
			Volume of	Receivables		
Related Party	Category	Year	Transactions	(Payables)	Terms	Conditions
Associate -						
Mont-Aire	Advances (see Note 11)	2015	₽250,000	₽87,860,215	Noninterest-	Unsecured;
		2014	3,134,845	87,610,215	bearing	not impaired
Common						
stockholders:						
GMA Kapuso	Reimbursable charges	2015	132,035	4,078,697	On demand,	Unsecured;
Foundation Inc.		2014	197,020	4,011,857	noninterest- bearing	not impaired
Belo, Gozon,	Legal, consulting and	2015	12,880,960	(560,000)	On demand,	Unsecured;
Elma Law	retainers' fees	2014	12,327,240	(576,800)	noninterest- bearing	not impaired
Joint ventures:						
Gamespan	Advances (see Note 11)	2015	₽1,959,670	₽1,959,670	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured; not impaired
PEP	Advances (see Note 11)	2015	₽ 619,078	₽ 619,078	Noninterest- bearing	Unsecured; not impaired

The advances made by the Parent Company to Mont-Aire, Gamespan and PEP are intended for future capital subscription.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

The compensation of key management personnel of the Group, by benefit type, follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Salaries and other long-term benefits	₽340,264,893	₱286,346,811	₱294,044,757
Pension benefits	145,000,353	140,385,431	40,322,398
	₽485,265,246	₽426,732,242	₽334,367,155

Equity Investments of the Retirement Fund

The Group's retirement fund includes equity investments in GMA Network, Inc. and GMA PDRs amounting to \$\frac{1}{2}47.78\$ million and \$\frac{1}{2}366.63\$ million in 2015, respectively, and \$\frac{1}{2}43.62\$ million and \$\frac{1}{2}342.76\$ million in 2014 respectively (see Note 26).

21. Net Revenues

	2015	2014	2013
Television and radio airtime	₽12,397,118,205	₱10,676,626,531	₽11,740,503,370
Subscription income (see Note 27)	1,023,317,743	1,075,797,836	977,812,319
Production and others	324,488,394	231,668,941	244,342,288
	13,744,924,342	11,984,093,308	12,962,657,977
Co-producers' shares	(17,829,673)	(1,204,962)	(11,778,655)
	₽13,727,094,669	₽11,982,888,346	₽12,950,879,322

Television and radio airtime include tax credits earned from airing of government commercials and advertisements amounting to \$\mathbb{P}80.00\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}44.80\$ million in 2014 and 2013, respectively. There were no income from tax credits earned in 2015.



22. Production Costs

	2015	2014	2013
Talent fees and production			
personnel costs (see Note 24)	₽2,800,282,474	₱2,738,810,934	₽3,102,519,989
Program and other rights usage			
(see Note 8)	754,638,743	646,680,799	565,357,691
Rental (see Note 27)	731,850,677	740,353,019	819,150,879
Facilities and production services	567,552,339	423,825,118	368,904,457
Tapes, sets and production			
supplies	499,144,415	497,911,836	575,808,346
Depreciation and amortization			
(see Note 12)	308,860,531	304,727,337	287,553,835
Transportation and			
communication	180,255,889	199,473,921	237,086,508
	₽5,842,585,068	₽5,551,782,964	₽5,956,381,705

23. General and Administrative Expenses

	2015	2014	2013
Personnel costs (see Note 24)	₽2,608,455,858	₱2,551,482,765	₱2,136,684,981
Depreciation and amortization			
(see Notes 12 and 14)	491,411,483	471,798,475	417,887,050
Communication, light and water	274,428,572	305,091,717	300,090,593
Advertising	205,890,056	332,414,477	393,148,883
Sales incentives	180,064,157	131,295,671	120,864,969
Professional fees	171,532,826	128,295,409	150,975,509
Marketing expense	169,597,704	131,764,590	140,909,480
Taxes and licenses	157,226,517	231,918,830	140,703,017
Rental (see Note 27)	111,783,265	114,768,310	100,339,414
Research and surveys	93,171,513	104,163,990	145,899,290
Repairs and maintenance	66,894,802	117,069,321	207,641,209
Transportation and travel	65,272,971	76,951,664	80,977,911
Security services	55,017,437	80,529,075	76,193,077
Software maintenance	46,094,304	62,371,317	39,099,556
Insurance	27,162,693	26,370,189	21,218,563
Janitorial services	22,555,180	21,320,457	16,616,542
Amortization of software costs			
(see Note 15)	20,680,531	23,369,011	30,995,844
Materials and supplies	18,075,596	22,480,776	24,094,187
Entertainment, amusement and			
recreation	13,953,633	13,724,393	13,728,404
Freight and handling	10,988,081	12,266,107	12,095,311
Dues and subscriptions	8,930,117	14,142,699	10,646,983
Provision for doubtful accounts			
(see Note 7)	8,581,859	715,495	848,005
Impairment loss on AFS financial			
assets (see Note 10)	1,360,000	1,370,300	1,053,550
Others	73,242,868	46,294,854	26,232,818
	₽4,902,372,023	₽5,021,969,892	₽4,608,945,146



Others include expenses incurred for messengerial services, other manpower, donations and other miscellaneous expenses.

Depreciation and Amortization

	2015	2014	2013
Property and equipment			_
Production costs (see			
Notes 12 and 22)	308,860,531	304,727,337	287,553,835
General and administrative			
expenses (see Note 12)	488,042,767	468,791,481	414,524,911
Investment properties			
(see Note 14)	3,368,716	3,006,994	3,362,139
	₽308,860,531	₽776,525,812	₽705,440,885

24. Personnel Costs

	2015	2014	2013
Talent fees	₽2,712,804,218	₱2,652,472,280	₱2,971,320,857
Salaries and wages	1,684,867,546	1,710,460,808	1,553,164,989
Employee benefits and			
allowances	741,620,872	700,654,088	544,233,809
Pension expense (see Note 26)	166,938,102	163,016,525	116,158,183
Sick and vacation leaves expense	102,507,594	63,689,998	54,327,132
	₽5,408,738,332	₽5,290,293,699	₽5,239,204,970

The above amounts were distributed as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Production costs (see Note 22)	₽2,800,282,474	₽2,738,810,934	₱3,102,519,989
General and administrative			
expenses (see Note 23)	2,608,455,858	2,551,482,765	2,136,684,981
	₽5,408,738,332	₽5,290,293,699	₽5,239,204,970



25. Others - Net

	2015	2014	2013
Commission from Artist Center	₽26,486,506	₱10,316,102	₽6,293,587
Gain on disposal of asset held for			
sale (see Note 10)	23,567,528	_	_
Gain on sale of property			
and equipment	19,962,498	32,321,569	11,243,730
Tax refund of GMA Pinoy TV	14,742,143	20,138,635	19,161,027
Merchandising license fees and			
others	9,666,065	10,641,552	1,657,906
Income from mall shows	7,133,827	4,232,090	2,908,221
Recycling of fair value change of			
certain available-for-sale			
firnancial assets due to			
redemption (Note 10)	6,601,820	_	_
Gain on reversal of long-			
outstanding payables	6,466,667	_	_
Rental income (see Note 27)	6,278,507	5,175,461	4,845,450
Write-off of AFS financial			
assets (See Note 10)	_	(6,725,912)	_
Sales of DVDs and integrated			
receiver-decoders	4,457,354	135,984	1,279,078
Bank charges	(2,596,314)	(2,097,352)	(1,454,150)
Loss on asset disposed/written off			
(see Notes 8, 9 and 14)	(1,113,094)	(3,624,011)	(2,703,576)
Loss on redemption of AFS			
financial assets	(147,380)	_	_
Dividends from AFS financial			
assets (see Note 10)	_	514,942	22,130,300
Gain on sale of investment			
properties	_	396,813	_
Others	(3,952,667)	3,143,722	745,321
	₽117,553,460	₽74,569,595	₽66,106,894

26. Pension and Other Employee Benefits

As at December 31, pension and other employee benefits consist of:

	2015	2014
Pension liability	₽1,102,714,871	₱1,161,280,052
Vacation and sick leave accrual	304,942,271	277,149,229
	1,407,657,142	1,438,429,281
Less current portion of vacation and sick leave		
accrual*	9,225,020	18,136,250
Pension and other long-term employee benefits	₽1,398,432,122	₱1,420,293,031

^{*}Included in "Accrued expenses" under Trade payables and other current liabilities (see Note 16).

Pension Benefits

The Group operates non-contributory defined benefit retirement plans.



Under the existing regulatory framework, Republic Act 7641 requires a provision for retirement pay to qualified private sector employees in the absence of any retirement plan in the entity, provided however that the employee's retirement benefits under any collective bargaining and other agreements shall not be less than those provided under the law. The law does not require minimum funding of the plan.

Pension benefits recognized in the statements of comprehensive income are as follows (see Note 24):

	2015	2014	2013
Current service cost	₽127,973,941	₱123,391,933	₽91,017,025
Net interest cost	38,964,161	39,624,592	25,141,158
	₽166,938,102	₱163,016,525	₱116,158,183

Net pension liability recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position is as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Present value of defined benefit			_
obligation	₽1,700,980,562	₽1,642,786,529	₽1,226,966,160
Fair value of plan assets	598,265,691	481,506,477	621,718,108
Net pension liability	₽1,102,714,871	₽1,161,280,052	₽605,248,052

The changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Balance at beginning of year	₽1,642,786,529	₽1,226,966,160	₽1,095,667,012
Current service cost	127,973,941	123,391,933	91,017,025
Interest cost	64,213,973	75,185,302	67,222,108
Benefits paid*	(133,993,881)	(97,319,728)	(26,939,985)
Remeasurement losses:			
Changes in financial			
assumptions	_	146,438,354	_
Experience adjustment	_	168,124,508	_
Balance at end of year	₽1,700,980,562	₽1,642,786,529	₱1,226,966,160

^{*}Includes payments made by the Group amounting to ₱34.48 million and ₱0.42 million in 2015 and 2013, respectively.

The changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Balance at beginning of year	₽481,506,477	₽621,718,108	₽688,722,578
Contribution during the year	172,681,390	17,595,626	3,578,687
Interest income	25,249,812	35,560,710	42,080,950
Benefits paid	(99,518,417)	(97,689,078)	(26,519,787)
Remeasurement gain (loss) -			
return on plan assets	18,346,429	(95,678,889)	(86,144,320)
Balance at end of year	₽ 598,265,691	₽481,506,477	₽621,718,108

At each reporting period, the Group determines its distribution based on the performance of its retirement fund.



The Group expects to contribute ₱150.00 million to the defined benefit pension plan in 2016.

The funds are managed and supervised by a trustee bank for the benefits of the members. However, the general administration of the funds is vested in a Retirement Committee.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the plan assets:

	2015	2014
	Carrying	Carrying
	Value/Fair Value	Value/Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	₽150,245,482	₽31,416
Equity instruments (see Note 20):		
GMA PDRs	366,627,268	342,760,950
GMA Network, Inc.	47,775,600	43,621,200
Debt instruments -		
Government securities	20,201,208	82,435,325
Others	13,416,133	12,657,586
	₽ 598,265,691	₽481,506,477

The plan assets consist of the following:

- Cash and cash equivalents consist of regular savings and time deposits.
- Investments in equity instruments consist of unsecured and not impaired investments on the listed shares of GMA Network, Inc. and GMA PDRs (see Note 20). Changes in the fair market value in these investments amounted to a gain of ₱91.93 million and ₱63.91 million in 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- Investments in debt instruments bear interest ranging from 3.15% to 7.89% and have maturities from February 2015 to October 2037. Equity and debt instruments held have quoted prices in active market.
- Others consist of loans and receivables which are collectible within the next twelve months.

The person who exercises voting rights over shares is within the powers of the Trustee, who do not have any relationship with the directors or officers of the Group.

The plan assets consist of 69.50% and 80.24% investments in equity instruments as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The plan assets are primarily exposed to financial risks such as liquidity risk and price risk.

Liquidity risk pertains to the plan's ability to meet its obligation to the employees upon retirement. To effectively manage liquidity risk, the Board of Trustees invests at least the equivalent amount of actuarially computed expected compulsory retirement benefit payments for the year to liquid/semi-liquid assets such as treasury notes, treasury bills, savings and time deposits with commercial banks.

The Group performed an Asset-Liability Matching Study (ALM) annually. The principal technique of the Group's ALM in order to minimize the portfolio liquidation risk is to ensure that the expected return on assets will be sufficient to support the desired level of funding arising from the defined benefit plans. The Group's current investment strategy consists of 70% equity instruments, 25% cash and cash equivalents, 5% debt instrument and 10% loans and receivables.



Price risk pertains mainly to fluctuations in market prices of equity securities listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange. In order to effectively manage price risk, the Board of Trustees continuously assesses these risks by closely monitoring the market value of the securities and implementing prudent investment strategies.

However, in the event a benefit claim arises under the retirement plan and the retirement fund is not sufficient to pay the benefit, the unfunded portion of the claim shall immediately be due and payable to the retirement fund from the Group.

The principal assumptions used in determining pension liability for the Group's plans are shown below:

	2015	2014	2013
Discount rate	5.00%	4-5%	6-7%
Expected rate of salary increase	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Turn-over rates:			
19-24 years old	13.22%	8.63%	10.44%
25-29 years old	6.60%	6.71%	6.95%
30-34 years old	1.85%	3.70%	3.87%
35-39 years old	2.28%	3.04%	2.55%
40-44 years old	1.80%	2.50%	2.18%
≥45 years old	1.63%	2.84%	2.75%

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined by remeasuring the defined benefit obligation at the reporting period after first adjusting one of the current assumption that were reasonably possible at the valuation date while all other assumptions remained unchanged. It should be noted that the changes assumed to be reasonably possible at the valuation date are open to subjectivity, and do not consider more complex scenarios in which changes other than those assumed may be deemed to be more reasonable.

	Increase			
	(Decrease) in	Increase (Decrease) in Defined I	Benefit Obligation
	Basis Points	2015	2014	2013
Discount rate	50	(P 85,998,488)	(₱101,408,874)	(P 69,078,195)
	(50)	94,061,708	111,348,361	63,311,454
Future salary increases	50	91,314,035	103,936,573	67,115,049
	(50)	(84,180,125)	(95,817,259)	(61,961,791)

Shown below is the maturity analysis of the undiscounted benefit payments as at December 31:

Year	2015	2014	2013
Less than one year	147,494,493	₽103,899,340	₽49,613,321
More than 1 year to 3 years	175,270,293	189,955,877	206,832,446
More than 3 years to 7 years	1,626,292,102	1,107,707,179	953,524,310
More than 7 years to 15 years	1,607,684,500	1,307,077,274	1,384,008,046
More than 15 years to 20 years	3,321,520,977	2,817,584,173	2,577,809,201
More than 20 years	13,882,063,607	15,039,983,913	13,406,113,484

Other Employee Benefits

Other long-term employee benefits consist of accumulated and unexpired employee sick and vacation leave entitlements. Noncurrent portion of other employee benefits amounted to ₱295.72 million and ₱259.01 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, while current portion of other employee benefits recorded in "Accrued payroll and talent fees" included



under "Trade and other current liabilities" account amounted to ₱9.23 million and ₱18.14 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 16).

27. Agreements

Lease Agreements

Operating Lease Commitments - Group as Lessee. The Group entered into various lease agreements for the land, building, studio spaces, satellite and airtime that it presently occupies and uses for periods ranging from three to twenty five years. The leases are cancellable at the Group's option.

Also, in June 2012, the Parent Company agreed to extend its non-cancellable Co-production/Blocktime Rental Agreement with ZOE Broadcasting Network, Inc. (ZBN) for another seven years from June 2012 to May 2019. On the first year of the contract renewal, the Parent Company shall pay ZBN an amount equivalent to total payments from June 2011 to May 2012, subject to yearly escalation of 10.00%.

Total rental expense amounted to ₱843.63 million, ₱855.12 million and ₱919.49 million in 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively (see Notes 22 and 23).

The future minimum rentals payable under the non-cancellable operating leases follow:

	2015	2014
Within one year	₽174,684,625	₱158,804,204
After one year but not more than five years	495,058,978	669,743,603
	₽669,743,603	₽828,547,807

Operating Lease - Group as Lessor. The Group also leases out certain properties for a period of one year, renewable annually. The leased out properties include investment properties and portion of land in regional stations. Total rental income amounted to ₱6.28 million, ₱5.18 million and ₱4.85 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively (see Note 25).

Subscription Agreements

The Parent Company entered into various subscription agreements with international cable providers for the airing of its programs and shows abroad. The agreements generally have terms of three to five years and are based on certain agreed service package rates.

Total subscription income amounted to ₱1,023.32 million, ₱1,075.80 million and ₱977.81 million in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively (see Note 21).

28. Income Taxes

The current income tax pertains to the following:

	2015	2014	2013
RCIT	₽ 951,169,854	₽ 512,851,208	₽908,993,419
MCIT	3,728,988	1,066,086	196,921
	₽954,898,842	₽513,917,294	₱909,190,340



The components of the Group's provision for (benefit from) income tax in the consolidated profit or loss are as follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Current - RCIT	₽954,898,842	₽513,917,294	₱909,190,340
Deferred	(44,562,213)	(65,982,463)	(196,859,299)
	₽910,336,629	₽447,934,831	₽712,331,041

Income Tax

The reconciliation between the statutory income tax and effective income tax on income before income tax is shown below:

	2015	2014	2013
Statutory income tax	30%	30%	30%
Additions (deductions) in income			
tax resulting from:			
Interest income already			
subjected to final tax	(0.10)	(0.23)	(0.23)
Nondeductible interest			
expense	(0.06)	0.08	0.07
Equity in net earnings (losses)			
of joint ventures	0.03	(0.37)	0.22
Nontaxable refund of foreign			
tax credit	(0.02)	_	0.21
Nondeductible tax deficiency			
payment	0.01	_	_
Income tax holiday	_	_	(1.14)
Impairment loss on			
investment	_	_	0.04
Others - net	0.12	1.25	0.80
Effective income tax	29.98%	30.73%	29.97%

<u>Deferred Income Taxes</u>

The components of the Group's net deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2015	2014
Parent Company		
Deferred income tax assets:		
Pension liability	₽ 234,743,605	₽252,045,092
Allowance for doubtful accounts	83,243,469	80,961,771
Other long-term employee benefits	72,014,626	69,867,993
Advances from customers	46,910,706	_
Accrued rent	28,650,284	25,870,239
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	7,650,732	5,973,762
Revaluation of AFS financial assets	623,954	_
Customers deposits	_	605,392
	473,837,376	435,324,249

(Forward)



	2015	2014
Parent Company		_
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Revaluation increment on land	(P 435,963,012)	(P 435,963,012)
Unamortized capitalized borrowing costs	(15,115,728)	(18,138,874)
Discounting of noncurrent obligation for		
program and other rights	(62,708)	(496,254)
Revaluation of AFS financial assets	_	(422,410)
	(451,141,448)	(455,020,550)
	₽22,695,928	(₱19,696,301)
	2015	2014
Subsidiaries		
Deferred income tax assets:		
Pension liability	₽ 95,284,022	₽96,338,924
Intercompany sale of intangible assets	40,500,000	45,000,000
Other long-term employee benefits	19,263,919	7,835,907
Allowance for probable losses in investments	7,405,770	1,893,651
Allowance for doubtful accounts	660,936	1,446,511
Excess MCIT over RCIT	196,806	780,366
Unrealized loss on AFS financial assets	16,000	_
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	6,750	_
Others	_	922,207
	163,334,203	154,217,566
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(377,212)	(6,574,266)
Revaluation of AFS financial assets	(190,000)	(242,501)
Revaluation of the financial assets	(567,212)	(6,816,767)
-	₽162,766,991	<u>₹147,400,799</u>
	1 102,700,771	1117,100,777
Deferred income tax assets - net	₽185,462,919	₽ 147,400,799
Deferred income tax liabilities - net	₽_	(P 19,696,301)

The components of deferred income tax assets (liabilities) pertaining to accounts presented under equity in the consolidated statements of financial position are as follows:

	2015	2014
Revaluation increment on land	(P 435,963,012)	(P 435,963,012)
Pension liability - remeasurement loss		
on retirement plan	128,779,787	134,283,716
Revaluation of AFS financial assets	(25,573,578)	(2,151,332)
	(P 332,756,803)	(₱303,830,628)



The components of the subsidiaries' deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of NOLCO and MCIT, for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized in the Group's consolidated statements of financial position, are as follows:

	2015	2014
NOLCO	₽35,320,723	₽81,641,826
Allowance for doubtful accounts	6,989,912	9,805,947
Pension liability	2,622,785	1,992,286
Allowance for inventory stock	1,708,252	_
Other long-term employee benefits	680,456	627,035
Excess MCIT over RCIT	161,953	154,354
Allowance for impairment loss	_	540,866
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	_	57,200
	₽47,484,081	₱94,819,514

The unrecognized deferred tax assets from the above deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of NOLCO and MCIT amounted to ₱14.36 million and ₱28.55 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The deferred income tax assets were not recognized as management believes that future taxable income against which the deferred income tax assets can be used for these entities may not be available.

As at December 31, 2015, the Group's MCIT and NOLCO are as follows:

Date Paid/Incurred	Carry forward Benefit Up To	MCIT	NOLCO
December 31, 2013	December 31, 2016	₽ 401	₽15,613,400
December 31, 2014	December 31, 2017	76,482	19,473,687
December 31, 2015	December 31, 2018	281,876	233,636
		₽358,759	₽35,320,723

The movements in MCIT and NOLCO in 2015 are as follows:

	MCIT	NOLCO
Balance at beginning of year	₽934,720	₽81,641,826
Additions	281,876	233,636
Application	(656,338)	(4,998,884)
Expirations	(201,499)	(41,555,855)
	₽358,759	₽35,320,723



29. EPS Computation

The computation of basic and diluted EPS follows:

	2015	2014	2013
Net income attributable to equity			
holders of the Parent Company (a)	₽2,115,082,277	₱1,004,651,016	₽1,666,949,855
Less attributable to preferred			
shareholders	652,733,626	310,044,440	514,435,885
Net income attributable to common			
equity holders of the Parent			
Company (b)	1,462,348,651	₽694,606,576	₽1,152,513,970
Common shares issued at the			
beginning of year (Note 19)	3,364,692,000	3,364,692,000	3,364,692,000
Treasury shares (Note 19)	(3,645,000)	(3,645,000)	(3,645,000)
Underlying shares on acquired PDRs			
(Note 19)	(750,000)	(750,000)	(750,000)
Weighted average number of common			
shares for basic EPS (c)	3,360,297,000	3,360,297,000	3,360,297,000
Weighted average number of common			
shares	3,360,297,000	3,360,297,000	3,360,297,000
Effect of dilution - assumed			
conversion of preferred shares	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000
Reacquired preferred shares	(98,563)	(98,563)	(98,563)
Weighted average number of common	(/ /	() ,	, , ,
shares adjusted for the effect of			
dilution (d)	4,860,198,437	4,860,198,437	4,860,198,437
Basic EPS (b/c)	₽0.435	₽0.207	₽0.343
Diluted EPS (a/d)	₽0.435	₽0.207	₽0.343

30. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents. The main purposes of these financial instruments include raising financing for the Group's operations and managing identified financial risks. The Group has other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and nontrade receivables (excluding advances to suppliers), refundable deposits, trade payables and other current liabilities (excluding payable to government agencies, customers' deposits and advances from customers), short-term loans, obligations for program and other right, dividends payable and other long-term employee benefits, which arise directly from its operations, and AFS financial assets. The main risks arising from the use of financial instruments are liquidity risk, foreign currency exchange risk and credit risk. The Group is not exposed to interest rate risk as most of its financial assets and financial liabilities have fixed rates.

The BOD reviews and approves the Group's objectives and policies.

Liquidity Risk. The Group is exposed to the possibility that adverse changes in the business environment and/or its operations would result in substantially higher working capital requirements and subsequently pose difficulty in financing the additional working capital.



The Group manages liquidity risk by using its cash and cash equivalents from operations to meet its short-term liquidity needs. The Group likewise regularly evaluates other financing instruments and arrangements to broaden the Group's range of financing sources.

The tables below summarize the maturity profile of the Group's financial assets used for liquidity risk management purposes and financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as at December 31:

	2015				
	•	Less than		More than	
	On Demand	3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 year	Total
Loans and receivables:					
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽1,379,929,293	₱653,042,597	₽–	₽–	₽2,032,971,890
Trade receivables:					_
Television and radio airtime	1,400,967,153	2,575,855,130	277,478,231	_	4,254,300,514
Subscriptions	102,517,693	175,160,249	_	_	277,677,942
Others	22,686,391	94,525,563	5,797,900		123,009,854
Nontrade receivables:					
Advances to officers and employees	315,790	3,102,192	-	-	3,417,982
Others	4,991,390	4,077,051		_	9,068,441
Refundable deposits**	_	_	_	20,040,588	20,040,588
	2,911,407,710	3,505,762,782	283,276,131	20,040,588	6,720,487,211
AFS financial assets	_	-	-	191,116,881	191,116,881
	₽2,911,407,710	₽3,505,762,782	₽283,276,131	₽211,157,469	₽6,911,604,092
Other financial liabilities:					
Trade payables and other current liabilities***	₽592,626,117	₽567,568,109	₽38,437,946	₽-	₽1,198,632,172
Short-term loans****	_	_	1,160,475,629	_	1,160,475,629
Obligations for program and other rights	_	220,843,041	_	-	220,843,041
Dividends payable	10,873,177				10,873,177
	₽603,499,294	₽788,411,150	₽1,198,913,575	₽_	₽2,590,824,019

^{*}Excluding cash on hand and production fund amounting $\not=127.33$ million.

^{****}Gross contractual payments.

	2014				
		Less than		More than	
	On Demand	3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 year	Total
Loans and receivables:					
Cash and cash equivalents*	₱1,412,013,951	₱159,644,753	₽–	₽_	₽1,571,658,704
Trade receivables:					
Television and					
radio airtime	550,910,486	2,473,761,000	269,872,570	_	3,294,544,056
Subscriptions	320,876,428	718,519,443	_	_	1,039,395,871
Others	47,348,164	122,069,524	4,821,702	_	174,239,390
Nontrade receivables:					
Advances to officers					
and employees	39,000	4,404,381	_	_	4,443,381
Others	11,980,481	74,067,442	_	_	86,047,923
Refundable deposits**	_	_	_	19,913,347	19,913,347
	2,343,168,510	3,552,466,543	274,694,272	19,913,347	6,190,242,672
AFS financial assets	_	_	_	129,024,081	129,024,081
	₱2,343,168,510	₱3,552,466,543	₽274,694,272	₱148,937,428	₽6,319,266,753
Other financial liabilities:					
Trade payables and other					
current liabilities***	₱427,501,183	₱500,295,668	₽66,059,351	₽_	₽993,856,202
Short-term loans****	_	300,649,167	1,935,504,556	_	2,236,153,723
Obligations for program and					
other rights	_	116,533,114	_	5,193,223	121,726,337
Dividends payable	9,698,035	· · · · -	_	· · · · -	9,698,035
	₽437,199,218	₽917,477,949	₽2,001,563,907	₽5,193,223	₽3,361,434,297



^{**}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 15).

^{***}Excluding payable to government agencies, customer deposits and advances from customers amounting to \$\mathbb{P}595.72\$ million, \$\mathbb{P}239.93\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}156.37\$ million, respectively (see Note 16).

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk. Foreign currency exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk results from its business transactions denominated in foreign currencies. It is the Group's policy to ensure that capabilities exist for active but conservative management of its foreign currency exchange risk.

The Group's foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are as follows:

	20)15	2014		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$11,450,723	₽ 538,871,024	\$18,233,035	₽815,381,325	
Trade receivables	25,470,989	1,198,664,742	24,933,815	1,115,040,207	
	\$36,921,712	₽1,737,535,766	\$43,166,850	₽1,930,421,532	
Liabilities					
Trade payables	\$2,684,356	₽ 126,325,793	\$614,398	₽ 27,475,879	
Short-term loans	24,500,000	1,152,970,000	43,000,000	1,922,960,000	
Obligations for program and					
other rights	3,174,067	149,371,593	1,114,846	49,855,913	
	\$30,358,423	₽1,428,667,386	\$44,729,244	₽2,000,291,792	
	\$6,563,289	₽308,868,380	(\$1,562,394)	(₽ 69,870,260)	

In translating the foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities into Philippine peso amounts, the exchange rate used were \$\frac{1}{2}47.06\$ to US\$1.00 and \$\frac{1}{2}44.72\$ to US\$1.00, the Philippine peso to U.S. dollar exchange rate as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in US\$ exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's income before income tax from reporting period up to next reporting period (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities). There is no impact on the Group's equity other than those already affecting profit or loss.

	Appreciation	Effect on
	(Depreciation)	Income before
	of ₽	Income Tax
2015	0.50	(₽820,411)
	(0.50)	820,411
2014	0.50	₽1,033,850
	(0.50)	(1,033,850)

Credit Risk. Credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, is controlled by the application of credit approvals, limits and monitoring procedures. It is the Group's policy to enter into transactions with a diversity of creditworthy parties to mitigate any significant concentration of credit risk. The Group ensures that sales of products and services are made to customers with appropriate credit history. The Group has an internal mechanism to monitor the granting of credit and management of credit exposures. The Group has made provisions, where necessary, for potential losses on credits extended. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the



^{*}Excluding cash on hand and production fund amounting ₱27.17 million.

^{**}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 15).

^{***}Excluding payable to government agencies and customer deposits amounting to ₱716.45 million and ₱220.87 million, respectively (see Note 16).

^{****}Gross contractual payments.

counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of the instruments. The Group does not require any collateral for its financial assets, thus, maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial instruments.

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the consolidated financial position as at December 31:

	2015	2014
Loans and receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents*	P2,032,971,890	₱1,571,658,704
Trade receivables:		
Television and radio airtime	4,254,300,514	3,294,544,056
Subscriptions	277,677,942	1,039,395,871
Others	123,009,854	174,239,390
Nontrade receivables:		
Advances to officers and employees	3,417,982	4,443,381
Others	9,068,441	86,047,923
Refundable deposits**	20,040,588	19,913,347
	6,720,487,211	6,190,242,672
AFS financial assets	191,116,881	129,024,081
	₽6,911,604,092	₽6,319,266,753

^{*}Excluding cash on hand amounting to \$\P27.17\$ million and \$\P24.44\$ million as at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

**Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 15).

The credit quality of financial assets is managed by the Group using high grade and standard grade as internal credit ratings.

- *High Grade.* Pertains to a counterparty who is not expected by the Group to default in settling its obligations, thus credit risk exposure is minimal. This normally includes prime financial institutions and companies and top 20 advertisers in terms of volume of sales, who consistently pay on or before the maturity date and related parties.
- Standard Grade. Pertains to a counterparty with tolerable delays (normally from 1 to 30 days) in settling its obligations to the Group. The delays may be due to cut-off differences. This includes customers outside the top 20 advertisers in terms of volume of sales, who consistently pay on maturity date and officers and employees.

As at December 31, 2015 and 2014, the credit quality of the Group's financial assets is as follows:

			2015		
	Neither Past Due Nor Impaired		Past Due but	Past Due and	
	High Grade	Standard Grade	not Impaired	Impaired	Total
Loans and receivables:					
Cash and cash equivalents*	₽2,032,971,890	₽_	₽_	₽_	₽2,032,971,890
Trade receivables:					
Television and radio airtime	2,365,548,701	210,306,429	1,400,967,153	277,478,231	4,254,300,514
Subscriptions	117,689,978	57,470,271	102,517,693	-	277,677,942
Others	91,835,899	2,689,664	22,686,391	5,797,900	123,009,854
Nontrade receivables:					
Advances to officers and employees	3,102,192	_	315,790	_	3,417,982
Others	3,962,266	114,785	4,991,390	_	9,068,441
Refundable deposits**	20,040,588	_	-	-	20,040,588
	4,635,151,514	270,581,149	1,531,478,417	283,276,131	6,720,487,211
AFS financial assets	191,116,881	_	_	_	191,116,881
	₽4,826,268,395	₽270,581,149	₽1,531,478,417	₽283,276,131	₽6,911,604,092

^{*}Excluding cash on hand amounting to \$\mathbb{P}127.33\$ million as at December 31, 2015.

^{**}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 15).



	2014						
	Neither Past	Neither Past Due Nor Impaired		Past Due and			
	High Grade	Standard Grade	not Impaired	Impaired	Total		
Loans and receivables:							
Cash and cash equivalents*	₱1,571,658,704	₽_	₽_	₽_	₱1,571,658,704		
Trade receivables:					_		
Television and radio airtime	269,872,570	1,870,274,281	884,524,635	269,872,570	3,294,544,056		
Subscriptions		443,781,464	595,614,407		1,039,395,871		
Others	4,821,702	81,967,263	82,628,723	4,821,702	174,239,390		
Nontrade receivables:					_		
Advances to officers and employees	_	4,404,381	39,000	_	4,443,381		
Others	_	71,627,672	14,420,251	_	86,047,923		
Refundable deposits**	19,913,347	_	_	_	19,913,347		
	1,866,266,323	2,472,055,061	1,577,227,016	274,694,272	6,190,242,672		
AFS financial assets	129,024,081				129,024,081		
	₽1,995,290,404	₱2,472,055,061	₽1,577,227,016	₱274,694,272	₽6,319,266,753		

^{*}Excluding cash on hand amounting to ₱27.17 million as at December 31, 2014.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, pay off existing debts, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Parent Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the three years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

The Group monitors its capital gearing by measuring the ratio of interest-bearing loan to total equity. The Group's interest-bearing loans, which are the short-term loans, amounted to ₱1,152.97 million and ₱2,222.96 million as at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Group's total equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 amounted to ₱9,038.85 million and ₱8,190.47 million, respectively.



^{**}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 15).

31. Fair Value Measurement

The table below presents the carrying values and fair values of the Group's assets and liabilities, by category and by class, as at December 31:

	2015								
		Fair Value							
	Carrying Value		Significant Observable Input (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)					
Assets Measured at Fair Value	, c								
Land at revalued amount	₽1,802,522,857	₽_	₽-	₽1,802,522,857					
AFS financial assets	39,833,800	39,833,800	_	_					
Assets for which Fair Values are									
Disclosed									
Investment properties	55,548,001	_	_	135,390,479					
Loans and receivables -									
Refundable deposits*	20,040,588	_	_	18,260,354					
*	₽1,917,945,246	₽39,833,800	₽-	₽1,956,173,690					

^{*}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 15).

	14			
			Fair Value	
	Carrying Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Input (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets Measured at Fair Value				
Land at revalued amount	₽1,799,712,858	₽_	₽_	₽1,799,712,858
AFS financial assets	6,840,000	6,840,000	_	_
Assets for which Fair Values are Disclosed				
Investment properties	58,811,306	_	_	135,390,479
Loans and receivables -				
Refundable deposits*	19,913,347	_	_	18,144,416
	₱1,885,277,511	₽6,840,000	₽_	₱1,953,247,753
Liability for which Fair Value is Disclosed Other financial liability - Noncurrent portion of obligation				
for program and other rights	₽5,193,223	₽_	₽_	₽6,526,340

^{*}Included under "Other noncurrent assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 15).

During the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, there were no transfers between levels of fair value measurement. There are no financial instruments classified under levels 1 and 2.

Fair Value Determination

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each asset and liability for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Short-term Investments and Trade and Nontrade Receivables
The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and trade and nontrade receivables are the approximate fair values primarily due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.



Refundable Deposits

The fair value of refundable deposits is based on the present value of the future discounted cash flows. Discount rates used range from 3.14% to 4.72% in 2015 and 3.64% to 4.83% in 2014.

AFS Financial Assets

These are investments in quoted and unquoted shares of stock. The fair value of quoted shares is based on quoted market prices. For unquoted shares, the carrying amounts (cost less allowance for impairment losses) approximate fair values due to unpredictable nature of future cash flows and lack of other suitable methods for arriving at reliable fair value.

Investment Properties

The valuation for investment properties was derived through market data approach based upon prices paid in actual market transactions. This approach relies on the comparison of recent sale transactions or offerings of similar properties which have occurred and/or offered with close proximity to the subject property adjusted based on certain elements of comparison (e.g. market conditions, location, physical condition and amenities). Significant unobservable valuation input in determining the fair value of investment properties includes adjusted price per square meter that ranges from \$\mathbb{P}900\$ to \$\mathbb{P}118,945\$.

Land at Revalued Amount

The valuation for land was derived through market data approach based upon prices paid in actual market transactions. This approach relies on the comparison of recent sale transactions or offerings of similar properties which have occurred and/or offered with close proximity to the subject property adjusted based on certain elements of comparison (e.g. market conditions, location, physical condition and amenities). Significant unobservable valuation input in determining the fair value of land at revalued amount includes adjusted price per square meter that ranges from \$\mathbb{P}200\$ to \$\mathbb{P}50,000\$.

Significant increases (decreases) in estimated price per square meter would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value of the properties.

Trade Payables and Other Current Liabilities (excluding payable to government agencies and customer deposits), Short-term Loans, Current Portion of Obligations for Program and Other Rights and Dividends Payable

The carrying values of trade payables and other current liabilities, short-term loans, current portion of obligations for program and other rights and dividends payable are the approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

Noncurrent Portion of Obligations for Program and Other Rights

The fair value of noncurrent portion of obligation for program and other rights is based on the present value of the future cash flows. Discount rate used is 4.03% in 2014.

32. Supplemental Information to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Non-cash transaction in 2015 consists of acquisition of AFS financial assets for ₱130.00 million in exchange for investments in X-Play for ₱26.43 million, advances for ₱30.00 million and airtime receivables for ₱28.00 million (see Note 10).

Non-cash transaction in 2013 consists of investment in PEP for ₱12.00 million through conversion of advances of GNMI in PEP (see Note 11). This also consists of the increase in AFS financial assets amounting to ₱22.13 million which is attributable to the dividends declared to the Parent Company.



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INDEX TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2015

Annex 68 - E

A.	Financial Assets	Attached
В.	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	Not applicable
C.	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	Attached
D.	Intangible Assets and Other Assets	Attached
E.	Long-term Debt	Not applicable
F.	Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-term Loans from Related Companies)	Not applicable
G.	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	Not applicable
H.	Capital Stock	Attached
Additio	onal Components	
i)	Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration	Attached
ii)	List of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Effective as at December 31, 2014	Attached
iii)	Map of Relationships of the Companies within the Group	Attached
iv)	Schedule of Financial Ratios	Attached

GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY ANNEX 68-E DECEMBER 31, 2015

Schedule A. Financial Assets

Cash and cash equivalents ₽ ₱1,507,255,528 ₽ ₱7 Peso Placements: Abacus Capital & Investment - 106,732,747 - 4,4 Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of - 70,477,947 - 5 Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,33 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	01,740 90,617 17,839 01,628
Association of Each Issue Bonds and Notes Position Reporting Reriod and A Cash and cash equivalents P= ₱1,507,255,528 P= ₱7 Cash in Banks P= ₱1,507,255,528 P= ₱7 Peso Placements: Abacus Capital & Investment - 106,732,747 - 4,4 Corporation - 65,322,556 - 6 Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - 5 Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - 5 Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	01,740 90,617 17,839 01,628
Cash and cash equivalents ₽ ₱1,507,255,528 ₽ ₱7 Peso Placements: Abacus Capital & Investment - 106,732,747 - 4,4 Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	90,617 17,839 01,628
Cash in Banks ₱─ ₱1,507,255,528 ₱─ ₱7 Peso Placements: Abacus Capital & Investment Corporation - 106,732,747 - 4,4 Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	90,617 17,839 01,628
Peso Placements: Abacus Capital & Investment Corporation - 106,732,747 - 4,4 Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of - 70,477,947 - 5 Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	90,617 17,839 01,628
Abacus Capital & Investment Corporation - 106,732,747 - 4,4 Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	17,839 01,628
Corporation - 106,732,747 - 4,4 Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	17,839 01,628
Banco De Oro - 65,322,556 - 6 Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	17,839 01,628
Bank of Philippine Island - 90,581,982 - 1,0 Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	01,628
Malayan Bank - 54,520,826 - 9 Philippine Bank of Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	
Philippine Bank of — 70,477,947 — 5 Unicapital, Inc. — 20,282,811 — Philippine National Bank — 1,388,060 — Eastwest — 20,137,264 — 1 Union Bank of the Philippines — 50,140,000 — 1,3 MBTC — 56,536,861 — 5	
Communications - 70,477,947 - 5 Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	70,218
Unicapital, Inc. - 20,282,811 - Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	44.500
Philippine National Bank - 1,388,060 - Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	44,509
Eastwest - 20,137,264 - 1 Union Bank of the Philippines - 50,140,000 - 1,3 MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	53,486
Union Bank of the Philippines – 50,140,000 – 1,3 MBTC – 56,536,861 – 5	9,105
MBTC - 56,536,861 - 5	85,370
	74,320
	71,284
	27,365
	62,642
	16,902
	25,285
Dollar Placements:	
	27,507
	63,788
	46,552
	37,847
Total Placements – 653,042,597 – 12,7	63,132
Short-term Investments – – 1	90,938
₽ ₽2,160,298,125 ₽ ₽13,6	55,810
Available-for-sale investments	
IP E Games Ventures, Inc. 13,000,000,000 ₱68,900,000 ₱68,900,000	₽_
Unicapital, Inc. – 75,109,800 –	_
Mabuhay Philippine Satellite – 29,000,000 –	_
Optima Studio – 11,023,156 –	_
Ayala Alabang Country Club - A 1 2,300,000 2,300,000	_
Baguio Country Club 1 1,300,000 1,300,000	_
Metropolitan Club (Metroclub) A 7 1,825,000 1,825,000	_
Manila Southwoods A 1 1,100,000 1,100,000	_
Camp John Hay Golf Club 1 90,000 90,000	_
PLDT Company 2,100 21,000 21,000	
Reefpoint Picture – 216,925 –	_
Royale Tagaytay 2 230,000 230,000	- -
To Research Council – 1,000 –	- - -
13,000,002,113 ₱191,116,881 ₱75,766,000	- - -

Schedule B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)

December 31, 2015

			Deduc	tions				
Name and Designation	Balance at Beginning of	_	Amount	Amount			Balance at End of	
of Debtor	Period	Additions	Collected	Written Off	Current	Non Current	Period	
Not Applicable: The Company has no amounts receivable from directors, officers, employees, related parties and principal stockholders as at December 31, 2015.								

Schedule C. Amounts of Receivable from and Payable to Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements December 31, 2015

Alta Productions Company, Inc. (Alta)

			Deducti	ons			
			Amount	Amount written off/			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Collected	Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Receivables - Trade	₽ 143,455	₽-	₽-	(₽ 143,455)	₽_	₽_	₽_
Receivables- Nontrade	_	_	_	143,455	_	143,455	143,455
Payables - Trade	(10,358,470)	_	10,358,470	_	_	_	_
Total	(¥10,215,015)	_	₽ 10,358,470	₽_	₽–	₽143,455	₽ 143,455

Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc. (Citynet)

			Deduct	ions			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Advances to Citynet	₽118,934,402	₽_	₽_	(₱1,291,316)	₽_	₽117,643,086	₽117,643,086
Payables- Nontrade	(200,000)	_	_	200,000	_	_	_
Payables -Trade	-	_	6,000	(200,000)	_	(194,000)	(194,000)
Total	₽118,734,402	₽_	₽6,000	(₽1,291,316)	₽-	₽117,449,086	₽117,449,086

Schedule C. Amounts of Receivable from and Payable to Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements (cont.)

December 31, 2015

GMA Network, Films, Inc. (GNFI)

			Deducti	ions			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Advances to GNFI	₽44,511,314	P_	P_	P _	<u>₽</u>	₱44,511,314	₱44,511,314
Receivables-Trade	14 4,311,314	_	г-	г-		F44,311,314	
	-	225,000	_	((5.205.406)	225,000	_	225,000
Receivables	65,385,486	_	_	(65,385,486)	_	-	_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	1,347,544	_	65,385,486	1,347,544	65,385,486	66,733,030
Payables-Nontrade	(5,659,974)	_	_	5,659,974	_	_	_
Payables-Trade	_	_	_	(5,659,974)	_	(5,659,974)	(5,659,974)
Total	₽104,236,826	₽1,572,544	₽–	₽–	₽ 1,572,544	₽104,236,826	₽105,809,370

GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. (GMPI)

			Deduct	ions			
Aggaint	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Conected		Current	Non Current	December 31, 2013
Receivables-Trade	₽1,470,796	₽_	₽_	$(\mathbf{P}1,470,796)$	₽_	₽_	₽_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	676,858	(49,629)	1,470,796	676,858	1,421,167	2,098,025
Payables-Nontrade	(188,903,762)	_	_	188,903,762	_	_	_
Payables-Trade	_	_	_	(188,903,762)	_	(188,903,762)	(188,903,762)
Total	(P 187,432,966)	₽676,858	(₽49,629)	₽_	₽676,858	(₽187,482,595)	(P 186,805,737)

Schedule C. Amounts of Receivable from and Payable to Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements (cont.)

December 31, 2015

GMA New Media, Inc. (GNMI)

			Deduct	ions			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Advances to GNMI	₽35,524,846	₽_	₽_	₽_	₽_	₱35,524,846	₱35,524,846
Receivables-Trade	82,387,871	_	_	(82,387,871)	_	_	_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	51,597	(116,973)	82,387,871	_	82,322,495	82,322,495
Payables-Nontrade	(51,727,382)	_	-	51,727,382	_	_	_
Payables-Trade	_	(70,688,294)	57,243,531	(51,727,382)	(65,172,145)	_	(65,172,145)
Total	₽66,185,335	(P 70,636,697)	₽ 57,126,558	₽_	(P 65,172,145)	₽117,847,341	₽52,675,196

GMA Worldwide (Philippines), Inc. (GWI)

			Deduction	ons			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Receivables-Trade	₽_	₽450,000	(₱225,000)	₽_	₽225,000	₽_	₽225,000
Receivables	2,766,391	_	_	(2,766,391)	_	_	_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	3,190,595	_	2,766,391	3,190,595	2,766,391	5,956,986
Payables-Nontrade	(11,191,528)	_	_	11,191,528	_	_	_
Payables-Trade		(20,361,770)	16,303,850	(11,191,528)	(15,249,448)	_	(15,249,448)
Total	(P 8,425,137)	(₽16,721,175)	₽ 16,078,850	₽–	(P 11,833,853)	₽2,766,391	(₽9,067,462)

Schedule C. Amounts of Receivable from and Payable to Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements (cont.) December 31, 2015

RGMA Marketing & Productions, Inc. (GMA Records)

			Deducti	ions			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Advances to GMA Records	₱20,806,217	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽20,806,217	₱20,806,217
Receivables-Trade	_	3,335	_	_	3,335	_	3,335
Receivables	3,611,895	_	_	(3,611,895)	· —	_	_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	197,716	(85,384)	3,611,895	197,716	3,526,511	3,724,227
Payables-Trade	_	(2,897,469)	1,719,768	_	(1,177,701)	_	(1,177,701)
Total	₽24,418,112	(₽ 2,696,418)	₽1,634,384	₽_	(₽976,650)	₽24,332,728	₽23,356,078

Scenarios, Inc. (Scenarios)

			Deducti	ons			
			Amount	Amount written off/			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Collected	Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Advances to Scenarios	₽1,014,090	₽_	₽_	₽-	₽–	₽1,014,090	₽1,014,090
Receivables	12,733,493	_	_	(12,733,493)	_	_	_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	_	(2,750)	12,733,493	_	12,730,743	12,730,743
Total	₽13,747,583	₽_	(₽2,750)	₽–	₽_	₽13,744,833	₽13,744,833

Schedule C. Amounts of Receivable from and Payable to Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements (cont.)

December 31, 2015

Script2010, Inc. (Script2010)

			Deducti	ons			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Receivables	₱19,014,595	P	<u>₽</u>	(₱19,014,595)	P _	<u>₽</u> _	P
Receivables-Nontrade	-	749,503	(73,068)	19,014,595	749,503	18,941,527	19,691,030
Payables-Trade	_	(134,748,905)	129,293,544	, , , <u> </u>	(5,455,361)	, , , <u> </u>	(5,455,361)
Payables	(2,307,129)		· -	2,307,129	_	_	
Payables-Nontrade		(26,468,767)	27,453,638	(2,307,129)	(1,322,258)	_	(1,322,258)
Total	₽16,707,466	(P 160,468,169)	₽156,674,114	₽–	(₽6,028,116)	₽18,941,527	₽12,913,411

Media Merge Corporation (MM)

			Deducti	ons			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Amount Collected	Amount written off/ Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
	January 1, 2013	Additions	Amount Conected	Reciassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2013
Receivables-Trade	₽11,954,398	₽_	₽_	(₱11,954,398)	₽_	₽_	₽_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	51,794	(69,440)	11,954,398	51,794	11,884,958	11,936,752
Payables-Nontrade	(14,256,882)	_	_	14,256,882	_	_	_
Payables-Trade	_	(36,457,437)	39,979,635	(14,256,882)	(10,734,684)	_	(10,734,684)
Total	(P 2,302,484)	(P 36,405,643)	₽39,910,195	₽–	(P 10,682,890)	₽11,884,958	₽1,202,068

Schedule C. Amounts of Receivable from and Payable to Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements (cont.) December 31, 2015

Digify, Inc.

		Deductions					
				Amount			
			Amount	written off/			
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Collected	Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Payables-Trade	₽_	₽3,427,232	(₽4,789,270)	₽-	(₽1,362,038)	₽-	(₱1,362,038)

RGMA Network, Inc. (RGMA Network)

			Deducti	ons			
A	January 1, 2015	A .d.di4i.o	Amount	Amount written off/	Command	Non Coment	December 21, 2015
Account	January 1, 2015	Additions	Collected	Reclassified	Current	Non Current	December 31, 2015
Receivables-Trade	₽ 18,283,246	₽_	₽_	(P 18,283,246)	₽_	₽_	₽_
Receivables-Nontrade	_	_	(5,399,283)	18,283,246	_	12,883,963	12,883,963
Payables-Trade	(10,047,791)	_	_	10,047,791	_	_	_
Payables-Nontrade	_	_	_	(10,047,791)	_	(10,047,791)	(10,047,791)
Total	₽ 8,235,455	₽_	(P 5,399,283)	₽_	₽_	₽2,836,172	₽2,836,172

Schedule D. Intangible Asset - Other Asset December 31, 2015

	Beginning	Additions at	Charge to cost	Charged to	
Description	balance	cost	and expenses	other accounts	Ending balance
Program and film	₱1,182,630,981	₽734,084,599	(₱730,289,184)	₽-	₱1,186,426,396
rights					
Story format rights	15,639,728	14,890,663	(24,349,559)	_	6,180,832
Software cost	35,917,092	2,170,075	(20,680,531)	_	17,406,636
	₽1,234,187,801	₽751,145,337	(₽ 775,319,274)	₽–	₱1,210,013,864

Schedule E. Long-Term Debt December 31, 2015

	Amount	Amount shown under caption	Amount shown under
Title of Issue and Type	Authorized	"Current portion of long term	caption "Long term debt"
of Obligation	by Indenture	debt" in related balance sheet	in related balance sheet

Not Applicable: The Company has no long-term debt as at December 31, 2015.

Schedule F. Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-Terms from Related Companies) December 31, 2015

	Balance,	Balance,
Name	January 1, 2015	December 31, 2015

Not Applicable: The Company has no indebtedness to a related party as at December 31, 2015.

Schedule G. Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers December 31, 2015

Name of Issuing Entity of	Title of Issue of	Total Amount	Amount Owned	
Securities Guaranteed by	Each Class of	Guaranteed	by Person for	
the Company for which	Securities	and	which the	Nature of
this statement is filed	Guaranteed	Outstanding	Statement is Filed	Guarantee

Not Applicable: The Company has no guarantees of securities of other issuers as at December 31, 2015.

Schedule H. Capital Stock December 31, 2015

		Number of shares issued and	Number of shares reserved			
		outstanding as	for options,			
		shown under	warrants,		Directors,	
	Number of	related statements	conversion	Number of	officers,	
Title of	shares	of financial	and other	shares held by	and	
issue	authorized	position caption	rights	related parties	employees	Others
Common	5,000,000,000	3,361,047,000*	NA	3,000,819,963	6,362,017	353,865,020
Preferred	7,500,000,000	7,499,507,184**	NA	7,428,344,388	26,916	71,135,880
	ock totaling 3,645,000 s stock totaling 492,816 s					

GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Unappropriated retained earnings, at beginning of year Adjustments:		₽1,101,594,067
Less: Treasury shares	(28,483,171)	
Underlying shares of the acquired Philippine	(==, ==, =, =, =)	
Deposit Receipts	(5,790,016)	
Deferred tax assets, beginning	(316,386,825)	
Unrealized foreign exchange loss last year,	, , ,	
realized this year	(19,912,541)	(370,572,553)
Adjusted beginning balance of unappropriated retained		
earnings available for dividend declaration		731,021,514
Net income during the period closed to retained earnings Adjustments:	2,094,053,637	
Less: Movements in deferred tax asset-net		
during the year	54,054,055	
Unrealized foreign exchange loss this year	25,502,441	
Net income actually earned during the year,		
as adjusted		2,173,610,133
Less: Appropriations during the period		(1,214,854,609)
Unappropriated retained earnings as adjusted to		
available for dividend declaration, at end of year		₽1,689,777,038



SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 891 0307 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City **Philippines**

Fax: (632) 819 0872 ey.com/ph

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, December 14, 2015, valid until December 31, 2018 SEC Accreditation No. 0012-FR-4 (Group A), November 10, 2015, valid until November 9, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors GMA Network, Inc. **GMA** Network Center Timog Avenue corner EDSA Quezon City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of GMA Network, Inc. and Subsidiaries (collectively, the Group) as at December 31, 2015 and 2014 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 included in this Form 17-A, and have issued our report thereon dated April 8, 2016. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules are the responsibility of the Group's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, As Amended (2011), and are not part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Maryarth C. Miguel Marydith C. Miguel

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 65556

SEC Accreditation No. 0087-AR-3 (Group A),

January 18, 2013, valid until April 30, 2016

Tax Identification No. 102-092-270

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-55-2015,

February 27, 2015, valid until February 26, 2018

PTR No. 5321664, January 4, 2016, Makati City

April 8, 2016



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

LIST OF PHILIPPINE FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS EFFECTIVE AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2015

Page 1 of 7

Page 1 of 7				
INTERPRE	E FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND FATIONS at December 31, 2015	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
Framework Statements	for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial	X		
~ ttt t t i i t i t i t i t i t i t i t	ramework Phase A: Objectives and qualitative characteristics			
PFRSs Pract	tice Statement Management Commentary			X
Philippine F	inancial Reporting Standards			
PFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 1 and PAS 27: Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters			X
	Amendment to PFRS 1: Limited Exemption from Comparative PFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters			X
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Date for First-time Adopters			X
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Government Loans			X
	Amendment to PFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards - Meaning of 'Effective PFRSs'			X
PFRS 2	Share-based Payment	X		X
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations	X		X
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions	X		X
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Share-based Payment - Definition of Vesting Condition	Definition Not Early Add		oted
PFRS 3	Business Combinations	X		
(Revised)	Business Combinations - Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination	No	Not Early Adopted	
	Business Combinations - Scope Exceptions for Joint Arrangements	No	ot Early Adop	oted
PFRS 4	Insurance Contracts	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 4: Financial Guarantee Contracts	X		X

^{*}Standards and interpretations which will become effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

Page 2 of 7

INTERPRE	E FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND TATIONS at December 31, 2015	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 5: Changes in Methods of Disposal*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
PFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources	X		X
PFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	X		
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets	X		
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Mandatory Effective Date of PFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Servicing Contracts*	Not Early Adopted		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements*	Not Early Adopted		
PFRS 8	Operating Segments	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 8: Operating Segments - Aggregation of Operating Segments and Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets	Not Early Adopted		opted
PFRS 9	Financial Instruments*	No	ot Early Ad	opted
	Amendments to PFRS 9: Mandatory Effective Date of PFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures	Not Early Adopted		opted
PFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities	X X		X
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception*	Not Early Adopted		opted
PFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

^{*}Standards and interpretations which will become effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

Page 3 of 7

INTERPRE'	E FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND TATIONS at December 31, 2015	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	X		
	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities	X		X
	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception*	No	ot Early Add	opted
PFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	X		
	Amendment to PFRS 13: Short-term Receivables and Payables	X		
	Amendment to PFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement - Portfolio Exception	X		
PFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
Philippine A	ccounting Standards (PAS)			
PAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements	X		
(Revised)	Amendment to PAS 1: Capital Disclosures	X		
	Amendments to PAS 32 and PAS 1: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 1: Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	X		
	Amendments to PAS 1: Disclosure Initiative*	Not Early Adopted		opted
PAS 2	Inventories	X		
PAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows	X		
PAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	X		
PAS 10	Events after the Reporting Period	X		
PAS 11	Construction Contracts	X		X
PAS 12	Income Taxes	X		
	Amendment to PAS 12 - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets	X		
PAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment	X		
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment - Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation	X		X
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment – Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation*	Not Early Adopted		opted
	Amendment to PAS 16: Agriculture - Bearer Plants*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
PAS 17	Leases	X		
PAS 18	Revenue	X		

^{*}Standards and interpretations which will become effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

Page 4 of 7

INTERPRET	FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND ATIONS t December 31, 2015	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 19	Employee Benefits	X		
(Revised)	Amendments to PAS 19: Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures	X		
	Amendments to PAS 19: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 19: Regional Market Issue Regarding Discount Rate*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
PAS 20	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance			X
PAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	X		
Amendment: Net Investment in a Foreign Operation		X		X
PAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs	X		
PAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures	X		
	Amendments to PAS 24: Key Management Personnel	X		
PAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans	X		X
PAS 27	Separate Financial Statements	X		
(Amended)	Amendments to PAS 27: Investment Entities	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 27: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements*	Not Early Adopted		
PAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	X		
(Amended)	Amendments to PAS 28: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
PAS 29	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies			X
PAS 32	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation	X		
	Amendments to PAS 32 and PAS 1: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation	X		X
	Amendment to PAS 32: Classification of Rights Issues	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 32: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	X		
PAS 33	Earnings per Share	X		
PAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting	X		
	Amendments to PAS 34: Disclosure of information 'elsewhere in the interim financial report'*	No	ot Early Ado	opted

^{*}Standards and interpretations which will become effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

Page 5 of 7

INTERPRE	E FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND CTATIONS at December 31, 2015	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 36	Impairment of Assets	X		
	Amendments to PAS 36: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	X		
PAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	X		
PAS 38	Intangible Assets	X		
	Amendments to PAS 38: Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Amortization	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Amortization*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
PAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	X		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Transition and Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	X		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup Transactions	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 39: The Fair Value Option	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 4: Financial Guarantee Contracts	X		X
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets	X		
	Amendments to PAS 39 and PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition	X		
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-9 and PAS 39: Embedded Derivatives	X		
	Amendment to PAS 39: Eligible Hedged Items	X		X
	Amendment to PAS 39: Recognition and Measurement - Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting	X		X
PAS 40	Investment Property	X		
	Amendment to PAS 40	X		
PAS 41	Agriculture			X
	Amendment to PAS 41: Agriculture - Bearer Plants*	Not Early Adopted		opted
Interpretati	ons			
IFRIC 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities	X		X
IFRIC 2	Members' Share in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments	X		X
IFRIC 4	Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease	X		

^{*}Standards and interpretations which will become effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

Page 6 of 7

INTERPRET	FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND ATIONS t December 31, 2015	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
IFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds	X		X
IFRIC 6	Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment	X		X
IFRIC 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under PAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	X		X
IFRIC 8	Scope of PFRS 2	X		
IFRIC 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives	X		X
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-9 and PAS 39: Embedded Derivatives	X		X
IFRIC 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	X		
IFRIC 11	PFRS 2- Group and Treasury Share Transactions	X		
IFRIC 12	Service Concession Arrangements	X		X
IFRIC 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes	X		X
IFRIC 14	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction	X		X
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretations IFRIC-14, Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement	X		X
IFRIC 15	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate*	No	ot Early Ado	opted
IFRIC 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation	X		X
IFRIC 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	X		X
IFRIC 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers	X		X
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	X		X
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine	X		X
IFRIC 21	Levies	X		
SIC-7	Introduction of the Euro	X		X
SIC-10	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities	X		X
SIC-12	Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities	X		X
	Amendment to SIC - 12: Scope of SIC 12	X		X
SIC-13	Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers	X		X
SIC-15	Operating Leases - Incentives	X		X
SIC-25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders	X		X

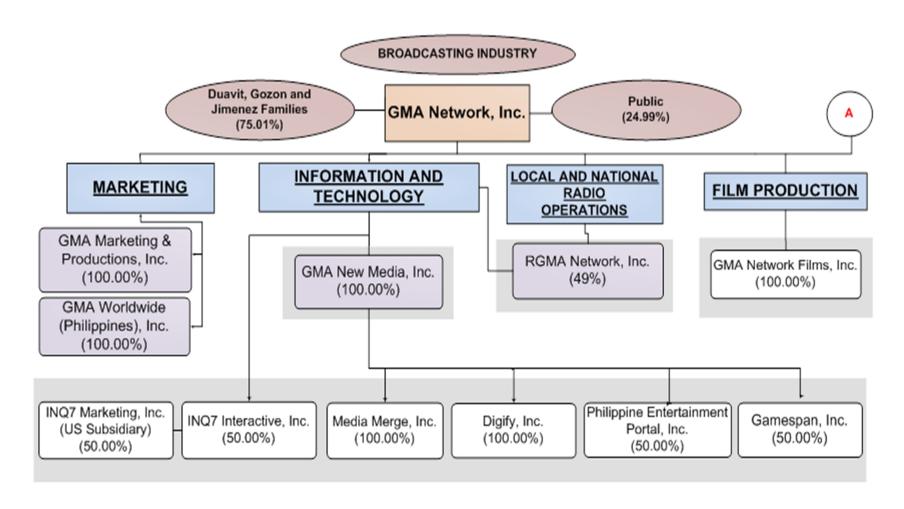
^{*}Standards and interpretations which will become effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

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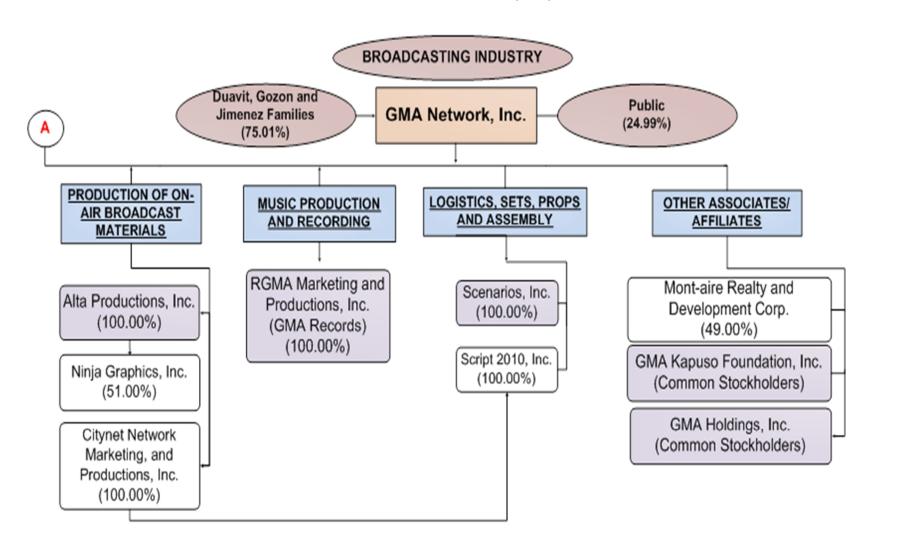
PHILIPPINE FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS Effective as at December 31, 2015		Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
SIC-27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease	X		
SIC-29	Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosures	X		X
SIC-31	Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services	X		X
SIC-32	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs	X		X
IFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds	X		X

^{*}Standards and interpretations which will become effective subsequent to December 31, 2015.

MAP OF THE RELATIONSHIPS OF THE COMPANIES WITHIN THE GROUP



MAP OF THE RELATIONSHIPS OF THE COMPANIES WITHIN THE GROUP (cont.)



GMA NETWORK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL RATIOS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013

	_	Dece	mber 31
Financial Ratios	Description	2015	2014
Current/liquidity ratio	Current assets over current liabilities	2.24:1	1.90:1
Asset to equity ratio	Total asset over total equity	1.59:1	1.70:1
Debt-to-equity ratio	Short-term loans over total equity	0.13:1	0.27:1
Net debt to equity ratio	Interest - bearing loans and borrowings less		
	cash and cash equivalents over total		
	equity	(0.11):1	0.08:1

		Year	rs Ended Dec	ember 31
Financial Ratios	Description	2015	2014	2013
Interest rate coverage	Earnings before interest, tax over			_
ratio	interest expense	75.57:1	43.15:1	45.95:1
Gross profit margin	Gross profit over net revenues	57.44%	53.67%	54.01%
Net income margin	Net income over net revenues	15.49%	8.42%	12.93%





SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM - ACGR

UPDATES IN THE ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR 2015

- 1. Report is Filed for the Year 2015
- 2. Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter GMA NETWORK, INC.
- 3. Address of Principal Office
 GMA NETWORK CENTER, EDSA CORNER TIMOG AVENUE DILIMAN, QUEZON
 CITY
 Postal Code
- 4. SEC Identification Number 5213

5. SEC Use Only)
Industry Classification Code

- 6. BIR Tax Identification Number 000-917-916-000
- 7. Issuer's Telephone number, including area code (632) 982 7777
- 8. Former name or former address, if changed from the last report **NOT APPLICABLE**

CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN THE ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR $\underline{2015}$

A. BOARD MATTERS

1) Board of Directors

Number of Directors per Articles of Incorporation	Nine (9)
Actual number of Directors for the year	Nine (9)

(a) Composition of the Board

Complete the table with information on the Board of Directors

Director s Name	Type Executive (ED), Non- Executive (NED), or Independ ent Director (ID)	If Nominee, identify the principal	Nomination in the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the nominator)	Date first elect ed	Date last elect ed (if ID, state the numb er of years serve d as ID) ¹	Elected when (Annual/ Special Meeting)	No. of Years served as director
Felipe L. Gozon	ED	FLG Management and Development Corporation	Nominated by Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr. as approved by the Nomination Committee	1975	2015	Annual Meeting	<u>40</u>
Michael John R. Duavit	NED	Group Management & Development Inc.	Nominated by Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr. as approved by the Nomination Committee	2015	2015	Annual Meeting	1

¹ Reckoned from the election immediately following July 31, 2014 (the date of filing of the latest ACGR).

		Group	Nominated	1999	2015	Annual	<u>16</u>
Gilberto R.	ED	Management	by Gilberto			Meeting	
Duavit,		.&	Ř. Duavit,	ļ			
Jr.		Development	Jr. as				
,=	•	Inc.	approved by	.			
			the Nomination	.			
			Committee				
		FLG	Nominated	2000	2015	Annual	<u>15</u>
Anna Teresa	ED	Management	by Gilberto			Meeting	
M.		and	R. Duavit,			٠	
Gozon-		Development	Jr. as				
Abrogar		Corporation	approved by				,
			the Nomination				
			Committee				
	NED	M.A.	Nominated	2002	2015	Annual	<u>13</u>
Joel Marcelo	NED	Jimenez	by Gilberto			Meeting	
G.		Enterprises,	R. Duavit,				
Jimenez		Inc./	Jr. as				
•		Television	approved by				
	•	International	the Nomination				
	•	Corporation	Committee				
	NED	M.A.	Nominated	2002	2015	Annual	<u>13</u>
Laura J. Westfall	NED	Jimenez	by Gilberto			Meeting	
Westian		Enterprises,	Ř. Duavit,		ĺ	,	
	,	Inc./	Jr. as				
	•	Television	approved by	,		-	
		International	the			1	
		Corporation	Nomination				
			Committee Nominated	2002	2015	Annual	12
Felipe S.	ED	N/A	by Gilberto	2002	20.10	Meeting	
Yalong			R. Duavit,			_	
			Jr. as	, ,			
		,	approved by				
			the				
			Nomination				
			Committee Nominated	2007	2015	Annual	8
Artemio	1D	N/A	by Gilberto	2007	2010	Meeting	_
_ V			R. Duavit,				
Panganib			Jr. as				
an		-	approved by				
			the				i I
			Nomination				
		-	Committee		'		
			(Nominator has no				
			relationship				
			with the				
,			Independent				
,			Director)		<u> </u>		-
Jaime C.	ID	N/A	Nominated	2007	<u>2015</u>	Annual	8
Laya			by Gilberto		<u></u>	Meeting	
			3				
	•		J.	•			
•	,		•				
	•						

		R. Duavit,			
		Jr. as	1		
		approved by			
		the			
		Nomination			
		Committee	•		
	,	(Nominator			
•		has no			
		relationship			
		with the	}		
;		Independent			
		Director)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

(b) Provide a brief summary of the corporate governance policy that the board of directors has adopted. Please emphasis the policy/ies relative to the treatment of all shareholders, respect for the rights of minority shareholders and of other stakeholders, disclosure duties, and board responsibilities.

The Corporation believes that the essence of corporate governance is transparency.

- All material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed. Such information shall include earnings results, acquisition or disposal of assets, board changes, related party transactions, shareholdings of directors and changes to ownership.
- 2. Other information that shall always be disclosed includes the aggregate remuneration (including stock options) of all directors and senior management officers
- All disclosed information shall be released via the approved stock exchange procedure for the company announcements as well as through the annual report.
- 4. The Board shall commit at all times to fully disclose non-confidential material information dealings. It shall cause the filing of all required information for the interest of the stakeholders.
- 5. The Board shall be committed to respect the following rights of the stockholders:
 - A. Voting Right
 - B. Power of Inspection
 - C. Right to Information
 - D. Right to Dividends
 - E. Appraisal Right
- (c) How often does the Board review and approve the vision and mission?

In practice, the Board reviews and approves the Company's vision and mission every three years. In 2007, upon submission of the Manual on Corporate Governance, and in 2014 upon submission of the revision thereto pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, Series of 2014.

(d) Directorship in Other Companies

(i) Directorship in the Company's Group²

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who hold the office of director in other companies within its Group:

Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non- Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the
	Chairman
GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.	Chairman/Executive
Alta Productions Group, Inc.	Chairman/Non-Executive
Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc.	Chairman/Non-Executive
Mont-Aire Realty and Development Corporation	Chairman/Non-Executive
Philippine Entertainment Portal, Inc.	Chairman/Non-Executive
RGMA Network, Inc.	Chairman and Non- Executive
GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.	Chairman of the Board of Trustees/Non-Executive
	GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. Alta Productions Group, Inc. Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc. Mont-Aire Realty and Development Corporation Philippine Entertainment Portal, Inc. RGMA Network, Inc.

² The Group is composed of the parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the company.

Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	GMA Network Films, Inc.	Chairman/Non-Executive
Oliborto Pa Susana	GMA Worldwide, Inc.	Chairman/Non-Executive
	GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.	Vice-Chairman/Non- Executive
	GMA Holdings, Inc.	Director/President and Chief Executive Officer
	Scenarios, Inc.	Director/President and Chief Executive Officer
	RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.	Director/President and Chief Executive Officer
	MediaMerge Corp.	Director/President
	Alta Productions Group, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	Optima Digital, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	Monte-Aire Realty and Development Corp.	Director/Non-Executive
	GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.	Trustee/Non-Executive
		Chief Frequetics
Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	Alta Productions, Inc.	Director/Chief Executive Officer
	RGMA Network, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	GMA New Media, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	Scenarios, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	GMA Worldwide, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	Malayan Savings and Mortgage Bank	
	GMA Holdings, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.	Trustee
,		

		Transpurar
Felipe S. Yalong	GMA Holdings, Inc.	Corporate Treasurer
	Scenarios, Inc.	Director/Corporate Treasurer
	GMA Network Films, Inc.	Director/Corporate Treasurer
	GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	RGMA Network, Inc.	Director/Executive
	GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.	Corporate Treasurer
		Director/President
Atty, Anna Teresa G. Abrogar	GMA Films, Inc.	
Abrogai	GMA Worldwide, Inc.	Director/President
	GMA Kapuso Foundation	Trustee
Michael John R. Duavit	MRD Holdings & Investments, Inc.	Director/Executive
	Puresound Trading, Inc.	Director/Executive
	Citynet Television, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	GMA New Media, Inc.	Director/Non-Executive
	Guronasyon Foundation, Inc.	Trustee/Executive
,		₩ ₁ .
Dr. Jaime Laya	GMA Holdings, Inc.	Independent Director

Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban	GMA Holdings, Inc.	Independent Director

(ii) Directorship in Other Listed Companies

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who are also directors of publicly-listed companies outside of its Group.

Director's Name	Name of Listed Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non- Executive,
		Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman
Dr. Jaime Laya	Philippine Trust Company (Philtrust Bank)	Director/Non-Executive
Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban	First Philippine Holdings Corporation	Independent Director/Non-Executive
	Metro Pacific Investments Corp.	Independent Director/Non-Executive
	Manila Electric Company	Independent Director/Non-Executive
	Robinsons Land Corporation	Independent Director/Non-Executive
	Petron Corporation	Independent Director/Non-Executive
	Bank of the Philippine Islands	Independent Director/Non-Executive
	Asian Terminals Incorporated	Independent Director/Non-Executive
	Jollibee Foods Corporation	Independent Director/Non-Executive

(iii) Relationship within the Company and its Group

Provide details, as and if applicable, of any relation among the members of the Board of Directors, which links them to significant shareholders in the company and/or in its group:

Director's Name	Name of the Significant Shareholder	Description of the relationship
Michael John R. Duavit	Gilberto R. Duavit	<u>brothers</u>
Laura J. Westfall	Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	sister-brother brothers
Gilberto R. Duavit Anna Teresa M. Gozon-	Michael John R. Duavit Felipe L. Gozon	brothers
Abrogar Felipe L. Gozon	Anna Teresa M. Gozon- Abrogar	father-daughter

(iv) Has the company set a limit on the number of board seats in other companies (publicly listed, ordinary and companies with secondary license) that an individual director of CEO may hold simultaneously? NO. In particular, is the limit of five board seats in other publicly listed companies imposed and observed? If yes, briefly describe other guidelines:

No limit is imposed because all of the Company's directors have shown extraordinary competence in performing their duties as such, notwithstanding their directorship in other corporations. This is evidenced by their active participation, valuable inputs and almost complete attendance in the Board meetings as well as in their respective Committees' meetings.

	Guidelines	Maximum Number of Directorships in other companies
F. Circotor	N/A	N/A
Executive Director	N/A	N/A
Non-Executive Director CEO	N/A N/A	N/A

(c) Shareholding in the Company

Complete the following table on the members of the company's Board of Directors who directly and indirectly own shares in the company:

Name of Director	Number of Direct Shares (COMMON)	Number of Direct Shares (Preferred)	Number of Indirect Shares/ Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
	3,181	26,880	N/A	0.00%
Felipe L. Gozon Gilberto R. Duavit,	4,007,006	12	N/A	0.00%
Jr. Joel Marcelo G.	11,000,003	<u>6</u>	N/A	0.00%
Jimenez	<u> </u>	L		<u></u>

Anna Teresa M.	529,003	6	N/A	0.00%
Gozon-Abrogar Michael John R.	1	<u>0</u>	N/A	0.00%
Duavit Laura J. Westfall	2	6	N/A	0.00%
Felipe S. Yalong	1,613,000	6	N/A N/A	0.00%
Chief Justice Artemio V.	200,001	<u>0</u>	IN/A	0.0070
Panganiban	201.001		N/A	0.00%
Dr. Jaime Laya TOTAL	294,001 17,646,198	<u>0</u> 26,916	INIX	0.00%

2) Cha	airman	and	CEO
--------	--------	-----	-----

(a)	Do different persons assume the role of Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO? In no, describe the checks and balances laid down to ensure that the Board gets the benefit of independent views.
	YESNO √
	Identify the Chair and CEO:
	Chairman of the Board Felipe L. Gozon CEO/Provident Chief Executive Officer: Felipe L. Gozon

President: Gilberto R. Duavit

(b) Roles, Accountabilities and Deliverables

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Chairman and CEO:

<u>;</u> [Chairman	Chief Executive Officer
Role	Shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors	Execute on behalf of the Corporation contracts and agreements which the Corporation may enter into
		Appoint employees below the level of Assistant Vice-President;
		Exercise such other power and perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time fix or delegate
Accountabilities	Ensure that the meetings of the Board are held in accordance with the by-laws or as the Chair may deem necessary; Supervise the preparation of the	Sign, endorse and deliver, in conjunction with other officials whom the Board may designate, all checks, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory

	agenda of the meeting in coordination with the Corporate Secretary, taking into consideration the suggestions of the Management and the directors; and	notes and orders of payments or sums of money in the name and on behalf of the corporation;
	Maintain qualitative and timely lines of communication and information between the Board and	¥
Deliverables	Management; Reviews and approves the minutes of the meeting of the stockholders and the members of the Board of Directors	Submit an annual report of the Corporation to the Board of Directors and at such other times as the latter may request, and an annual report to the stockholders;

3) Explain how the board of directors plan for the succession of the CEO/Managing Director/President and the top key management positions?

The Company's By-laws provides that the Board of Directors shall annually, at their first meeting, elect a Chairman of the Board of Directors, a President, Vice-Presidents, and a Secretary, and may also from time to time appoint such other officers and agents as it may deem proper. The Board of Directors may create such additional positions as it may consider proper.

It further provides that the office of the Chairman, President, Vice-President, Treasurer, or Secretary becomes vacant by death, resignation, or otherwise, the remaining directors, if still constituting a quorum, by a majority vote choose a successor or successors who shall hold office for the unexpired term.

In case of temporary absence of any officer of the Corporation or for any other reason that the Board of Directors may deem sufficient, the Board of Directors may delegate the powers and duties for the time being to any other officers, provided that a majority of the Board concur therein and such delegation is not covered by any express prohibition of these By-laws.

4) Other Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors

Does the company have a policy of ensuring diversity of experience and background of directors in the board? Please explain.

Yes. The Nomination Committee in the Board of Directors ensures that all nominees to the Board of Directors are competent and qualified to be nominated as Director based on internal guidelines so that:

1. There is a proper mix of competent directors that would continuously improve shareholder's value;

2. Directors will ensure a high standard of best practices for the Corporation and its stakeholders.

Does it ensure that at least one non-executive director has an experience in the sector or industry the company belongs to? Please explain.

Yes, the Nomination Committee recommends guidelines in the selection of nominees for directorships based on the perceived needs of the Board of Directors with respect to the nature of the business of the Company.

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors:

All of the members of the Company's Board of Directors have such powers and authorities as are set by Company's By-Laws, Manual on Corporate Governance, by Philippine law and rules.

	Executive	Non-Executive	Independent
Role	Determine the period, manner and conditions under which the Corporation shall engage in the kinds of business as stated in the primary and secondary purposes of the Articles of Incorporation.	Determine the period, manner and conditions under which the Corporation shall engage in the kinds of business as stated in the primary and secondary purposes of the Articles of Incorporation.	Director To be independent of management and be free from any business relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in
	Determine the Corporation's purpose, its vision and mission and strategies to carry out its objectives	Determine the Corporation's purpose, its vision and mission and strategies to carry out its objectives	carrying out his responsibilities as a director in any covered company. Determine the Corporation's purpose, its vision and mission and strategies to carry out its objectives
Accountabilities	Ensure that the Corporation complies with all relevant laws, regulations and codes of best business practice Determine the declaration of dividends out of profits or surplus	Ensure that the Corporation complies with all relevant laws, regulations and codes of best business practice Determine the declaration of dividends out of profits or surplus	Ensure that the Corporation complies with all relevant laws, regulations and codes of best business practice Determine the declaration of dividends out of profits or surplus
	Institute, maintain, defend, compromise or drop any litigation in which the	or drop any litigation	compromise or drop

		Corporation or its	Corporation or its	which the
		Corporation or its officers may be interested as plaintiff or defendant, in connection with the business of the Corporation.	officers may be interested as plaintiff or defendant, in connection with the business of the Corporation.	Corporation or its officers may be interested as plaintiff or defendant, in connection with the business of the Corporation.
	,	Adopt a system of internal checks and balances	Adopt a system of internal checks and balances	Adopt a system of internal checks and balances
		Identify key risk areas and key performance indicators and monitor these factors with due diligence;	Identify key risk areas and key performance indicators and monitor these factors with due diligence;	Identify key risk areas and key performance indicators and monitor these factors with due diligence;
		Properly discharge Board functions by meeting regularly	Properly discharge Board functions by meeting regularly	Properly discharge Board functions by meeting regularly
Deliver	ables	Submit annually to the regular general meeting of the stockholders the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Statement, and Annual Report to the Condition of the Corporation.	Submit annually to the regular general meeting of the stockholders the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Statement, and Annual Report to the Condition of the Corporation	Submit annually to the regular general meeting of the stockholders the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Statement, and Annual Report to the Condition of the Corporation
		Provide sound strategic policies and guidelines to the corporation on major capital expenditures.	strategic policies and guidelines to the corporation on major	strategic policies and guidelines to the corporation on major capital expenditures.
		Establish programs that can sustain its long-term viability and strength. Periodically evaluate and monitor the implementation of such policies and strategies, including the business plans.	that can sustain its long-term viability and strength. Periodically evaluate and monitor the implementation of such policies and strategies, including the business plans.	that can sustain its long-term viability and strength. Periodically evaluate and monitor the implementation of such policies and strategies, including

operating budgets Management's and budgets operating and Management's overall performance; and Management's overall overall performance; performance; and Formulate and Formulate and Formulate implement policies implement policies implement policies and procedures that and procedures that and procedures that would ensure the would ensure the would ensure the and and integrity and integrity integrity transparency of of transparency of transparency party related party party related related transactions transactions transactions and between and among between between and among the the corporation and among the corporation and corporation and its its parent company, its parent company, company, parent ventures. joint ventures, ioint ventures, ioint subsidiaries, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates. subsidiaries, associates, associates, major stockholders, affiliates. major affiliates. major officers and stockholders. stockholders. directors, including officers and officers spouses, their including directors, directors. including and children spouses, their spouses, their dependent siblings children children and parents, and of dependent siblings dependent siblings interlocking director and parents, and of and parents, and of relationships by interlocking director interlocking director the members `of relationships bν by relationships members of Board. the members the Board. Board.

Provide the company's definition of "independence" and describe the company's compliance to the definition.

"Independence" means not having a relationship with the corporation, which would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director.

Does the company have a term limit of five consecutive years for independent directors? If after two years, the company wishes to bring back an independent director who had served for five years, does it limit the term for no more than four additional years? Please explain.

The Company does not have a policy providing for a limit in the term of its independent directors. However, the Company adopts the qualifications and standards on the nomination and appointment/election of independent directors prescribed under the Securities Regulation Code. The said qualifications and standards are also expressly contained in the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance. Other than the foregoing, no limitation or restriction is imposed on the appointment/election of independent directors in order to give primacy to the right of the stockholders to elect the director of their choice granted them under the Company's By-laws as well as the Corporation Code.

- 5) Changes in the Board of Directors (Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors)
 - (a) Resignation/Death/Removal Indicate any changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that happened during the period: NOT APPLICABLE

	Position	Date of Cessation	Reason
Name N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(b) Selection/Appointment, Re-election, Disqualification, Removal, Reinstatement and Suspension

Describe the procedures for the selection/appointment, re-election, disqualification, removal, reinstatement and suspension of the members of the Board of Directors. Provide details of the processes adopted (including the frequency of election) and the criteria employed in each procedure:

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
a.		
Selection/Appoi	•	,
_	•	
ntment		(4) Holder of at least one (1)
(i) Executive Directors	The Nomination Committee, in determining the qualified nominees to the Board of Directors, shall consider the following in addition to the relevant provision of the Articles of Incorporation and the By- laws of the Corporation: (1) That the director to be appointed possesses the Qualifications as set by the Company's By- laws, Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules. (2) That the director to be appointed possesses none of the permanent disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate	possess integrity and probity; and (5) He shall be assiduous;

	Little miles	
	law and the rules. (3) That the director to be appointed possesses none	
	of the temporary disqualifications set by the	
	Company's Manual on	
	Corporate Governance, the law and the rules.	
		f at least one (1)
(ii) Non- Exec	The Nomination Committee, in determining the qualified	(1) Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation;
utive Direc	nominees to the Board of Directors, shall consider	(2) He shall be at least a college graduate or have
tors	the following in addition to the relevant provision of	sufficient experience in managing the business to substitute for such formal
	the Articles of Incorporation and the Bylaws of the Corporation:	education; (3) He shall be at least twenty
	,	five (25) years old; (4) He shall have proven to possess integrity and
,	(1) That the director to be appointed possesses the	probity; and (5) He shall be assiduous;
	Qualifications as set by the	
	Company's By- laws, Manual on Corporate	
	Governance, the law and the rules.	
	(2) That the director to be appointed	
	possesses none of the permanent disqualifications	
	set by the Company's	
	Manual on Corporate Governance, the	
	law and the rules. (3) That the director	
	to be appointed possesses none	

	of the temporary disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules	
(iii) Independ ent Direc tors	The Nomination Committee, in determining the qualified nominees to the Board of Directors, shall consider the following in addition to the relevant provision of the Articles of Incorporation and the By- laws of the Corporation:	(1) Is independent of Management and free from any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director in the Company and includes any person who:
	 (1) That the director to be appointed possesses the Qualifications as set by the Company's Bylaws, Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules. (2) That the director to be appointed possesses none of the permanent 	 Is not a director or officer of the covered company or of its related companies or any of its substantial shareholders except when the same shall be an independent director of any of the foregoing; Does not own more than two percent (2%) of the shares of the covered company and/or its related companies or any of its substantial shareholders; Is not related to the director, officer or substantial shareholder of the covered company, and of its related companies or any of its
	disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules. (3) That the director to be appointed possesses none of the temporary disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules.	arrangement, 5. Is not acting as a nominee or representative of any director or substantial shareholder of the covered shareholder any of its

		related companies and/or any of its substantial shareholders, pursuant to a Deed of Trust or under any contract or arrangement;
		6. Has not been employed in any executive capacity by the covered company, any of its related companies and/or with any of its substantial shareholders within the last five (5) years;
		7. Is not retained, either personally or through his firm or any similar entity, as professional adviser, by that covered company, any of its related companies and/or any of its substantial shareholders, within the last five (5) years; or
		8. Has not engaged and does not engage in any transaction with the covered company and/or with any of its related companies and/or with any of its substantial shareholders, whether by himself and/or with other persons and/or through a firm of which he is a partner and/or a company of which he is a director or substantial shareholder, other than transactions which are conducted at arms length and are immaterial.
h Re-		
.		
appointment (i) Executive Directors	The Nomination Committee, in determining the qualified nominees to b re- appointed to the Board of Directors, shall consider the following in addition to the relevant provision of the Articles of Incorporation and the By- laws of the Corporation:	 (1) Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation; (2) He shall be at least a college graduate or have sufficient experience in managing the business to substitute for such formal education; (3) He shall be at least twenty five (25) years old;
	18	

	(1) That the director to be reappointed maintains the Qualifications as set by the Company's Bylaws, Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules.	(4) He shall have proven to possess integrity and probity; and (5) He shall be assiduous;
	(2) That the director to be appointed possesses none of the permanent disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules. (3) That the director to be appointed possesses none of the temporary disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules.	
(ii) Non- Exec utive Direc tors	The Nomination Committee, in determining the qualified nominees to be re- appointed to the Board of Directors, shall consider the following in addition to the relevant provision of the Articles of Incorporation and the By- laws of the Corporation: (1) That the director to be re- appointed maintains the	 (1) Holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation; (2) He shall be at least a college graduate or have sufficient experience in managing the business to substitute for such formal education; (3) He shall be at least twenty five (25) years old; (4) He shall have proven to possess integrity and probity; and (5) He shall be assiduous;

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	Qualifications as set by the	-
	Company's By- laws, Manual on	
	Corporate	·
	Governance, the law and the rules.	
	law and the rules.	
	(2) That the director	·
•	to be appointed	
	possesses none	
ļ.	of the permanent disqualifications	
	set by the	
	Company's	
	Manual on Corporate	
	Governance, the	
	law and the rules.	
	(3) That the director to be appointed	
	possesses none	
	of the temporary	
·	disqualifications set by the	
	Company's	
	Manual on	
	Corporate Governance, the	
	law and the rules.	
		(1) Is independent of Management
(iii) Independ	The Nomination Committee, in	and free from any business or
ent Direc	determining the qualified	other relationship which could, or could reasonably be
tors	nominees to b re-	or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere
	appointed to the Board of Directors, shall consider	with his exercise of independent
	the following in addition to	indoment in carrying out his
	the relevant provision of	responsibilities as a director in the Company and includes any
	the Articles of Incorporation and the By-	person who:
	laws of the Corporation:	1. Is not a director or officer of
		the covered company or of
	(1) That the director	its related companies or any
	to be re-	of its substantial shareholders except when
	appointed maintains the	the same shall be an
	Qualifications as	independent director of any
	set by the	I Deed not own more indi-
	Company's By- laws, Manual on	two percent (2%) of the
	Corporate	shares of the covered
	Governance, the	company and/or its related
	_	

law and the rules.

- (2) That the director to be appointed possesses none of the permanent disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules.
- (3) That the director to be appointed possesses none of the temporary disqualifications set by the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the law and the rules.

- companies or any of its substantial shareholders;
- 3 Is not related to the director, officer or substantial shareholder of the covered company, and of its related companies or any of its substantial shareholders.
- 4. Is not acting as a nominee or representative of any director or substantial shareholder of the covered company, and/or any of its related companies and/or of its substantial shareholders, pursuant to a Deed of Trust or under any contract or arrangement;
- 5. Is not acting as a nominee or representative of any director or substantial shareholder of the covered company, and/or any of its related companies and/or any of its substantial shareholders, pursuant to a Deed of Trust or under any contract or arrangement;
- 6. Has not been employed in any executive capacity by the covered company, any of its related companies and/or with any of its substantial shareholders within the last five (5) years;
- 7. Is not retained, either personally or through his firm or any similar entity, as professional adviser, by that covered company, any of its related companies and/or any of its substantial shareholders, within the last five (5) years; or
 - 8. Has not engaged and does not engage in any transaction with the covered company and/or with any of its related companies and/or with any of its substantial shareholders, whether by himself and/or with other

persons and/or through a firm of which he is a partner and/or a company of which director а is shareholder, substantial transactions other than which are conducted at and length arms immaterial

c. Permanent

Disqualification

(i) Executive Direc tors In case any vacancy shall occur among the directors, such vacancy may be filled by the remaining directors at any meeting at which a quorum shall be present. Any such vacancy may also be filled by the stockholders entitled to vote at any meeting held during such vacancy.

- a. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by competent judicial administrative body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase or sale of securities, as defined in the Securities Regulation Code; (b) arises out of the person's conduct as an underwriter, investment dealer. broker. principal distributor, adviser, mutual fund dealer, futures merchant. commission commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (c) arises out of his fiduciary relationship with a quasi-bank, company, investment house or as an affiliated person of any of them;
- b. Any person who, by reason of misconduct, after hearing, is permanently enjoined by a final judgment or order of the Commission or any court or of administrative body competent jurisdiction from: (a) acting as underwriter, broker, investment adviser, dealer, principal distributor, mutual fund futures commission dealer. merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; (b) acting as director or officer of a trust guasi-bank, bank, company, investment house or (c) investment company; engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in any of the capacities mentioned in subparagraphs (a) and (b) above, or willfully violating the laws that govern securities and banking

activities:

The disqualification shall also apply if such person is currently the subject of an order of the Commission or any court or administrative body denying, revoking or suspending any registration, license or permit him under the issued to Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code or any other administered bν Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP), or under any rule or regulation issued by the Commission or BSP, or has otherwise been restrained to engage in any activity involving securities and banking; or such person is currently the subject of an effective order of a selforganization regulatory suspending or expelling him from membership, participation or association with a member or participant of the organization.

- c. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by court or competent administrative body of an offense involving moral turpitude or fraud, embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation, forgery, bribery, false affirmation, perjury or other fraudulent acts;
- d. Any person finally found by the Commission or a court or other administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully counseled, abetted, aided. procured induced or violation of, any provision of the Securities Regulation Code, the Corporation Code, or any other administered by law Commission or Bangko Sentral Pilipinas, or any rule, regulation or order of the Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas;
- e. Any person judicially declared to

vote, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation; ii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (i). (ii) Non- Exec occur among the occur among the directors, such vacancy administrative body of any crime			be insolvent;
an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his election or appointment; and, h. Any person engaged in or connected with any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be so engaged or connected: i. If he is an officer, manager, director, consultant, controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 5% or more of any outstanding class of shares of, any other corporation or entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority vote, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation; ii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation; iii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (1).			by a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct listed in
connected with any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be so engaged or connected: i. If he is an officer, manager, director, consultant, controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 5% or more of any outstanding class of shares of, any other corporation or entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority vote, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation; ii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (i). (ii) Non- Executive Directors such vacancy may be filled by the remaining directors at any or order by a competent judicial or administrative body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase or			an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his
manager, director, consultant, controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 5% or more of any outstanding class of shares of, any other corporation or entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority vote, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation; ii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (i). (ii) Non- Exec utive Direc tors in case any vacancy shall occur among the directors, such vacancy may be filled by the remaining directors at any			connected with any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be
entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority vote, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation; ii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (i). (ii) Non- Exec occur among the directors, such vacancy may be filled by the remaining directors at any of the competent in the purchase of that (a) involves the purchase or competent in the purchase of that (a) involves the purchase or competent in the			manager, director, consultant, controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 5% or more of any outstanding class of shares of any other corporation or
exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (i). (ii) Non- Exec of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (i). a. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by a competent judicial or administrative body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase or			entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority vote, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to
Exec occur among the utive directors, such vacancy Direc tors remaining directors at any the total directors at any the total number of order by a competent judicial or administrative body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase or th			exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding sub-
Exec occur among the utive directors, such vacancy Direc tors remaining directors at any the total directors at any the total number of order by a competent judicial or administrative body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase or th			- L. L. Gool
	Exec utive Direc	directors, such vacancy	judgment or order by a competent judicial or administrative body of any crime

meeting at which a quorum shall be present. Any such vacancy may also be filled by the stockholders entitled to vote at any meeting held during such vacancy.

- sale of securities, as defined in the Securities Regulation Code; (b) arises out of the person's conduct as an underwriter, investment dealer, broker. distributor. principal adviser. mutual fund dealer, futures merchant. commission commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (c) arises out of his fiduciary relationship with a trust quasi-bank, bank. company, investment house or as an affiliated person of any of them;
- b. Any person who, by reason of misconduct, after hearing, is permanently enjoined by a final judgment or order of the Commission or any court or of body administrative competent jurisdiction from: (a) acting as underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal distributor, mutual fund commission dealer, futures merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker, (b) acting as director or officer of a quasi-bank, trust bank. company, investment house or company; (c) investment engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in any of the capacities mentioned in subparagraphs (a) and (b) above, or willfully violating the laws that govern securities and banking activities;

The disqualification shall also apply if such person is currently the subject of an order of the Commission or any court or administrative body denying, revoking or suspending any registration, license or permit issued to him under the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code or any other by administered Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP), or under any rule or regulation issued by the Commission or BSP, or has

- otherwise been restrained to engage in any activity involving securities and banking; or such person is currently the subject of an effective order of a self-regulatory organization suspending or expelling him from membership, participation or association with a member or participant of the organization.
- c. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by court or competent administrative body of an offense involving moral fraud, turpitude or embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation, false bribery, forgery, affirmation, perjury or other fraudulent acts;
- d. Any person finally found by the Commission or a court or other administrative body to have violated, or willfully counseled, abetted. aided. procured induced or violation of, any provision of the Securities Regulation Code, the Corporation Code, or any other administered bγ the Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, or any rule, regulation or order of the Commission or Bangko Sentral na Pilipinas;
- e. Any person judicially declared to be insolvent;
- f. Any person finally found guilty by a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct listed in the foregoing paragraphs;
- g. Conviction by final judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his

election or appointment; and, h. Any person engaged in or connected with any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be so engaged or connected: i. If he is an officer, manager, director, consultant, controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 5% or more of any outstanding class of shares of, any other corporation or entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority determines to competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation; ii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding paragraph (i). Any person convicted by final In case any vacancy shall (iii) Independ judgment or order among occur ent judicial competent directors, such vacancy Direc administrative body of any crime may be filled by the that (a) involves the purchase or tors : remaining directors at any sale of securities, as defined in meeting at which a the Securities Regulation Code; quorum shall be present. (b) arises out of the person's Any such vacancy may conduct as an underwriter, also be filled by the investment dealer, broker, stockholders entitled to distributor, principal adviser, vote at any meeting held mutual fund dealer, futures during such vacancy. merchant, commission commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (c) arises out of his fiduciary relationship with a quasi-bank, company, investment house or as an affiliated person of any of them: b. Any person who, by reason of misconduct, after hearing, is

permanently enjoined by a final judgment or order of the Commission or any court or body administrative competent jurisdiction from: (a) acting as underwriter, broker, investment adviser, dealer, principal distributor, mutual fund commission futures dealer. merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; (b) acting as director or officer of a quasi-bank, company, investment house or company; investment engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in any of the capacities mentioned in subparagraphs (a) and (b) above, or willfully violating the laws that govern securities and banking activities;

The disqualification shall also apply if such person is currently the subject of an order of the Commission or any court or administrative body denying, revoking or suspending any registration, license or permit issued to him under the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code or any other administered by Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP), or under any rule or regulation issued by the Commission or BSP, or has otherwise been restrained to engage in any activity involving securities and banking; or such person is currently the subject of an effective order of a selforganization regulatory suspending or expelling him from membership, participation or association with a member or participant of the organization.

c. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by court or competent administrative body of an offense involving moral turpitude or fraud, embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation,

- forgery, bribery, false affirmation, perjury or other fraudulent acts;
- d. Any person finally found by the Commission or a court or other administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully counseled. abetted, aided, procured or induced violation of, any provision of the Securities Regulation Code, the Corporation Code, or any other administered by law -Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, or any rule, regulation or order of the Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas;
- e. Any person judicially declared to be insolvent;
- f. Any person finally found guilty by a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct listed in the foregoing paragraphs;
- g. Conviction by final judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his election or appointment; and,
- h. Any person engaged in or connected with any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be so engaged or connected:
 - i. If he is an officer, manager, director, consultant, controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 5% or more of any outstanding class of shares of, any other corporation or

entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority vote, determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Corporation;

ii. If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee of any person set forth in the immediately preceding subparagraph (i).

d. Temporary

Disqualification

(i) Executive Direc tors In case any vacancy shall occur among the directors, such vacancy may be filled by the remaining directors at any meeting at which a quorum shall be present. Any such vacancy may also be filled by the stockholders entitled to vote at any meeting held during such vacancy.

- a. Refusal to fully disclose the extent of his business interest as required under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. This disqualification shall be in effect as long as his refusal persists;
- b. Absence or non-participation for whatever reason/s for more than fifty percent (50%) of all meetings, both regular and special, of the Board of directors during his incumbency, or any twelve (12) month period during said incumbency. This disqualification applies for purposes of the succeeding election:
- Dismissal/termination from directorship in another listed corporation for cause. This disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself of any involvement in the alleged irregularity;
- Being under preventive suspension by the Corporation;
- e. If the independent director becomes an officer or employee of the same corporation he shall be automatically disqualified

		_		·
				from being an independent director; and,
	·		f.	Conviction that has not yet become final referred to in the grounds for the disqualification of directors.
			-	
(ii)	Exec utive Direc tors	In case any vacancy shall occur among the directors, such vacancy may be filled by the remaining directors at any meeting at which a quorum shall be present. Any such vacancy may	a.	Refusal to fully disclose the extent of his business interest as required under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. This disqualification shall be in effect as long as his refusal persists;
	-	also be filled by the stockholders entitled to vote at any meeting held during such vacancy.	b.	Absence or non-participation for whatever reason/s for more than fifty percent (50%) of all meetings, both regular and special, of the Board of directors during his incumbency, or any twelve (12) month period during said incumbency. This disqualification applies for purposes of the succeeding election;
			c.	Dismissal/termination from directorship in another listed corporation for cause. This disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself of any involvement in the alleged irregularity;
			d.	Being under preventive suspension by the Corporation;
			e.	If the independent director becomes an officer or employee of the same corporation he shall be automatically disqualified from being an independent
			f.	director; and, Conviction that has not yet become final referred to in the
				grounds for the disqualification of directors.
				Pefusal to fully disclose the
(iii	i) Independ	In case any vacancy shal	ı a	. Refusal to fully disclose the
<u> </u>				

ent Direc tors

occur among the directors, such vacancy may be filled by the remaining directors at any meeting at which a quorum shall be present. Any such vacancy may also be filled by the stockholders entitled to vote at any meeting held during such vacancy.

- extent of his business interest as required under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. This disqualification shall be in effect as long as his refusal persists;
- b. Absence or non-participation for whatever reason/s for more than fifty percent (50%) of all meetings, both regular and special, of the Board of directors during his incumbency, or any twelve (12) month period during said incumbency. This disqualification applies for purposes of the succeeding election;
 - Dismissal/termination from directorship in another listed corporation for cause. This disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself of any involvement in the alleged irregularity;
 - d. Being under preventive suspension by the Corporation;
 - e. If the independent director becomes an officer or employee of the same corporation he shall be automatically disqualified from being an independent director; and,
 - f. Conviction that has not yet become final referred to in the grounds for the disqualification of directors.

e. Removal

(i) Executive Direc tors

In case of any vacancies in the Board of Directors constituting a quorum, may fill the same by the affirmative vote of a majority of such remaining members for the unexpired term subject to the Article IV (Section 1) of the

The Company adopts the criteria set by the Philippine Corporation Code on the Removal of Directors. Under Section 28 of the said Code, removal of a Director may be with or without cause; however, removal without cause cannot be used to deprive minority or members of the right of representation to which they may be entitled under Section 24 of the Corporation Code requiring cumulative

		voting (Villanueva, Cesar, The
) (Company's By-laws on Qualification and Term of Office.	Corporation Code).
	The stockholders of the corporation may at any special meeting depose or remove from office any director or directors, including any director or directors appointed by the	Any director may be removed from office by a vote of the stockholders holding or representing two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock. When the removal is for cause, the two-thirds (2/3) vote is the minimum requirement to remove a director (lbid).
	Board of Directors pursuant to the provisions of Section 1 of Article IV (on Qualification and Term of Office) and in case of such removal the stockholders may choose a successor or successors to hold office for the unexpired term.	When the removal is without cause, the two-thirds (2/3) vote is also enough to remove a director. The exception is that when the director is elected by the minority through cumulative voting, he may not be removed without cause even if there is two-thirds (2/3) vote (Ibid).
		- Italia aat by
(ii) Non- Exec utive Direc tors	In case of any vacancies in the Board of Directors constituting a quorum, may fill the same by the affirmative vote of a majority of such remaining members for the unexpired term subject to the Article IV (Section 1) of the Company's By-laws on Qualification and Term of Office.	Corporation Code).
	The stockholders of the corporation may at any special meeting depose or remove from office any director or directors, including any director or directors appointed by the Board of Directors pursuant to the provisions	holding or representing two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock. When the removal is for cause, the two-thirds (2/3) vote is the minimum requirement to remove a director (ibid). When the removal is without cause, the two thirds (2/3) vote is also enough to
	of Section 1 of Article IV (on Qualification and Term of Office) and in case of such removal the stockholders may choose a successor or successors to hold office for the unexpired term.	remove a director. The exception is that when the director is elected by the minority through cumulative voting, he may not be removed without cause even if there is two-thirds (2/3) vote (ibid).
(iii) Independ	In case of any vacancies in the Board of Directors	
ent	III THE DOME OF PROCES	

Removal of Directors. Under Section 28 quorum. constituting a of the said Code, removal of a Director Direc may fill the same by the may be with or without cause; however, tors vote of a removal without cause cannot be used affirmative such of majority to deprive minority or members of the remaining members for right of representation to which they unexpired term may be entitled under Section 24 of the subject to the Article IV Corporation Code requiring cumulative of the 1) (Section Cesar. (Villanueva, Company's By-laws on voting 28. Sec. citing Corporate Law, Qualification and Term of Corporation Code) Office. Any director may be removed from The stockholders of the office by a vote of the stockholders corporation may at any holding or representing two-thirds (2/3) special meeting depose of the outstanding capital stock. When or remove from office any the removal is for cause, the two-thirds directors. (2/3) vote is the minimum requirement director or including any director or to remove a director (ibid). directors appointed by the Directors. of Board · When the removal is without cause, the pursuant to the provisions two-thirds (2/3) vote is also enough to of Section 1 of Article IV remove a director. The exception is that Qualification and when the director is elected by the (on Term of Office) and in minority through cumulative voting, he case of such removal the may not be removed without cause stockholders may choose even if there is two-thirds (2/3) vote successor successors to hold office (ibid). for the unexpired term. f. Re-instatement Except as may be provided under the existing laws and rules, the Company has no specific policy on re-instatement of the Board of Directors. N/A Executive N/A Direc tors N/A N/A (ii) Non-Exec utive Direc tors N/A N/A (iii) Independ ent Direc tors g. Suspension Except as may be provided under the existing laws and rules, the Company has no specific policy on suspension of the Board of Directors. N/A Executive N/A Direc tors N/A N/A (ii) Non-

Exec utive Direc

tors		N/A
(iii) Independ ent	N/A	IN/A
ent		,
Direc		
tors		

Voting Result of the last Annual General Meeting

All the directors received the unanimous vote of all shareholders present and represented during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting constituting 97.06% of the Company's total issued and outstanding shares.

N f Divoctor	Votes Received	
Name of Director	Unanimous	
Gilberto R. Duavit	Unanimous	
Felipe L. Gozon	Unanimous	
Felipe S. Yalong	Unanimous	
Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar	Unanimous	
Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	Unanimous	
Laura J. Westfall	Unanimous	
Michael John R. Duavit	Unanimous	
Dr. Jaime Laya	Unanimous	
Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban	- Oldminous	

- 6) Orientation and Education Program
 - (a) Disclose details of the company's orientation program for new directors, if any.

Not Applicable. The Company has not appointed new directors for several years, thus the need to create an orientation program for new directors has not arisen.

- (b) State any in-house training and external courses attended by Directors and Senior Management³ for the past three (3) years.
 - (1) Strategic Planning
 - (2) Election and Election-related briefings and planning
 - (3) Performance Management Briefings
- (c) Continuing education program for directors; programs and seminar and roundtables attended during the year.

Name of	Date of Training	Program	Name of Training Institution
Director/Officer Gilberto R. Duavit Felipe L. Gozon	N/A 2010 - Feb. 5, 6, 12 & 13	N/A MCLE Compliance No. III	N/A Center for Global Best Practices
	2013 - Jan. 24, 25, 31 and Feb. 1	MCLE Compliance No. IV	Asian Center for Legal Excellence, Inc.

³ Senior Management refers to the CEO and other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company.

	March 19, 2013	Private Business Luncheon	Bloomberg/Chairman Peter Grauer
	September 19, 2013	3 rd Integrity Summit (Panelist)	Integrity Summit Implemented by Makati Business Club
			and the European Chamber of Commerce of the Philippines
	December 11, 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
: :	<u>September 17,</u> 2015	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
Felipe S. Yalong	March 1 and 2, 2010	Seminar for Corporate Governance	Unicapital, Inc.
	December 11, 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
	<u>September 17.</u> 2015	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar	December 11, 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
	<u>September 17, 2015</u>	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
Joel Marcelo G Jimenez	December 11 2014	, Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
	September 17 2015	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres and Velayo
Laura J. Westfall	December 11 2014	, Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres an Velayo
	<u>September 17</u> 2015	Governance	Sycip Gorres an Velayo Sycip Gorres an
Michael John R Duavit	September 17 2015	Governance	Sycip Gorres an Velayo The Institute
1	February 4, 2014	Corporate	TIDE INSURANCE Y

		O Diek	Corporate Directors
		Governance & Risk Management Summit	Corporato Britata
	<u>February 18, 2015</u>	Orientation Course for Corporate Governance	The Institute of Corporate Directors
Chief Justice Artemio V	December 14, 2010	Board of Directors Fiduciary Duties	PLDT CG Education Program
Panganiban	December 8, 2011	Board Governance Responsibilities	PLDT CG Education Program
	November 19, 2012	Corporate Governance Forum	First Pacific Leadership Academy
	February 4, 2014	Corporate Governance & Risk Management Summit	The Institute of Corporate Directors
	February 18, 2015	Orientation Course for Corporate Governance	The Institute of Corporate Directors
	2013	Strategic Planning	GMA Network, Inc.
Marissa Flores	2013		
		Election and Election-related briefings and planning	GMA Network, Inc./PCIJ
	2010	Broadcast Asia Conference	Broadcast Asia Singapore
	2010-2011-2012	Budget Planning	GMA Network, inc.
	December 11, 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres & Velayo
	<u>September 17.</u> 2015	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres & Velayo

	-		
, ;	,		
onaldo P. Mastrili	2013	Strategic Planning	GMA Network, Inc.
nialuo i , illustim	2010-2011-2012	Performance Management Briefings	GMA Network Inc.
	· ·		
ļ	2010-2011-2012	Budget Planning	GMA Network, Inc.
	January 29, 2013	13 th Quarterly Executive Briefing (IFRS Executive Briefings)	SGV
·	June 18, 2013	14 th Quarterly Executive Briefing	SGV
	September 17, 2013	Mid-year Philippine Economic Briefing	GRP
	December 11, 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres & Velayo
	<u>September 17,</u> 2015	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres Velayo
Lilybeth G. Rasonable	December 11, 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres & Velay
	September 17, 2015	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres Velayo
<u>Engr. Elvis B.</u> Ancheta	December 11 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres & Velay
	September 17 2015	<u>Corporate</u> <u>Governance</u>	Sycip Gorres Velayo
Atty. Eduardo P. Santos	December 11 2014	, Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres & Velay
	<u>September 17</u> 2015	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres Velayo
Atty. Roberto O	December 11 2014	Corporate Governance	Sycip Gorres & Vela

September 17	Corporate	Sycip	Gorres	<u>&</u>
<u>2015</u>	Governance	<u>Velayo</u>	•	

B. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS

 Discuss briefly the company's policies on the following business conduct or ethics affecting directors, senior management and employees:

Business Conduct &	Directors	Senior	Employees
Ethics		Management	L
(a) Conflict of Interest	The Corporation	There is full section	- 1.0., U.
(a) Conflict of Interest	adheres to the	DISHONESTY AND	CONFLICT OF
	standards set under	INTEREST - under	the Company's
	SEC Memorandum	Code of Conduct. (Offenses are
	Circular No. 6 Series of	punishable with per	nalties ranging
	2009 (Revised Code of	from 30 days suspe	ension to
	Corporate Governance)	dismissal (dependi	ng on gravity).
A Comment	which states that a	CIOIIII C - I	_
		In case of News a	nd Public Affairs
	director should observe	(NPA), it has its	own Ethics and
**	the conduct fair	(NPA), it has its	"Manual"). Which
	business transactions	Editorial Manual (Wallual J, Willon
	with the corporation,	includes a partic	ular section of
4.0	and ensure that his	"Independence/Co	Utilict of Hitelest.
	personal interest does		
	not conflict with the		
	interests of the		
	corporation.		
,	Corporation.		
	The basic principle to be	e'	
	observed is that a	•	
	director should not use	1	
	his position to profit or		·
•	gain some benefit or		
	advance for himself		
8	and/or his related		
-	interests. He should		
	avoid situations that		•
	may compromise his	1 .	•
	impartiality. If an actual		
	or potential conflict of		•
	interest may arise on		
	the part of the director,		4
	he should fully disclose		
	it and should not	:	$\mathcal{F}_{i} = \mathcal{F}_{i}$
	participate in their	•	
	decision-making		
	process. A director who		
,	1	<u>, </u>	
	1100		
	material conflict o interest should seriously	·	
,	Interest should seriously		
	consider resigning from	`	
	his position.		

	di i _E intorport	
	A conflict of interest shall be considered	
• •		
	material if the director's nersonal or business	
		·
	interest is antagonistic	
	to that the corporation,	
	or stands to acquire or	
,	gain financial advantage	
	at the expense of the	
	corporation.	The network's Supply and Asset
(b) Conduct of	Under the Company's Revised Manual on	Management Department (SAMD)
Business	Revised Manual on Corporate Governance,	has policies on ACCREDITATION
and Fair Dealings	a director shall conduct	OF SUPPLIERS GENERAL
-		POLICY AND PROCEDURES FOR
	fair business transactions with the	PURCHASING and Accreditation
	Corporation, shall act	acceptance Letter and Business
	judiciously and ensure	Practices, wherein the conduct of
	the continuing	husiness and fair dealings is
	soundness,	discussed, as found in the following
	effectiveness and	parts of its policies:
	adequacy of the	
	Corporation's control	Policy on Accreditation of Suppliers:
	environment.	1) Section V (General
	Citylioning	Guidelines). Item b - Requirements
	·	for Accreditation
		2) Section V, Item C -
		Factors in Supplier Evaluation
		3) Section V, Item E -
, ,		Grounds for Cancellation of
		Accreditation
1		
·		General Policy and Procedures for
		Purchasing:
		1) Section V (General
	·	Guidelines), Item 3 - Bidding
		2) Section V, Item 4 – Award
1.	· .	of Bids / Contracts
•		3) Section V, Item 13 -
		Prohibition
`	-	4) Section VII - Purchasing
		Ethics and Standards
		Attached with this file are the
		softcopies of the policies for your
		reference.
() D total of other from	There is Policy on	There is Policy on
(c) Receipt of gifts from	"Solicitation/Acceptance	"Solicitation/Acceptance of
third parties	of Gifts/Favors" issued	Gifts/Favors" issued to all in May
	to all in May 2009.	2009.
,	to all ill May 2000.	1.
		For NPA, its Manual includes a
		particular section on "Bribes &
		Gifts".

(d) Compliance with Laws & Regulations	place several policies and rules intended to ensure that the Network is compliant with existing laws and regulations as well as regulatory requirements. Moreover, the Company's Compliance Officer, Corporate Secretary and its internal and external counsels regularly issue memoranda addressed to the directors in order to inform and remind them of existing laws	The Company has in place several policies and rules intended to ensure that the Network is compliant with existing laws and regulations as well as regulatory requirements. These policies pertain to the exhibition of programs/ads, engagement of child talents, use of copyrighted materials, among others. Trainings/seminars are regularly conducted to facilitate dissemination and compliance with said policies.
·	and policies.	The Company executes and
(e) Respect for Trade Secrets/Use of Non-public Information	The Company executes and adheres to non-disclosure/confidentiality agreements respecting trade secrets and	adheres to non- disclosure/confidentiality agreements respecting trade secrets and confidential information
	confidential information	of other parties transacting
	of other parties	business with the Network. Unauthorized disclosure of trade
	transacting business with the Network.	accretes/confidential information by
	with the Network. Unauthorized disclosure	employees is subject to disciplinary
	of trade	action under the Code of Conduct.
	secretes/confidential	
	information by employees is subject to	
	disciplinary action under	
	the Code of Conduct	`
(f) Use of Company	To ensure the integrity	To ensure the integrity in the use of funds, assets and information,
Funds, Assets &	in the use of funds, assets and information,	specific offenses have been
Information	specific offenses have	Lidentified in the Code of Conduct,
	been identified in the	specifically, in the following sections of said Code: (1) C.
	Code of Conduct,	INAPPROPRIATE CONDUCT AND I
	specifically, in the following sections of	BEHAVIOR: (2) D. DISHONESTY
	said Code: (1) C.	I AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST,
	INAPPROPRIATE	and (3) ENDANGERING HEALTH, SAFETY & SECURITY.
	CONDUCT AND BEHAVIOR; (2) D.	
	DISHONESTY AND	As regards 'confidential
	CONFLICT OF	information', there is a specific "Policy on Handling Confidential
	INTEREST; and (3) ENDANGERING	information", implemented since
	HEALTH, SAFETY &	February 2002
	SECURITY.	
	, la sufidentia	
	As regards 'confidentia	

	ħ		
		information', there is a	
		specific "Policy on	
	•	Handling Confidential	
		Information",	
		implemented since	
	•	February 2002	The Company has several policies
(g)	Employment &	1110 001111-1111	and rules that ensure compliance
(9)	Labor Laws &	several policies and	
	Policies	rules that ensure	with labor laws, rules and regulations. These include policies
1.	,	compliance with labor	on benefits, which even prescribe
		laws, rules and	rates over what are legally
	1	regulations. These	mandated.
1	•	include policies on	manuateu.
1		benefits, which even	
1		prescribe rates over	
		what are legally	
·L		mandated.	Aside from Labor Code, these are
(h)) Disciplinary Action	Under the Company's Revised Manual on	governed by: (1) Policy on i
		Revised Manual on Corporate Governance,	Employee Discipline (implemented
		in case of violation of its	in May 2008); (2) Code of Conduct
	6	provisions, the following	(also implemented in May 2000), [
		penalties shall be	and (3) collective bargaining I
		imposed, after notice	agreement (CBA) effective 2009-
		and hearing, on the	2014.
		company's directors:	·
'	1	Company 3 directors.	
		(1) In the case of	
		first violation,	
		the subject	
	,	person shall be	
	7	reprimanded;	
	-	(2) Suspension	
İ		from shall be	
		imposed in case	
		of second	
- 1		violation. The	
		duration of the	
	•	suspension	
		shall depend on	}
-		the gravity of	
		the violation as	
		determined by	
	*	the Board.	
		(3) For third	
	4	violation, the	
		maximum penalty of	
·		pomenty	
	•	removal from	•
	1	0,	
		imposed.	
		Tho	
		The commission of a	
		third violation of	
		this Revised	
		una Ivevised	

	The sput	
	Manual by any	•
	member of the	
	board of the	v.
	Company or its	
	subsidiaries and	•
	affiliates shall	
	be a sufficient	
	cause for	
	removal from	•
	101110	·
	directorship.	The Company has no formal
i) Whistle Blower	The Company has no	'whistleblower policy". However,
./	formal 'whistleblower	Willsteplower policy: The which
	policy". However, the	we have mechanism by which
	Company has a	anyone can give feedback to top
•	mechanism by which	management at any time via the
	anyone can give	"Letter to the Chairman", through
	feedback to top	drop boxes strategically situated
	resonant of any	within the Network premises.
	management at any	
·	time via the "Letter to	
	the Chairman", through	
	drop boxes strategically	
	situated within the	
	Network premises.	
	Metwork browns	ind form
		The performance appraisal form
	The performance	also has the 'Remarks' portion that
	appraisal form also has	allows subordinates to give
	the 'Remarks' portion	feedback/comments to superiors.
	that allows subordinates	,
	to give	
	feedback/comments to	
	li'	
	superiors.	There is no express policy in place.
(j) Conflict Resolution	The Company has no	The observed practice though is
(1) 35/11/1001	express policy on	The observed practice thought to
	resolving conflict or	that disputes (official only) are
	disputes between and	elevated first to the immediate
	among directors.	superior, then to next level superior
	Nonetheless, pursuant	then department/group head. If sur
		I not resolved the issue may be
•	1	I referred to HRDD (sometimes, with
		Legal) to help mediate the issues.
e de la companya de l	Corporate Governance,	Legal) to Holp House
	the Directors are	in the second file
}	expected to act in a	In case dispute is with rank-and-file
	manner characterized	(RF) employee and/or the Union,
•	by transparency,	there is specific procedure for
	accountability and	
		(Article XIII).
	fairness.	(Altibio Alli)
		I was a superior may be
		THE RESERVE ADDITION MISSELLE
	If all else fails, conflict	If all else fails, conflict may be
	may be resolved either	resolved either through voluntary of
	If all else fails, conflict may be resolved either through voluntary or compulsory arbitration.	resolved either through voluntary of

²⁾ Has the code of ethics or conduct been disseminated to all directors, senior management and employees?

Yes, the Directors, Senior Management and Employees were all furnished copies of the Code of Conduct.

 Discuss how the company implements and monitors compliance with the code of ethics or conduct.

The implementation and monitoring of the Code of Conduct (as well as the NPA Manual) is a "line" function. The management within the concerned departments oversees the compliance with the code and Manual. Any possible violation is investigated at department level, then, endorsed to the Human Resource Department. Human Resource Department conducts administrative investigations observing due process. If a rank and file employee is involved, the Union is required to take part in the proceedings. After the investigations, HRDD writes a report of its findings with recommendations, clears the report with Legal, then submits to the President & COO (in some cases, submission is also to the Chairman & CEO) for final approval of the recommendation.

4) Related Party Transactions

(a) Policies and Procedures

Describe the company's policies and procedures for the review, approval or ratification, monitoring and recording of related party transactions between and among the company and its parent, joint ventures, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, substantial stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents and of interlocking director relationships of members of the Board.

All material information, *i.e.,* anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed. Such information shall include earnings results, acquisition or disposal of assets, board changes, related party transactions, shareholdings of directors and changes to ownership.

Related Party Transactions	Policies and Procedures
(1) Parent Company	The Corporation believes that
(2) Joint Venture	the essence of corporate
(3) Subsidiaries	governance is transparency. It is the Company's policy that all
(4) Entities Under Common Control	material information, such as
(5) Substantial Stockholders	related party transactions shall
(6) Officers including spouse/ children/	be disclosed.
siblings/ parents	± .
(7)Directors including spouse/ children/	
siblings/parents (8) Interlocking director relationship of	
Board of Directors	

(b) Conflict of Interest

(i) Directors/Officers and 5% or more Shareholders

Identify any actual or probable conflict of interest to which directors/officers/5% or more shareholders may be involved. **NOT APPLICABLE**

	Details of Conflict of Interest (Actual or Probable)
Name of Directors/	N/A
Name of Officer/s	N/A
Name of Significant Shareholders	N/A

(ii) Mechanism

Describe the mechanism laid down to detect, determine and resolve any possible conflict of interest between the company and/or its group and their directors, officers, and significant shareholders.

	(Ob and dore
	Directors/Officers/Significant Shareholders
Company Group	Under the Company's By-laws, no person shall qualify or be eligible for nomination or election to the Board of Directors if he is engaged in or connected with any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be so engaged or connected:
	(a) If he is an office, manager, director, consultant, controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 10% or more of any outstanding class of shares of, any other corporation or entity engaged in a business which the Board, by a majority vote, determines to be antagonistic to that of the Corporation; or
	(b) If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determining whether or not a person set forth in determining whether or not a person is a controlling person, beneficial owner, or the nominee of another, the Board may take into account such factors as business and family relationship.

(5) Family, Commercial and Contractual Relations

(a) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a family, commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more), to the extent that they are known to the company.

Name of Related	Type of Relationship	Brief Description
Significant Shareholders Michael John R. Duavit and Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	<u>Familial</u>	Michael John R. Duavit is the brother of Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.
Felipe L. Gozon and Anna	Familial	Felipe L. Gozon is the

⁴ Family relationship up to the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity.

Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez Laura J. Westfall	Familial	father of Anna Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar Felipe L. Gozon's sister, Carolina L. Gozon- Jimenez, is the mother of Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez and Laura J. Westfall

(Note, however, that all of the aforementioned shareholders are record and beneficial holders of less than 5% equity).

(b) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more) and the company: NOT APPLICABLE

Name of Related	Type of Relationship	Brief Description
Significant Shareholders		N/A
N/A	N/A	1000

(c) Indicate any shareholder agreements that may impact on the control, ownership and strategic direction of the company: **NOT APPLICABLE**

Name of Shareholders	% of Capital Stock affected (Parties)	Brief Description of the Transaction
N/A	N/A	N/A

(6) Alternative Dispute Resolution

Describe the alternative dispute resolution system adopted by the company for the last three (3) years in amicably settling conflicts or differences between the corporation and its stockholders, and the corporation and the third parties, including regulatory authorities.

	Alternative Dispute Resolution System
Corporation & Stockholders Corporation & Third Parties Corporation & Regulatory Authorities	The Company has not had any disputes with its Stockholders and Regulatory Authorities, thus there has been no need for the application of a dispute resolution process. With respect to the conflict or differences with third companies, it is the Company's practice to first exert all possible avenues to reach an amicable settlement, before going into litigation.
	Nonetheless, the Company is currently in the process of crafting an alternative dispute resolution rules pursuant to its Revised

C. BOARD MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE

1) Are Board of Directors' meetings scheduled before or at the beginning of the year?

As a matter of practice and policy, the Company's Board of Directors consistently meets every quarter.

2) Attendance of Directors

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Meetings Held during the year	No. of Meetings Attended	% 100%
	E-Unal Cozon	May 20, 2015	5	<u>5</u>	
Chairman	Felipe L. Gozon	May 20, 2015	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	100%
Member	Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	May 20, 2015	4	4	<u>100%</u>
Member	Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	May 20, 2015	5	5	<u>100%</u>
Member	Felipe S. Yalong	Way 20, 2015	3	5	60%
Member	Anna Teresa M. Gozon-	May 20, 2015	<u>2</u>	 ~	
	Abrogar	00 0045	+2	-5	60%
Member	Michael John R. Duavit	May 20, 2015	3	5	100%
	Laura J. Westfall	May 20, 2015	5		100%
Member	Artemio V. Panganiban	May 20, 2015	5	5	
Independent		May 20, 2015	5	5	<u>100%</u>
Independent	Jaime C. Laya	11107 231 21			

3) Do non-executive directors have a separate meeting during the year without the presence of any executive? If yes, how many times?

No.

4) Is the minimum quorum requirement for Board decisions set at two-thirds of board members? Please explain.

No. A majority of the number of directors as fixed in the Company's Amended Articles of Incorporation shall constitute quorum for the transaction of corporate business, and every decision of at least a majority of the directors present at a meeting at which there is a quorum shall be valid as a corporate act, except for the election of officers which shall require the vote of a majority of all the members of the Board. However, the Company adopts the provisions of the law and the rules for matters which require 2/3 votes of the board members.

- 5) Access to information.
 - (a) How many days in advance are board papers⁵ for board of directors meetings provided to the board?

⁵ Board papers consist of complete and adequate information about the matters to be taken in the board meeting. Information includes the background or explanation on matters brought before the Board, disclosures, budgets, forecasts and internal financial documents.

One month to one week before the meeting.

(c) Do Board members have independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary?

Yes.

(d) Is the company secretary trained in legal, accountancy or company secretarial practices? Please explain.

Yes, the Company's Corporate Secretary is a lawyer and member of the Philippine Bar.

(e) Committee Procedures

Disclose whether there is a procedure that Directors can avail of to enable them to get information necessary to be able to prepare in advance for the meetings of different committees:

YES \[\sqrt{}	NO
----------------	----

Committee	Details of the Procedure
Executive Audit Nomination Remuneration Others (specific)	Management provides the members of the committees complete, adequate and timely information about the matters to be taken in their meetings.
	Moreover, the members of the Committees are given independent access to the Management and the Corporate Secretary as well as the Corporate records.
	Finally, the members of the Board, either individually or as a Board, and in furtherance of their duties and responsibilities, have access to the Company's external counsel to seek independent professional advice at the corporation's expense.

6) External Advice

Indicate whether or not a procedure exists whereby directors can receive external advice, and if so, provide details:

telephone call, email or a written letter/memorandum, seek advice from the	Details In furtherance of their duties and responsibilities, the members of the Board of Directors may seek independent professional advice at the Corporation's expense.
Company's external counsel.	at the Corporation's expense.

7) Change/s in existing policies

Indicate, if applicable, any change/s introduced by the Board of Directors (during its most recent term) on existing policies that may have an effect on the business of the company and the reason/s for the change:

	Changes	Reason
Under Company's Collective Bargaining Agreement, in the event of death or disability, the employee is entitled to benefits regardless of the years of service. However, under the Retirement Plan the employee is required to have at least ten (10) years of Credited Service.	required to have at least 10 years of credited service in order to avail of the benefits. He may avail such benefits regardless of his length of service.	In order to reconcile the provisions of the Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) with that of the Employees' Retirement Benefit Plan ("Retirement Plan").

D. REMUNERATION MATTERS

1) Remuneration Process

Disclose the process used for determining the remuneration of the CEO and the four (4) most highly compensated management officers:

Process	CEO	Top 4 Highest Paid Management Officers
(1) Fixed remuneration	The compensation of the CEO is recommended by the EXCOM and approved by the Board of Directors.	Approved by the Executive Committee as may be recommended by the Compensation and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors
(2) Variable remuneration (3) Per diem allowance	N/A All per diem and allowances are recommended and approved by the Executive Committee and Board	N/A N/A
(4) Bonus	Directors. N/A	Declared by the Executive Committee (as may be recommended by the Compensation and Remuneration Committee of

(5) Stock Options and other	N/A	the Board of Directors) and paid to all employees during mid-year, November and December. N/A
financial instruments (6) Others (specify)	N/A	N/A

2) Remuneration Policy and Structure for Executive and Non-Executive Directors

Disclose the company's policy on remuneration and the structure of its compensation package. Explain how the compensation of Executive and Non-Executive Directors is calculated.

	Remuneration Policy	Structure of Compensation Packages	How Compensation is Calculated
Executive Directors Non-Executive Directors	The compensation of the CEO, Executive Directors and executive directors, are recommended by the Executive Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. The compensation of the CEO, Executive Directors and executive Committee and Board Directors.		
	The members of the Board of Directors receive a total more than 2.5% of the net income of the Company, 1. which is paid to the members of the Executive Com and the remaining 1% is distributed pro rata to the memory of the Board.		ecutive Committee

Do stockholders have the opportunity to approve the decision on total remuneration (fees, allowance, benefits-in-kind and other emoluments) of board of directors? Provide details for the last three (3) years.

During the Annual Stockholders' Meeting, the stockholders may vote to ratify or revoke the acts and decisions of the Board of Directors. However, there was no remuneration scheme specifically submitted to the stockholders for approval for the past three (3) years.

Remuneration Scheme	Date of Stockholders' Approval
N/A	N/A

3) Aggregate Remuneration

Complete the following table on aggregate remuneration accrued during the most recent year:

Remuneration item	Executive Directors	l si tala lathar I Dire	
(a) Fixed Remuneration	80,264,590	N/A	N/A

	N/A	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
(b) Variable Remuneration (c) Per Diem Allowance	5,550,000	4,500,000	<u>1,500,000</u>
(d) Bonuses (including Profit Sharing)	69,890,376	14,166,667	3,333,333
(e) Stock Options and/or			
other financial	N/A	N/A	N/A
instruments (f) Others (specify)	N/A	N/A	<u>N/A</u> 4,833,333
TOTAL	155,704,996	18,666,667	4,033,333

Other Benefits	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
	N/A	N/A	N/A
1) Advances	N/A	N/A	N/A
2) Credit granted			
Pension Plan/s Contribution/Expenses	<u>12,568,818.78</u>	N/A	N/A
4) Pension Plans,		N/A	N/A
Obligations incurred	121,040	N/A	N/A
5) Life Insurance Premium 6) Hospitalization Plan /	107,223	N/A	N/A
Premium	0.000.000	N/A	N/A
7) Car Plan* 8) Others (specify)	9,200,000 N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}once every 4 years

4) Stock Rights, Options and Warrants

(a) Board of Directors NOT APPLICABLE

Complete the following table, on the members of the company's Board of Directors who own or are entitled to stock rights, options or warrants over the company's shares:

ļ	Director's Name	Direct Option/Rights/	Number of Direct Option/Rights/ Warrants	Number of Equivalent Shares	Total % from Capital Stock
	N/A	Warrants N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(b) Amendments of Incentive Programs

Indicate any amendments and discontinuation of any incentive programs introduced, including the criteria used in the creation of the program. Disclose whether these are subject to approval during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting: **NOT APPLICABLE**

Incentive Program	Amendments	Date of Stockholders' Approval
N/A	N/A	N/A

5) Remuneration of Management

Identify the five (5) members of management who are <u>not</u> at the same time executive directors and indicate the total remuneration during the financial year:

		Total Remuneration	
[Name of Officer/Position	Total Tellionation	
l	Marissa L. Flores, Luz Annalee O. Escudero,	28,336,515.00	
-	Ronaldo P. Mastrili, lanessa S. Valdellon	20,000 0	1
	Jessica A. Soho, Lilybeth G. Rasonable		

E. BOARD COMMITTEES

1) Number of Members, Functions and Responsibilities

Provide details on the number of members of each committee, its functions, key responsibilities and the power/authority delegated to it by the Board:

	No.	of Mem	bers		Functions	Key	Power
Committ ee	Exe cuti ve	Non- Exec utive	Inde pen den	Committee Charter	Functions	Responsibiliti es	,
	Dire ctor (ED)	Direc tor (NED	t Dire ctor (ID)		The Executive	All actions of	An act of the
Executiv e	2	1	0	Revised Manual on Corporate Governance (currently in the process of fixing its own rules of procedure)	Committee, in accordance with the authority granted by the Board, or during the absence of the Board, shall act by majority vote of all its members of such specific matters within the competence of the Board as Directors as may from time to time be delegated to the Executive Committee, except with respect to certain matters exclusively vested in	the Executive Committee shall be reported to the Board of Directors at the meeting thereof following such action and shall be subject to revision or alteration by the Board of Directors.	Executive Committee which is within the scope of its powers shall not require the ratification or approval for its validity and effectivity
Audit and Risk Manage	1 1	2	2	Audit Committee Charter	the performance of its oversight	shall be	fiduciary responsibility
ment					responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of	the Board of Directors, shall action independently	for the over-al effectiveness of risk management systems

					compliance with	management	functions of the
			_		applicable laws,	and shall be	Corporation.
		1			rules and	provided with	
	i.				regulations;	resources as may be	
					b. Provide oversight	necessary, including	
					over Management's	access to	,
		.			activities in managing credit,	outside	
					market, liquidity,	advisors, as	•
					operational, legal	that will enable it to	•
		ļ			and other risks of the	fulfill its	
Ì	1.		.		corporation. This function shall include	functions	
	ļ				regular receipt from	satisfactorily.	
	ļ			,	Management of	It shall meet at least four (4)	•
`,					information on risk	1. :	·
					exposures and risk management	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
					activities;		
				•			
				• .	c. Perform oversight functions over the		
					functions over the corporation's internal		
					and external		
			.		auditors. It should		
		4		•	ensure that the internal and external		
					auditors act		
					independently from		
					each other, and that		
			1		both auditors are	1	
		ŀ		•	given unrestricted access to al		
•					records, properties	I .	
					and personnel to)	
				·.	enable them to		
					perform thei		
	ľ		1		respective audifunctions;		
					d. Review the report	S '	
					submitted by the internal and external		
					auditors;		
					The purpose of th	e The	The powers of
Nominati	2	1	1	Revised Manua	Nomination committe	e Nomination	Nomination Committee include:
on ·				on Corporate	is to assist the Board of	of Committee	
*.				(currently in the	Directors in 1	s shall be n responsible fo	r a. Pre-screen
				process of fixing	g responsibility	all ensuring tha	t and shortlist
				its own rules of the procedure)	nominees to the Boar	d the selection	n candidates nomina
				the procedure)	of Directors at competent and qualifie	e of	
			- 1	1	t and auglific	n : members 6	f Directors

		Director based on internal guidelines.	Directors is transparent with the end Objective of having the Board of Directors increase shareholder value.	accordance with pertinent provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of the corporation, as well as established guidelines on qualifications and disqualifications.
				b. Recommend guidelines in the selection of nominees for directorships which may include the following based on the perceived needs of the Board of Directors at a certain point in time:
				i. The nature of the business of the corporations of which his is a director; ii. Age of the director;
				iii. Number of directorship/a ctive memberships and officerships in other
				corporations or organizations, and iv. Possible conflicts of interest.
				c. Recommend guidelines in the determination of the optimum number of directorships/active memberships and officerships in other corporations allowable for the directorships in the directorships and directorships in the directorships and directorships in the directorships and directorships are directorships.

					*			
	•		•					members of the Board
_		$ \top$						of Directors
						· '		The capacity of
	Ì			,		ľ	•	directors to serve with
								diligence shall not be
		}			}		1	compromised.
1					, ,			Compromise
1	ì	ļ						d. Recommend
					·			to the Board of
								Directors regarding
		.				,	1	the size and
						·		composition of the
		.		1				Board in view of long-
	·		i		·			term business plans,
Ì	ļ					·		
Ì								
Į		ľ					, '	approximate skills and
1.				1				characteristics of the
								Board members.
ļ	•			<u></u>	<u> </u>	To recommend a formal	Recommend a	The Nomination
T	Compens	1	2	2	Revised Manual	and transparent	formal and	Committee shall report
	ation and				on Corporate	remuneration and	transparent	directly to the Board of
, [.	Remuner				Governance	compensation system	procedure for	Directors in performing
Ì	ation				(currently in the	for the Directors and	developing a	its mission to provide
	auon	[]			process of fixing		policy on	the shareholders with
		1		ĺ	its own rules of	key executives and to	executive	an independent and
١					the procedure)	provide assurance that	remuneration	objective evaluation
						this system is properly	and for fixing	and assurance that
-				İ		functioning.	the	the membership of the
					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		remuneration	Board of Directors is
		İ						القنف لمستان
		1					POIDTINE	foster the long-term
- 1			ļ				corporate	et the
		ľ		· [officers and	at attached
-		ľ					directors, and	secure its sustained
						·	provide	
1		ļ·`					oversight over	Competitive roos.
				1			remuneration	_
		-					of senior	•
		1.					management	
							and other key	/
							personnel	
		,					ensuring tha	
				1 .			compensation	İ
							is consisten	
				1	,		with the	
						·	Corporation's	
			1			4	culture,	
							strategy and	d
							control	
							environment.	
								}
						, ·	Recommend	a
					.		form on Fu	41
						İ	Business	,
		1	-				Interest	
		1 -	1	. [1	Disclosure a	8
		,					part of the pre	

	- 1		T				employment requirements	
							for all	
							incoming officers;	
				Ī		•		
			.	:			Disallow any director to	
							decide on his	, .
							or her own remumeration.	
			.			•		
			Į				Review (if any) of the	
		-		, l	*		any) of the existing	4
							Human	· •
					:		Resources Development	٠.
							or Personnel	
							Handbook, to	
			-				strengthen provision on	•
							conflict of	
	,				· -		interest, salaries and	
						<u> </u>	benefits	
							policies,	
							promotion and career	
		Ì		:			advancement	
							directives and compliance of	
							personnel	•
		.	•				concerned	
							statutory	
						,	requirements	
							that must be periodically	
							met in their	
	ļ	-				,	respective posts.	
							Provide in the Corporation's	
		1					annual	
							reports, information	
							and proxy	
							statements a	
							clear, concise and	
							understandabl	
ļ						•	e disclosure of aggregate	
							compensation	

				of its executive officers for the previous fiscal year and the ensuing year as prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission or other	
		-		regulator agency.	
Others (specify)	 				

2) Committee Members

(a) Executive Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Member (ED)	Felipe L. Gozon	May 20, 2015	<u>27</u>	<u>27</u>	100%	Over ten years (re-appointed annually since 1975)
Chairman	Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	May 20, 2015	27	27	100%	Over ten years (re-appointed annually since 2002)
Member (NED)	Joel Marcelo Jimenez	May 20, 2015	<u>27</u>	27	100%	Over ten years)re- appointed annually since 1999)
Member (ID)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(b) Audit and Risk Management Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Service in the Committee
Chairman	Dr. Jaime C. Laya	May 20, 2015	<u>7</u>	7	100%	7 years (reappointed annually since 2007)

					NUA	N/A
Member	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
(ED) Member (NED)	Michael John R. Duavit	May 20, 2015	3	. <u>Z</u>	42.86%	1 year (appointed in 2015)
		·				
	Laura J. Westfall	May 20, 2015	7	Z	100%	7 years (re- appointed annually since 2007)
	Anna- Teresa M. Gozon- Abrogar	May 20, 2015	<u>6</u>	7	85.71%	7 years (re- appointed since 2007)
:				7	100%	7 years (re-
Member (ID)	Chief Justice Artemio V Panganibar		7	7	100/0	appointed since 2007)

Disclose the profile or qualifications of the Audit Committee members.

Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr., Filipino, 50 years old, is the President and Chief Operating Officer of the Network. He has been a Director of the Company since 1999 and is currently the Chairman of the Network's Executive Committee. Aside from GMA Network, Inc., he is the Chairman of the Board of GMA Network Films, Inc. and GMA Worldwide, Inc. and a member of the Board of GMA Marketing and Productions, Inc. He also serves as President and CEO of GMA Holdings, Inc., Scenarios, Inc., RGMA Marketing and Productions, Inc., Film Experts, Inc., and Dual Management and Investments, Inc. He is the President and a Director of Group Management and Development, Inc.; President and Director of MediaMerge Corp., Citynet Network Marketing and Productions, Inc., Director of RGMA Network, Inc., GMA New Media, Inc., Alta Productions Group, Inc., Optima Digital, Inc., and Monte-Aire Realty and Development Corp. He also serves as the President and a Trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc., President of Guronasyon Foundation, Inc. and is a Trustee of the HERO Foundation.

Mr. Duavit holds a Bachelor's Degree in Philosophy from the University of the Philippines.

Michael John R. Duavit, Filipino, 45 years old, was elected to the Company's Board of Directors in 2015. He is currently the Chairman, President and CEO of MRD Holdings & Investments, Inc. and the Chairman and Managing Director of Puresound Trading, Inc. He

is a Director of Citynet Television, Inc. and GMA New Media, Inc., a subsidiary of GMA Network that specializes in interactive applications for television, mobile, web and marketing.

Mr. Duavit is the President and Trustee of Guronasyon Foundation, Inc., which recognizes outstanding teachers in the province of Rizal and the City of Antipolo, He is also a Trustee of GMA Network's socio-civic arm GMA Kapuso Foundation, Inc.

Mr. Duavit held a notable career in public service, having been elected as Representative of the First District of Rizal and serving a full term from 2001 to 2010. During his tenure in Congress, he served as Vice-Chairman of the House Committee on Economic Affairs, the House Committee on Appropriations, and the House Committee on Trade and Industry.

Mr. Duavit earned his bachelor's degree from the De La Salle University-Manila, majoring in Marketing Management. He holds a specialist certification for Recording Engineering, Post Production for Film and TV, Design & Construction of Critical Listening Environments, MIDI & Digital Audio Work Stations from the Full Sail University's Center for Recording Arts in Orlando, Florida, and was a SIDA scholar for Information Technology Management at LIFE University, Sweden.

Laura J. Westfall, Filipino, 46 years old, has been a Director of the Company since 2000. She held the following positions in the Company — Senior Vice President of Corporate and Strategic Planning and Senior Vice President for Finance. In addition, she has served as Chairperson and President of GMA New Media. Prior to joining the Company, she worked for BDO Seidman — Los Angeles, an international audit and management consulting firm. She currently holds various positions in the Majent Group of Companies and serves as Board Member of Coffee Bean and Tea Leaf Philippines, Bronzeoak Clean Energy, Inc., and Malayan Bank.

She holds a Masters Degree in Public and Private Management from Yale University and a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from the University of Southern California. She is a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) in the State of California.

Atty. Anna Teresa G. Abrogar, Filipino, 42 years old, has been a Director of the Company since 2000. Atty. Anna Teresa G. Abrogar graduated valedictorian from grade school and high school at Colegio San Agustin. She graduated cum laude, BS Management Engineering from Ateneo de Manila University and obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of the Philippines where she graduated valedictorian, cum laude. She later obtained her Master of Laws from Harvard University.

She is a junior partner in Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion & Lucila and was an Associate Professor in the University of the Philippines, College of Law where she taught taxation.

She is currently Programming Consultant to the Chairman/CEO of GMA Network, Inc. and the President of GMA Films, Inc. and GMA Worldwide, Inc. She is a trustee of GMA Kapuso Foundation.

Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban, Filipino, 77 years old, has been an Independent Director of the Company since 2007. In 1995, he was named a Justice of the Supreme Court and in 2005, he was appointed Chief Justice of the Philippines — a position he held until December 2006. At present, he is also an Independent Director of these listed firms: First Philippine Holdings Corp., Metro Pacific Investments Corp., Manila Electric Company, Robinsons Land Corp., GMA Holdings, Inc., Philippine Long Distance Telephone Co., Petron Corporation, Bank of the Philippine Islands, Asian Terminals, and a regular Director of Jollibee Foods Corporation. He is

also a Senior Adviser of Metropolitan Bank, Chairman, Board of Advisers of Metrobank Foundation, Chairman of the Board of the Foundation for Liberty and Prosperity, President of the Manila Cathedral Basilica Foundation, Chairman Emeritus of Philippine Dispute Resolution Center, Inc., and Member, Advisory Board of the World Bank (Philippines) and of the Asian Institute of Management Corporate Governance Council. He also is a column writer of The Philippine Daily Inquirer.

Upon his retirement, he was unanimously conferred a Plaque of Acclamation by the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court as the "Renaissance Jurist of the 21st Century;" and an Award of Honor by the Philippine Bar Association. In recognition of his role as a jurist, lawyer, civic leader, Catholic lay worker, business entrepreneur and youth leader, he had been the recipient of over 250 other awards from various governments, civic clubs, consumer associations, bar groups, religious movements and other non-government organizations, both local and international.

He obtained his Associate in Arts, "With Highest Honors" and later his Bachelor of Laws, with cum laude and "Most Outstanding Student" honors from the Far Eastern University. He placed sixth among more than 4,200 candidates who took the 1960 Bar examinations. He is likewise the recipient of several honorary doctoral degrees from various universities.

Dr. Jaime C. Laya, Filipino, 75 years old, has been an independent Director of GMA Network, Inc. since 2007. He is the Chairman and President of Philippine Trust Company (Philtrust Bank), Director of Ayala Land, Inc., Philippine AXA Life Insurance Company, Inc., Philippine Ratings Services Corporation, and Bankers Association of the Philippines. He also serves as Chairman of Don Norberto Ty Foundation, Inc. and Escuela Taller de Filipinas Foundation, Inc.; Trustee of St. Paul University - Quezon City, Cultural Center of the Philippines, Metropolitan Museum of Manila, Yuchengco Museum, Fundación Santiago, Inc., Ayala Foundation, Inc., and other foundations. He writes a weekly column for the *Manila Bulletin*.

He was Minister of Budget, 1975-1981; Minister of Education, Culture and Sports, 1984-86; Chairman of the Monetary Board and Governor, Central Bank of the Philippines, 1981-1984; Chairman, National Commission for Culture and the Arts, 1996-2001. He was faculty member of the University of the Philippines, 1957-1978 and Dean of the College of Business Administration, 1969-1974. In 1986, he founded J.C. Laya & Co., Ltd. (Certified Public Accountants and Management Consultants) later the Philippine member firm of KPMG International; he served as the firm's Chairman until his retirement in 2004.

He earned his BSBA, magna cum laude, University of the Philippines, 1957; M.S. in Industrial Management, Georgia Institute of Technology, 1960; Ph.D. in Financial Management, Stanford University, 1966. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

Describe the Audit Committee's responsibility relative to the external auditor.

The Audit Committee's responsibilities relative to the external auditor are as follows:

(1) Evaluate and approve the Annual Audit Plans, programs, scope and frequency submitted by the External Auditor.

(2) Evaluate all significant issues reported by the External Auditor relating to the adequacy, efficiency and, effectiveness of policies, controls, processes, and activities of the Corporation.

(3) Ensure that other non-audit work provided by the External Auditor is not in conflict with his functions as External Auditor. The External Auditor shall not at the same time provide the service of Internal Auditor to the company.

(4) Review the external auditor's management letter and the responses from management and serve as a useful channel of communication between the Board of

Directors and External Auditors on matters related to and arising out of the external audit.

(5) Nominate/re-nominate the External Auditor to the shareholders through the Board of Directors. The nominated External Auditor should enable an environment of good corporate governance as reflected in the Corporation's financial records and reports.

(c) Nomination Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	May 20, 2015	1	1	100%	8 years (re- appointed annually since 2007)
Member (ED)	Felipe L. Gozon	May 20, 2015	1	1	100%	8 years (re- appointed annually since 2007
Member (NED)	Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	May 20, 2015	1	1	100%	8 years (re annually appointed since 2007
Member (ID)	Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban	1	1	1	100%	8 years (re appointed annually since 2007

(d) Compensation and Remuneration Committee

Office	Name		Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	Felipe Gozon	L.	May 20, 2015	1	1	100%	8 years (re- appointed since 2008)
Member	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(ED) Member (NED)	Michael John Duavit	R.	May 20, 2015	1	1	100%	1 year (appointed in 2015)
	Laura Westfall	J.				100%	8 years (reappointed annually since 2007)
,					,		

Member (ID)	Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban	May 20, 2015	1	1	8 years (re- appointed annually since 2007)
1	<u></u>			 ,	

3) Changes in the Committee Members

Indicate any changes in committee membership that occurred during the year and the reason for the change: NOT APPLICABLE

Reason		Name	
	N/A	····	Name of Committee
	N/A		ecutive
	N/A		idit N
	N/A		omination
			emuneration
_	N/A N/A		

4) Work Done and Issues Addressed

Describe the work done by each committee and the significant issues addressed during the year:

	Work Done	Issues Addressed
Name of Committee xecutive	Acted on matters delegated to it by the Board of directors which matters were acted upon in the ordinary course of business (the acts of the Executive Committee during the year 2015 are attached in	No issues outside the ordinary course of business were addressed (see attached)
Audit	the minutes of every meeting). Creation of the Audit Committee Charter and submission of the Audit Committee Self-Assessment;	The Audit and Risk Management Committee was authorized by the Board to determine, along with
w.	Meetings with the internal auditor on and external auditor on the Financials of the Company.	the Management, the best proposal for the conduct of ar exhaustive study on the risk management of the
	The Committee reviewed and recommended the approval of the 2015 Consolidated Financial Statements as prepared by the external auditors.	Company
Nomination	Appointment of the Directors for the forthcoming year	No significant issue encountered an addressed
	<u> </u>	No significant issue

	and Bonuses of Directors,	encountered and addressed
Others (Specify)	N/A	N/A

5) Committee Program

Provide all list of programs that each committee plans to undertake to address relevant issues in the improvement or enforcement of effective governance for the coming year.

Name of Committee	Planned Programs	Issues to be Addressed
Executive Audit Nomination	To fix its own written rules of procedure; To engage an independent group to conduct an formal and exhaustive study on the relevant risks faced by the Company; To fix written guidelines in the determination of the optimum number of directorships/active memberships and officerships in other corporations allowable for members of the Board of	No specific issues yet to be addressed No specific issues yet to be addressed No specific issues yet to be addressed
Remuneration	Directors. To fix written guidelines regarding the size and composition of the Board in view of long-term business plans, and the needed appropriate skills and characteristics of the Board members. To recommend a written framework of remuneration and evaluation for the members of the Board of Directors and key executives	be addressed
Others (Specify)	N/A	N/A

F. RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

- 1) Disclose the following:
 - (a) Overall risk management philosophy of the company,

The GMA Network's Board of Directors and management are mindful of the risks and uncertainties inherent in the business. In the formulation of corporate strategy and business decision-making, potential risks are always taken into account. Necessary steps are taken to minimize, if not eliminate, such risks.

(b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management system and commenting on the adequacy thereof; The Board of Directors has not yet conducted a review of the risk management system of the Company. However, during the March 4, 2013 regular meeting of the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee raised the need of conducting a formal risk study on the Company by a third person or entity, as the Audit Committee is not qualified to do an exhaustive study on the risks faced by the Company. The Audit Committee has discussed that, with the recommendation of the Board, it will obtain the opinion or suggestion of the external auditor, Sycip Gorres and Velayo, on the matter. Thus, the Board of Directors authorized the Audit and Risk Management Committee to determine, Directors authorized the Audit and Risk Management Committee to determine, along with the Management, the best proposal for the conduct of an exhaustive study on the risk management of the Company. Upon submission to the formal study on the risk management system of the Company, the Board undertakes to review the same and report the result thereof to this Commission.

(c) Period covered by the review;

NOT APPLICABLE.

(d) How often the risk management system is reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing its effectiveness; and

The Audit and Risk Management Committee assists the Board in the oversight of the company's risk management, ensures that it has the proper controls in place, identifies and evaluates significant risk exposures and contributes to the improvement of risk management and control systems (please refer to answer in 1(b) above)

(e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

On March 4, 2013, the Board of Directors authorized the Audit and Risk Management Committee to determine, along with the Management, the best proposal for the conduct of an exhaustive study on the risk management of the Company. Upon submission of the said formal study on the risk management system of the Company, the Board undertakes to review the same and report the result thereof to this Commission.

2) Risk Policy

(a) Company

Give a general description of the company's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

00,000,00				Objective Considering the potential
Risk Exp Radio broadcase competite stations listeners	and Tele sting are ive business; compete	vision highly GMA for and	The GMA Network's Board of Directors and management are mindful of	impact of various risks to the company's ability to deliver quality content across multiple

within revenues advertising markets respective their directly with other radio and or television stations, a well as other media such as cable television and/or cable radio, newspapers, magazines, the internet, billboard adverttising, Audience others. among Ratings and market shares are subject to change, and any change in a particular market could have a material adverse effect on the revenues of our stations located in that market.

the formulation of corporate strategy and business decision-making, potential risks are always taken into account. Necessary steps are taken to minimize, if not eliminate, such risks.

Programming established that deliberates Committee weekly on the programming issues and strategies of the Regular monthly network. meetings of the Company's also held to officers are operational discuss plans, strategies, and issues implementation of projects and recommendations improvements.

(b) Group

Give a general description of the Group's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to policy), along with the objective for each kind of risk: **NOT APPLICABLE**, please refer to answer in 1 (b) above.

(c) Minority Shareholders NOT APPLICABLE, please refer to answer in 1 (b) above.

Indicate the principal risk of the exercise of controlling shareholders' voting power:

•	
	Risk to Minority Shareholders
	Risk to willotty office.
NUA	
N/A	

3) Control System Set Up

(a) Company NOT APPLICABLE, please refer to answer in 1 (b) above.

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company.

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and measurement Process) N/A	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
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(b) Group NOT APPLICABLE, please refer to answer in 1 (b) above.

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company.

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process) N/A	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken) N/A
	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(c) Committee

Indentify the committee or any other body of corporate governance in charge of laying down and supervising these control mechanism, and give details of its functions.

Audit and Risk Management Committee Recommends improvements in risk management systems and improvement on policies and procedures. Recommends improvements in risk management systems and improvement on policies and procedures. The purpose of the Audit Committee is to lead the general evaluation and to provide assistance in the continuous improvement of the Corporation's risk management, control, and governance processes as designed by management and provide assurance that these are properly functioning. This is to ensure that risks are properly identified, evaluated and managed. The Audit Committee provides assessment and independent.	· .	G - tral Machanism	Details of its Functions
recommendations on risk management function specifically in the areas of managing credit, marke liquidity operational, legal an		in risk management systems and improvement on policies	general evaluation and to provide assistance in the continuous improvement of the Corporation's risk management, control, and governance processes as designed by management and provide assurance that these are properly functioning. This is to ensure that risks are properly identified, evaluated and managed. The Audit Committee provides assessment and independent

G. INTERNAL AUDIT CONTROL

INTERNAL AUDIT CONTROL

Disclose the following information pertaining to the internal control system of the company: Internal Control System

(a) Explain how the internal control system is defined for the company; Internal control as a process, effected by an entity's board of directors, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the following categories: a.) effectiveness and efficiency of operations; b.) reliability of financial reporting; and c.) compliance with laws and

(b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and whether they consider them effective and adequate-One of the duties and responsibilities of a Director is to ensure the continuing soundness, effectiveness and adequacy of the Corporation's control environment. Further, the Audit Committee assists the Board in the oversight of the company's risk management, ensures that it has proper controls in place, identifies and evaluates significant risk exposures and contributes to the improvement of risk management and control systems.

(c) Period covered by the review;-Year 2015

(d) How often internal controls are reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing the effectiveness of the internal control system; and-The Audit Committee reviews the effectiveness and adequacy of internal control system annually based on the results of the audits and assessment of the Internal and External Audit.

(e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not. -not applicable

2) Internal Audit

(a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function

Give a general description of the role, scope of internal audit work and other details of the internal audit function.

Role	Scope	Indicate whether in- house or Outsource Internal Audit Function	Name of Chief Internal Auditor/ Auditing Firm	process
To provide an independent objective assurance and consulting services designed to add value and improve the organization's operations. It assists*the organization achieve its objectives by bringing systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance process.	Purpose and Scope of Work: The purpose of Internal Audit is to examine and evaluate whether the Corporation's risk management, controls and processes, as designed by management are adequate, efficient, and functioning in a manner to ensure that: 1. Programs, plans, goals and objectives are achieved. 2. Employee's actions are in compliance with policies, code of conduct, standards, procedures, and applicable laws and regulations. 3. Authorities and responsibilities are clear, properly assigned and documented. 4. Risks are	In-house Internal Audit Function	Atty. Eduardo P. Santos-VP for Internal Audit	Reporting functionally to the Audit Committee and administratively to the President/CEO. Its activities are guided and performed in accordance with the revised "Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing" and "Code of Ethics" developed by the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA) and/or any other auditing standards as may be developed by the Internal Audit.

appropriately identified, evaluated, and managed. 5. Changes in functions, services, processes, and operations are properly						
evaluated. 6. Significant legislative or regulatory issues impacting the Corporation are recognized and addressed appropriately. 7. Control activities are integral part of daily operations. The minimum internal control mechanisms for management's operational responsibility shall center on the Chief						
Executive Officer, being ultimately accountable for the corporation's organizational and procedural controls. 8. Adequate controls are incorporated into information technology systems. 9. Assets or resources are acquired economically, used efficiently and adequatel protected or	1					

safeguarded. 10. Financial management and operating information are reliable, timely, relevant,		
accurate, accessible, and provided in a consistent format.		
11. Channels of communication are effective to ensure that interaction with business units, corporate		
centers, or divisions occurs as needed.	,	
Continuous quality improvement is fostered in the		
business unit and corporate center's control processes.		

- (b) Do the appointment and/or removal of the Internal Auditor or the accounting/auditing firm or corporation to which the internal audit function is outsourced require the approval of the audit committee? Yes, one of the responsibilities of the Audit Committee is to organize an internal audit department, and consider the appointment of an independent internal auditor and the terms and conditions of its engagement and removal.
- (c) Discuss the internal auditor's reporting relationship with the audit committee. Does the internal auditor have direct and unfettered access to the board of directors and the audit committee and to all records, properties and personnel? The Internal Auditor has direct and unfettered access to the board of directors, audit committee and to all records, properties and personnel. The Internal Auditor is reporting directly to the Audit Committee and to the Chairman/CEO of GMA Network, Inc. Further, the Internal Auditor is invited to attend the Board of Directors and Audit Committee meetings. The Internal Audit Department also has full access to any of the Company's records, physical properties, and personnel relevant to the performance of audit procedures.
- (d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons

Disclose any registration/s or re-assignment of the internal audit staff (including those employed by the third-party auditing firm) and the reason/s for them.

Name of Audit Staff	Reason
Not applicable, no internal audit staff has	
Not applicable, no internal data	
resigned nor re-assigned to date.	

(e) Progress against Plans, issues, Findings and Examination Trends

State the internal audit's progress against plans, significant issues, significant findings and examination trends.

C. 1.0.	
	The progress of Annual Internal Audit Plan
Progress Against Plans	Lyc. Actual is being monitored on a serior
	annual basis and is reported to Addit
	Committee and Management.
Issues ^[1]	Audit issues noted during the examination are discussed with the process owners/auditee. After discussion, an audit report is issued containing the identified audit issues or findings as well as the corresponding recommendations to rectify or at least mitigate it. We also perform
	progress audit to ascertain that all additions recommendations were actually implemented
Findings ^[2]	Findings are reported to the Management through the Internal Audit Report, and to the Audit Committee through the Internal Audit Updates during the Audit Committee
Examination Trends	The examination is done using the risk based approached.

[The relationship among progress, plans, issues and findings should be viewed as an internal control review cycle which involves the following step-by-step activities:

1) Preparation of an audit plan inclusive of a timeline and milestones;

The Internal Audit Process includes Managing the Internal Audit Activities, part of which is the preparation of the Annual Internal Audit Plan.

Planning and managing the internal audit activity

- 1.1 Understanding the business and control environment
- 1.2 Risk Assessment
- 1.3 Managing the internal audit activity
 - Planning work schedules 1.3.1
 - Staffing and budgets
 - Approval by Board (Audit Committee) and Senior Management 1.3.2 1.3.3

The Annual Internal Audit Plan is being submitted to the Audit Committee for approval.

^{[1] &}quot;Issues" are compliance matters that arise from adopting different interpretations.

^{[2] &}quot;Findings" are those with concrete basis under the company's policies and rules.

Conduct of examination based on the plan;

The process of conducting the examination based on the plan is also part of the Internal Audit Process under "Internal audit engagement". following:

2.1 Engagement planning

Familiarization, preliminary survey/research and setting of initial 2.1.1 scope objectives and

Opening conference with auditee

Preparation of audit engagement work program and allocation of 2.1.2 2.1.3 audit resources

2.2 Performing the Engagement

Identifying, gathering data 2.2.1

- Analyzing/Evaluating data/Information 2.2.2
- Documenting/recording data/information 2.2.3

2.3 Communicating Results

- Draft audit report 2.3.1
- Review of draft audit report 2.3.2
- Exit conference with auditee 2.3.3
- Preparation of final audit report 2.3.4
- Disseminate approved audit report 2.3.5
- 2.4 Follow-up and monitoring
 - Audit follow-up 2.4.1
 - Disseminate approved report 2.4.2
- 3) Evaluation of the progress in the implementation of the plan;

The progress in the implementation of the plan is being monitored on a regular basis and the result of the annual internal audit performance vs. the annual internal audit plan is submitted to the Audit Committee and to the Management.

4) Documentation of issues and findings as a result of the examination;

Documentation of the audit engagement (including issues and findings) is done thru the auditor's work papers. There is a duly approved process and procedures for the proper preparation of audit's work papers. Portion of the approved work paper preparation process/procedures are shown below:

Work paper preparation

The work paper file documents the work the auditor has done. The work papers serve as the connecting link between the audit assignment, the auditor's fieldwork and the final report. Work papers contain the records of planning and preliminary surveys, the audit program, audit procedures, fieldwork and other documents relating to the audit. Most importantly, the work papers document the auditor's conclusions and the reasons those conclusions were reached. The disposition of each audit finding identified during the audit and its related corrective action

In the preparation of the audit work papers, the following should be observed:

Work papers should be completed throughout the audit;

- The work papers should provide a basis for evaluating the Internal Audit's quality assurance program and demonstrate compliance with the Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing (SPPIA);
- Work papers should be economical to prepare and not difficult to review.
- Work papers should be complete but concise-a usable record of work performed. Auditors should include in their work papers only what is essential; and, they should ensure that each work paper included serves a purpose that relates to an audit procedure. Work papers that are created and later determined to be unnecessary should be deleted.

Also, the findings, issues and other relevant information in the audit engagement are further documented in the minutes of the closing meeting, and the final internal audit engagement report.

5) Determination of the pervasive issues and findings ("examination trends") based on single year result and/or year-to-year results;

Through the follow-up and monitoring process, the status of the audit findings and issues are tracked as to the Auditee's committed implementation plans.

- 6) Conduct of the foregoing procedures on a regular basis.
- (f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures

Disclose all internal audit controls, policies and procedures that have been established by the company and the result of an assessment as to whether the established controls, policies and procedures have been implemented under the column "implementation".

	Implementation
Policies and Procedures	Implemented
Purchasing Policy	Implemented
Approditation of Suppliers Policy	Implemented
Program Related Policy & Procedures on	Implemented
Policy on Engagement of Catering Service	Implemented
Providers	Implemented
Policy on Disposal of Vehicles Employees' Accountability on Company	Implemented
Assets Policy	Implemented
Disbursement Policy Policy on Advances Subject to	Implemented
Liquidation-Trade Cash Advance-Miscellaneous Expenses and Production Fund (News and Public Affairs) Policy	Implemented
Cash Advance Miscellaneous Expenses Production Fund (Entertainment TV and	Implemented
QTV) Scheduling, Airing, and Billing of Spots	Implemented
Scheduling, Alling, and Dilling	Implemented
Policy on Political Ads Company Vehicle Utilization-Trip Ticket	Implemented
Policy	Implemented
Vehicle Rental Policy	Implemented
Vehicle Use Policy	

Policy on the Issuance, Utilization, Archiving and Borrowing of Tapes Information Security Policy	Implemented Implemented
Efficient Use/Deployment of Engineering Technical Facilities, Equipment & Manpower Policy	Implemented
Policy on Timekeeping and Attendance	Implemented
Solicitation/Acceptance of Gits/Favors	Implemented
Policy Discipline	Implemented
Policy on Employee Discipline Policy on Dealing with Employee	Implemented
Relatives	Implemented
Policy on Local Travel	Implemented
Policy on Foreign Travel Policy on the Use of Car/Public Transport for Official Business Policy on Recruitment, Selection and	Implemented Implemented
Hiring Franciscos' Promotion	Implemented
Policy on Employees' Promotion	· ·

(g) Mechanism and Safeguards

State the mechanism established by the company to safeguard the independence of the auditors, financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies (example, restrictions on trading in the company's shares and imposition of internal approval procedures for these transactions, limitation on the non-audit services that an external auditor may provide to the company):

		. LAnalyot	Investment Banks	Rating Agencies
Auditors		Financial Analyst	III VOOLINGII	
(Internal		•		
External				
The follo	owing are	•		<u> </u>
the med	hanisms	Į		
compan	hed by the	,	,	
safegua	rd the			,
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externa	l and	·		1
internal	auditors:			
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auc	lit work			·
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as	External		,	
Au	ditor The			
.Ext	ternal		•	
Au	ditor shall		<u>. l </u>	

	not at the			
	same time			. ,
	provide:the			
	services of			
·	internal auditor			
	of the	•		1
	Company.		,	
•	Organize an	•	,	
	internal audit		N	'
	department			
	and consider			
	the	•		1
İ	appointment of			
	an			
	independent internal auditor			\ \ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
	and the terms			
] .	and conditions			
	of its			
	engagement			1
	and removal.			
١.,	Evaluate and	•		-3
1	determine the			
	non-audit work,			
	if any, of the			1
1	external		,	
1	auditor and			·
	review	•		1
1	periodically the		,	
	non-audit fees			
	paid to the			i i
1.	external			1
1	auditor and to			. [
1	the			
	corporation's			
1	overall consultancy			
	expenses. The			· [
1	committee			
	shall disallow			1
1	any non-audit	,		
	work that will			
	conflict with his			
	duties as an	,		
	external			
	auditor or may			i.
	pose a threat			
	to his			
	independence.			,
	The non-audit			
	work, if			
	allowed,		·	
	should be		· ·	
	disclosed in			
	the corporation's			
L	corporations			

 annual report. Establish and identify the reporting line of the Internal Auditor to 	i			
enable him to properly fulfill his duties and				
responsibilities. He shall functionally report directly		•		
to the Audit Committee.		<u>,</u>		

(h) State the officers (preferably the Chairman and the CEO) who will have to attest to the company's full compliance with the SEC Code of Corporate Governance. Such confirmation must state that all directors, officers and employees of the company have been given proper instruction on their respective duties as mandated by the Code and that internal mechanisms are in place to ensure that compliance.

The Company's Compliance Officer and Chief Executive Officer annually submits a certification (SEC Form MCG-2002) to this Honorable Commission stating that the Company substantially adhered to and complied with the provisions of its Revised Manual on Corporate Governance, as prescribed by SEC Memorandum Circular No. 6, Series of 2009. In 2013, in lieu of the filing of a Certificate of Compliance with the Manual of Corporate Governance, the Company submitted the Annual Corporate Governance Report which was signed by its Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Compliance Officer and Independent Directors.

H. ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS

1) Disclose the company's policy and activities relative to the following:

Nose the company	Policy	Activities
Customer's Welfare	The Company recognizes and treats its	Provide excellent service through:
	clients (agencies and advertisers) as its partners.	-cost efficien packages to maximize clients' budget.
		-creative executions to better improve delivery of the campaigns
		Provide relevar information regardin the network programs to aid ther in preparing the media plans

		Ensure proper implementation and billing of all negotiated placements as confirmed through telecast orders, contracts and agreements 1.1) Section V (General
Supplier/contractor selection practice	Accreditation of Suppliers	Guidelines), Item B – Requirements for Accreditation
	General Policy and Procedures for Purchasing	1.2) Section V, Item C – Factors in Supplier Evaluation
		1.3) Section V, Item E – Grounds for Cancellation of Accreditation
		2.1) Section V (General Guidelines), Item 3 – Bidding
		2.2) Section V, Item 4 – Award of Bids/Contracts
Environmentally friendly value-chain	Energy Conservation	1.1) Conversion of office and utility lights to LED to reduce electricity consumption
	2. Waste Management	2.1) Fabrication of segregation/waste bins to properly segregate biodegradable, non-
	3. Sewage Treatment	biodegradable and recyclable materials
		2.2) Proper disposal of recyclable materials
	4. DENR Compliance	3.1) Operation of Sewage Treatment Plant and use of recycled water for GMA Annex
	5. Other Green Practices	Building (Studios)
		regulations on proper disposal of toxic/hazardous waste
		5.1) Use of eco-friendly cleaning materials and supplies
Community interaction	1. GMA G.I.V.E.S. (Guide, Interact, Volunteer, Educate, Serve)	1.1) GMA G.I.V.E.S. is the Network's employee-voluntee group that engages in various CSR/volunteering activities.

Anti-corruption programmes	Procedures for	1.1) Section V, Item 13 – Prohibition
) (locedares	Purchasing	1.2) Section VII – Purchasing Ethics and Standards
	2. Policy on acceptance	2.1) Guidelines on accepting gifts covering all employees.
	of gifts 3. Conflict of Interest	3.1) Guidelines on conflict of interest covering all
	o, oominet er mee	employees
	4. Suggestion Box	4.1) Suggestion boxes are strategically placed all over the Network's compound where employees can leave messages/letters that are read and acted upon by the CEO
	5. Letter to Supplier on Accreditation acceptance and Business Principle Guidelines	5.1) Suppliers are notified of the accreditation acceptance and business principle guidelines
	6. Audit Committee/Internal Audit	6.1) Conducts regular audit
Safeguarding creditor's rights	1. Corporate Vision	1.1) We provide the best returns to our shareholders
	2. Core Values	2.1) We uphold Integrity and Transparency
	•	2.2) We are driven by our Passion for Excellence
		2.3) We Strive for Efficiency in everything we do
		2.4) We pursue Creativity and Innovation
	Compliance with SEC required reports	3.1) Submission of required reports to the SEC (Annual Reports, etc.)

2) Does the company have a separate corporate responsibility (CR) report/section or sustainability report/section?

The Company's annual report, distributed to shareholders during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting as well as select recipients, contains a special feature on the Company's Corporate Responsibility programs and initiatives.

3) Performance-enhancing mechanisms for employee participation.

- (a) What are the company's policy for its employees' safety, health, and welfare?
- (b) Show data relating to health, safety and welfare of its employees.

Answers to letters (a) and (b) are as follows:

For letters (a) & (b): The Company aims to create a motivational environment that fosters better cooperation and retention of talented and skilled employees for a long period of time. In order to achieve this, the Company instituted various policies and programs to promote employees' welfare, safety, and health.

Aside from providing statutory benefits, the Company also provides superior health benefits for the employees to enjoy. These Company benefits include: leave benefits (above statutorily provided), optical subsidy, health and life insurance, among others.

As part of promoting the welfare and safety of employees, the Company provides various activities and programs like: livelihood programs, pre-retirement planning program, sports tournaments, family day outing, annual safety drills, health fairs, and various employee engagement programs like Christmas party, birthday lunch with the Chairman, and general assemblies, which bring employees closer together

(c) State the company's training and development programmes for its employees. Show the data.

The Company has various learning and development programs that are intended to reinforce management, leadership, functional, technical-creative, and behavioral competencies of employees across the organization. Most of these programs are institutionalized and customized to fit the needs of the company. Per record, 2,000 employees have benefited from the various learning and development programs offered by the Company.

The Company, likewise, allows employees to attend foreign training programs to provide them the opportunity to interact with foreign counterparts and acquire broadcast or broadcast-related knowledge and skills that will be transferred back at work.

(d) State the company's reward/compensation policy that accounts for the performance of the company beyond short-term financial measures.

The Company puts premium on "meritocracy". Thus, it implements a Performance Appraisal (PA) System that serves as a tool to determine employees' performance against set standards. This System serves as a basis in determining the appropriate reward for employees' good performance and contribution in the attainment of the desired business results. In addition to the employees' annual salary increase and the mandated 13th month pay – depending on business performance – the Company may grant bonuses to recognize the performance of employees. The Company also has a Continuous Improvement Awards Program (CIAP), whereby employees who have made significant contribution/s in improving work processes, systems, methods, products or solutions to problems that resulted to generation of savings

are recognized and rewarded. For Senior Managers and Executives, there is a car plan.

4) What are the company's procedure for handling complaints by employees concerning illegal (including corruption) and unethical behavior? Explain how employees are protected from retaliation.

The Company has an existing Memo (042-2008) issued by the Chairman & CEO in July 2008, prescribing a "no retaliation" policy for employees who complain of violations of rules by co-employees or officers.

I. DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

- 1) Ownership Structure
 - (a) Holding 5% shareholding or more

Common Shares

and the second s			
	f Charac	Percent	Beneficial Owner
Shareholder	Number of Shares		The Record Owner
Silarenoide	789,813,389	23.47%	Township in
G <u>roup</u>	109,010,000		is the Beneficial
Management and			Owner
Development Inc.			PCD Nominee
pevelopition land	730,769,000	21.72%	
GMA Holdings, Inc.	100,100,000	1	Corp.
		00.749/	The Record Owner
FLG Management	676,771,227	<u>20.71%</u>	Tonoficial
	<u> </u>		is the Beneficial
and Development			Owner
Corporation	<u> </u>		The Record Owner
	453,882,095	13.49 <u>%</u>	Denoficial
M.A. Jimenez	455,002,000		is the Beneficial
Enterprises, Inc.			Owner
11001 0110			The Record Owner
	334,378,037	9.94%	The Record Owner
Television	334,376,037		is the Beneficial
	,	1.	Owner
Corporation	<u> </u>		•
International Corporation			Owner

Preferred Shares

		Percent	Beneficial Owner
Shareholder	Number of Shares		The Record Owner
Group Management	2,625,805,208	35.01%	is the Beneficial
& Development Inc.			Owner
FLG Management	2,181,898,644	29.09%	The Record Owner is the Beneficial
and Development			Owner
Corporation M.A. Jimenez	1,508,978,826	20.12%	The Record Owner is the Beneficial
Enterprises, Inc.			Owner
Television International	1,111,661,610	14.82%	The Record Owner is the Beneficial Owner
Corporation			

Name of Senior Management	Number of Direct Shares	Number of Indirect Shares/Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
Felipe L. Gozon Gilberto R. Duavit,	3,181 4,007,006	N/A N/A	0.00%
Jr. Felipe S. Yalong	1,613,000	N/A	0.00%

2) Does the Annual Report disclose the following:

Key Risks	Yes
Corporate objectives	Yes
Financial performance indicators	Yes
Financial performance mandators	Yes
Non-financial performance indicators	Yes
Dividend policy	No
Details of whistle-blowing policy	Yes
Disamentical details (at least age,	165
auglifications date of first appointment,	
lusterions experience, and any outer	
directorships of listed companies) of	
-li-cotore/commissioners	NI=
Training and/or continuing education	No
programme attended by each	
director/commissioner	
Number of board of	Yes
directors/commissioner's meetings	
held during the year	
Attendance details of each	Yes
director/commissioner in respect of	
director/commissioner in respect	
meetings held	Yes
Details of remuneration of the CEO and	,
each member of the board of	
directors/commissioners	

3) External Auditor's Fee

Name of Auditor Audit Fee SGV & Co PhP6M	Non-Audit Fee None
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4) Medium of Communication

List down the mode/s of communication that the company is using for disseminating information.

External

- 1. TV
- 2. Radio
- 3. Online (Websites)
- 4. Newsletter
- 5. Annual Report
- 6. Social Media (Facebook, Twitter, etc.)

Internal

- 1. Intranet
- 2. Email blast
- 3. Quarterly General Assembly
- 4. Monthly Birthday Lunch with the CEO
- 5. Family Day (Yearly Outing)
- 6. Christmas Party
- 7. Newsletter
- 8. Internal memos
- 5) Date of release of audited financial report:

March 30, 2015

6) Company Website

Does the company have website disclosing up-to-date information about the following?

Business Operations	Yes
Financial Statements/Reports (current and prior vears)	Yes
Materials provided in briefing to analysts and media	Yes
Shareholding structure	Yes
Group corporate structure	Yes
Downloadable annual report	Yes
Notice of AGM and/or EGM	Yes
Company's constitution (company's by-laws, memorandum and articles of association)	Yes

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereon.

7) Disclosure of RPT

Disclosure of the		Natura	Value
RPT Advances to Alta Tierra Resources (as of December 31, 2012)	Relationship Alta Tierra is an affiliate of the Company. Alta Tierra's outstanding shares are 8.2% owned by Majent Management and Development Corporation, and 91.8% by Group Management and	Nature The Company's advances to Alta Tierra Resources are non-interest bearing.	Value ⊉4 M

Advances to RGMA sereof, RGMA's outstanding shares are 49% owned by the Company, 17.8% owned by the Espiritu, 17.8% owned by the Jimmerez family through Television International Corporation and 15.3% owned by the Gozon family through FLG Management and Development Corporation. Advances to Mont-Aire with the Duavit, family, Gozon family and Jimenez Family. Advances to Mont-Aire with the remaining 51% being owned by the Duavit, family, Gozon family and Jimenez Family. Advances to Mont-Aire, with the remaining 51% being owned by the Duavit, family, Gozon family and Jimenez Family. Advances to Mont-Aire, with the remaining 51% being owned by the Duavit, family, Gozon family and Jimenez Family. Advances to Mont-Aire, owned Jimenez Family. Advances			2006.	
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Advances to Mont-Aire, with the remaining 51% being owned by the Duavit, family. Gozon family and Jimenez Family. Advances to Mont-Aire, million made by the Duavit, family. Group Management and Development, Inc. Television International Corporation and Jimenez Family. Advances to Mont-Aire, million morth of common shares of Mont-Aire. The SEC spinul was provided and Development Corporation and Jimenez Family. Advances to Mont-Aire, million morth of common shares of Mont-Aire. The SEC spinul and Development Corporation and Jimenez Family.			approvod	l l
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dvances to RGMA As of the date On February 21, RGMA's working 2006, the Company's RGMA's working capital requirements.	etwork, Inc. (40 o)	outstanding shares	Board of Directors	Capital 104-111
to BCMA As of the date On February 21, DCMA's working	dvances to Nowick	hereof RGMA's	2006, the Company's	
T Developing the of Look 3 million for l	- IO BCMA			
Dayslopment Inc	•	Development, Inc.	O Fabruary 21	₽225,3 million for

		existing agreement	management	and
RGMA Network, Inc.	hereof, RGMA's	with RGMA for the	marketing	fees
("RGMA")	outstanding shares	latter to provide	based on	billed
(1,0,1,1)	are 49% owned by	general	Sales.	ļ
	the Company, 17.8%	management,		
·	owned by Rachel	programming and		
	Espiritu, 17.8%	research, events		
-	owned by the	research, events management, on-air		
•	Jimenez family	management, on an		
	through Television	monitoring of commercial	•	
	International			
	Corporation and	placements, certificates of		Ì
	15.3% owned by the	performance, billing		
	Gozon family through	pocronition in	·	
	FLG Management	and collection functions, and local		
	and Development	sales service for the		
	Corporation.	25 radio stations of		
		25 fault stations of		·
	<u></u>	the Company.	Fixed	monthly
Marketing	Wholly-owned	Under the marketing	service fees.	
agreement with GMA	subsidiary of the		Johnson	
Marketing	Company	Marketing agreed to		į.
Marketing .	\			
		advertising spots and		
· \		airtime in exchange		,
		1 101		
		T MICHAEL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO T	-	
		entitled to a		
·		marketing fee and		
		commission. Apart		
,		from this, the		ļ
		Company likewise	, ,	
		engaged the services	*	ĺ
ì		of GMA Marketing to		
ļ		handle and mount	1	ļ
	·	promotional events		ļ
		as well as to manage	,	
		the encoding		
		scheduling of	· .	
4		telecast/broadcast	.]	- 1
		placements and	1	
		subsequent	,	٠,
		monitoring of sales	3	· l
		implementations.	1 1 6 6 6 1	Consulting
Belo Gozon Elma	Other than Felipe L	. The Company and		
Belo Gozon Elma Parel Asuncion and		IT I THE IAW HILL OF DON		, 3,333
Lucila Law Office	the Gozon family	/, Gozon Emia i dic	"	1
Luciia Law Office	one of the principa	Asuncion & Lucila	4	
	shareholders of th	e I was engaged by an	#	
	Company, an	d Company as π	5	
ξ.	director of the			
	Company since			
	1975 some of the	ie		
	lawyers of Be	10		
	Gozon Elma Par		Ì	
	Asuncion and Luci	la		
	eventually assume	ed		
			•	

capacities or a	the er in vidual s part			
assumed of positions in	Elma n and ntually certain and the			
Company eith their ind capacities or a of the function Belo Gozon	ividual as part ons of Elma			
Parel Asunci Lucila as Company's e counsel.	the			

When RPTs are involved, what processes are in place to address them in the manner that will safeguard the interest of the company and in particular of its minority shareholders and other stakeholders?

In order to safeguard the interest of the Company especially the minority shareholders, all material information that could potentially affect share price, such as related party transactions, are publicly disclosed. Moreover, the Company ensures compliance with existing laws, rules and regulations, pertaining to such transactions.

J. RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS

- 1) Right to participate effectively in and vote in Annual/Special Stockholders' Meetings
 - (a) Quorum

Give details on the quorum required to convene the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting as set forth in its By-Laws

Meeting as correct	
	The holders of a majority of the shares of
Quorum Required	the subscribed stock of the corporation outstanding, present in person or by proxy at any meeting of stockholders, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except as may otherwise specially be provided with respect to particular matters by applicable statutory provisions in force at the time of voting with respect to such matters. All provisions of the Company's By-laws which specify or relate to the powers of the stockholders or to action which may be taken by the stockholders at or in connection with
	<u>,, </u>

		meetings thereof shall be interpreted as referring to the holders of shares of stock of the corporation. If there is no quorum at any meeting, the stockholders present in person and by proxy at such meeting may adjourn from time to time to secure the attendance of a quorum and no notice of any such adjournment need be given.
--	--	--

(b) Systems Used to Approve Corporate Acts

Explain the system used to approve corporate acts

	Voting
System Used	there athorwise provided by law, each
Description	stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote, in person or by proxy, for each share with voting right held by such stockholder. At all meetings of the stockholders, all elections and all questions, except in cases where
	other provisions is made by statute, or by the Articles of Incorporation, shall be
	stockholders present in person of by pro- and be entitled to vote thereat, a quorun being present. Unless required by law, o
	person or by proxy at any meeting, and entitled to vote thereat, the vote on an arrestion need not be by ballot. On a vot
	by ballot, each ballot shall by the stockholders voting, or in his name by his proxy if there by such proxy, and sha state the number of shares voted by him.

(c) Stockholders' Rights

List any Stockholders' rights concerning Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting that differ from those laid down in the Corporation Code:

Existing laws and rules are deemed incorporated and form part of the Company's policy on the rights of its stockholders. Thus, no rights of the stockholders differ from those laid down in the Corporation Code.

Stockholders' rights under the Corporation Code	Stockholders' rights <u>not</u> in the Corporation Code
The Corporation adopts the same rights found in the Corporation Code	The Corporation adopts the same rights found in the Corporation Code

Dividends

		Payment Date
Declaration Date	Record Date	44 0000
	April 29, 2009	
April 2, 2009	April 14, 2010	May 7, 2010
March 25, 2010	April 14, 2010	

	17 2010	December 8, 2010
October 28, 2010	November 17, 2010	May 5, 2011
March 11, 2011	April 8, 2011 April 16, 2012	May 9, 2012
March 28, 2012	August 22, 2012	September 14, 2012
August 1, 2012	April 17, 2013	May 14, 2013
March 21, 2013	April 24, 2014	May 19, 2014
April 2, 2014 March 30, 2015	April 24, 2015	May 19, 2015
March 30, 2010		

(d) Stockholders' Participation

State, if any, the measures adopted to promote stockholder participation in the Annual/ Special Stockholders' Meeting, including the procedure on how stockholders and other parties interested may communicate directly with the Chairman of the Board, individual parties or board committees. Include in the discussion the steps the Board has taken to solicit and understand the views of the stockholders as well as procedures for putting forward proposals at stockholders' meeting.

The Company's Corporate Secretary files with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Philippine Stock Exchange a Notice of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting and distributes the same to the stockholders upon approval of SEC but not later than 15 business days before the said meeting. The agenda for the meeting is also included in the notice. Moreover, during the Stockholders' Meeting, the Chairman elicits questions or points of clarification from the stockholders present and represented for which the Company provides microphones at the floor during the open forum. Finally, glossy copies of the annual report as well as CD copies thereof are made available to the stockholders during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting. The Company provides microphones at the floor for the audience during the open forum.

Measures Adopted See answer in (1)	3. Communication Procedure See answer in (1)

- 8. State the company policy of asking shareholders to actively participate in corporate decisions regarding:
 - a. Amendments to the company's constitution:

The Company adopts the provisions of the Corporation Code on amendments to and revisions of the Articles of Incorporation which provides that any provision or matter stated in the articles of incorporation may be amended by a majority vote of the Board of Directors or Trustees and the vote or written consent of the stockholders representing at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock.

b. Authorization of additional share.

The Company adopts the requirements of the laws, as well as the rules and regulations of this Commission and of the Philippine Stock Exchange on the issuance/authorization of additional shares.

c. Transfer of all or substantially all assets, which in effect results in the sale of the company

The Company adopts the requirements of the laws, as well as the rules and regulations of this Commission and of the Philippine Stock Exchange on the transfer of all or substantially all assets.

9. Does the company observe a minimum of 21 business days for giving out of notices to the AGM where items to be resolved by shareholders are taken up?

Yes.

Date of sending out notices: Preliminary SEC Form 20-IS filed on April 14, 2015 and uploaded on the Philippine Stock Exchange Website on even date;

Definitive 20-IS filed on April 24, 2015, uploaded on the Philippine Stock Exchange Website on even date and distributed to the stockholders on April 24, 2015.

b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting:

May 20, 2015

10. State, if any, questions and answers during the Annual/Stockholders' Meeting.

One of the stockholders thanked the Company for its generosity and reiterated that the members of the media should give emphasis to improving the morals and values of the society, more than improving their audience ratings. The Chairman noted and thanked the stockholder for his comment.

Another stockholder asked if the Company intends to offer its preferred shares to the investing public to which the Chairman replied in the negative considering that the preferred shares are not presently actually listed in the exchange (although it has been approved for listing) as the same will first have to go through the process of conversion into common shares before the same can be actually listed.

Finally, a stockholder commented that while there has been a decline in the 2014 revenues vis-à-vis 2013, he commends the network for its good financial performance during the year 2014 and its good quality shows. He requested for the Company to put more effort on the strengthening of family and the value for respect for elders, and that the Company should produce more programs towards that end.

11. Result of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting's Resolutions

All matters were unanimously approved.

All matters were arrest		
12 Resolution 13. Approving	14. Dissenting	15. Abstaining
17	18.	19.
16. 17. 20. 21.	22	23.
		1 ACM for all

24. Date of publishing of the result of the votes taken during the most recent AGM for all resolutions:

May 20, 2015

(e) Modifications

State, if any, the modifications made in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting regulations during the most recent year and the reason for such modification:

NOT APPLICABLE

NOT APPLICABLE	
Modifications	Reason for Modification
N/A	N/A
18/73	

(f) Stockholders' Attendance

(i) Details of Attendance in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting Held:

Type of Meeting	Names of Board members / Officers present	Date of Meeting	Voting Procedure (by poll, show of hands, etc)	% of SH Attending in Person	% of SH in Proxy	Tota I % of SH atte nda nce
Annual	9	May 20, 2015	Show of hands (for objections)	0.00% (91,100)tot al and outstandin g shares	96.92% (10,525,727, 086) total and outstandin g shares	96.9 2% (10, 860, 554, 184)
Special _	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(iii) Does the company appoint an independent party (inspectors) to count and/or validate the votes at the ASM/SSMs?

Yes, the Stock Transfer Services, Inc.

(iv) Do the company's common shares carry one vote for one share? If not, disclose and give reasons for any divergence to this standard. Where the company has more than one class of shares, describe the voting rights attached to each class of shares.

Yes, the Company's common shares carry one vote for one share. The Company's preferred shares have the same voting rights as the Common Shares.

(g) Proxy Voting Policies

State the policies followed by the company regarding proxy voting in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

Execution and acceptance of proxies Any stockholder may in writing authorize any person or corporation to vote as the proxy of such stockholder at any meeting or meetings of the corporation; provided however, that such authorization in writing must be filed with or presented to the corporation prior to any meeting or meetings at which such proxy may act pursuant thereto and shall hold good until a	Stockholdere	
Execution and acceptance of proxies Any stockholder may in writing autionze any person or corporation to vote as the proxy of such stockholder at any meeting or meetings of the corporation; provided however, that such authorization in writing must be filed with or presented to the corporation prior to any meeting or corporation prior to any meeting or acting at which such proxy may act		Company's Policies
	Execution and acceptance of proxies	Any stockholder may in writing authorized any person or corporation to vote as the proxy of such stockholder at any meeting or meetings of the corporation; provided however, that such authorization in writing must be filed with or presented to the corporation prior to any meeting or corporation at which such proxy may act

	written revocation of the same shall be superseded by another written authorization of later dates.
Notary	The Company does not require a proxy form to be notarized Duly accomplished proxies must be
Submission of Proxy	Secretary not later than seven (7) working days prior to the date of the stockholders' meeting.
OI Provios	N/A written
Several Proxies Validity of Proxy	A proxy shall hold good until a written revocation of the same shall be superseded by another written authorization of later date.
Proxies executed abroad	Since the Company does not require a proxy form to be notarized, the same may
Invalidated Proxy	A proxy form is deemed valid so long as it is duly signed by the stockholder Validation of proxies shall be conducted by
Validation of Proxy	five (5) working days prior to the date of the stockholders' meeting.
Violation of Proxy	duly signed by the stockholder who is represented by the person authorized thereby.

(h) Sending of Notices

State the company's policies and procedures on the sending of notices of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting

regulations as prescribed by the law, the securities and Exchange Commission and	Procedure The Company's Corporate Secretary files with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Philippine Stock Exchange a Notice of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting at least 25 business days before the meeting and distributes the same to the stockholders upon approval of SEC but not later than 15 business days before the said meeting.
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(i) Definitive Information Statements and Management Report

Number of Stockholders entitled to receive Definitive Information Statements and Management Report and Other Materials	1,702 holders of common shares and 37 holders of preferred shares
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by	April 24, 2015

market participants/certain beneficial owners	
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and other Materials held by stockholders	April 24, 2015
State whether CD format or hard copies were distributed	Both CD format and hard copies were distributed
If yes, indicate whether requesting stockholders were provided hard copies	Requesting shareholders were provided with copies

(j) Does the Notice of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting include the following:

Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto. \mathbf{N}/\mathbf{A}

2) Treatment of Minority Stockholders

(a) State the company's policies with respect to the treatment of minority stockholders.

	Implementation
Policies	Cumulative Voting shall be used in the
Voting Right	alaction of directors
Power of Inspection	All shareholders shall be allowed to inspect corporate books and records including minutes of the Board meetings and stock registries during office hours in accordance with the Corporation Code and shall be furnished with annual reports, including financial statements, without cost or restrictions

Right to Information	The shareholders shall be provided, upon request, with periodic reports which disclose personal and professional information about the directors and officers and certain other matters such as their
	with the company, relationships among directors and key officers and aggregate directors and officers.
Appraisal Right	The shareholders' shall have appraisal right or the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of their shares in the manner provided for under Section 82 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, under any of the following circumstances:
	 (1) In case any amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholders or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence; (2) In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets as provided in the Corporation Code; and

(b) Do minority stockholders have a right to nominate candidates for board of directors?

YES.

K. INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM

 Discuss the company's external and internal communications policies and how frequently they are reviewed. Disclose who reviews and approves major company announcements. Identify the committees with this responsibility, if it has been assigned to a committee.

The Company's Corporate Communications Department handles all external communications (PR and Publicity) requirements while Corporate Affairs Division

is in charge of internal communications. Corporate Affairs also handles CSR and other projects as determined by the Office of the Chairman and CEO.

The Company has a Crisis Communications manual that contains detailed policies and procedures in dealing with various crises. The Network also has a Media Plan Committee, chaired by the Executive Vice President, which regularly meets to discuss the Company's communication strategies, etc.

The Company holds a quarterly general assembly where the CEO provides updates to the employees. Other internal communication tools that ensure the smooth flow of information include the intranet, newsletter and email blasts.

 Describe the company's investor relations program including its communications strategy to promote effective communication with its stockholders and the public in general.

In line with the Company's practice of transparency, it provides as much information as it can to the investing public.

The Company holds quarterly financial briefings attended by the Company's Senior Management; Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, President of Sales and Marketing and various Company officers. The briefings are attended not only by members of the press or financial analysts but at times retail investors. The Company submits to the PSE/SEC the presentation materials used during the briefing, the relevant press release/s, and additional disclosures (if any) during the Question and Answer portion of the briefing.

The Company proactively discloses information that may have been a result of an interview with an Officer during a corporate event, socials or even ambush interviews.

During the Company's Annual Stockholders Meeting, Philippine Deposit Receipt (PDR) Holders (which by structure are not considered shareholders of the Company) are still allowed to attend as guests.

The Company through its Investor Relations Division meets with various Fund Managers, Investment, Financial and Research Analysts upon request. When possible, it also attends local and foreign investor Conferences.

The Company also maintains an Investor Relations section in its corporate website www.gmanetwork.com/corporate/ir http://www.gmanetwork.com/corporate/ir <a href="http://www.gmanetwork.com/corp

The Head of Investor Relations personally answers queries that are sent via email or telephone call regardless if they are not existing investors, retail as well as their investment size.

Disclose the contact details (e.g., telephone, fax and email) of the officer responsible for investor relations.

Investors Relations Officer Ayahl Ari Augusto P. Chio 10/F GMA Network Center 982-7777 ext 8042

	Details
(1) Objectives	To provide the investing public as much information possible that would allow them to make the best decision possible on whether to invest in the company or not.
(2) Principles	To provide equal access (for information or meetings) to anybody interested in the Company.
(3) Modes of Communications	The Company's Investor Relations can be reached through email (through the IR website), telephone and once the technical issues are resolved, through twitter.
(4) Investors Relations Officer	Ayahl Ari Augusto P. Chio 10/F GMA Network Center 982-7777 ext 8042

3) What are the company's rules and procedures governing the acquisition of corporate control in the capital markets, and the extraordinary transactions such mergers, and sales of substantial portions of corporate assets?

Name of the independent party the board of directors of the company appointed to evaluate the fairness of the transaction price.

The Company adopts the requirements of the laws as well as the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Philippine Stock Exchange relating to the acquisition of corporate control in the capital markets, and extraordinary transactions such as sale or merger.

With respect to the transaction price, it is the practice for the buyer and the seller to engage the services of a financial adviser to determine the same.

L. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

Discuss any initiative undertaken or proposed to be undertaken by the company.

Beneficiary
Angono Elementary School
Kapwa Ko Mahal Ko "Batang K"
Street children supported by Child Hope
Asia Philippines

lutrijuice – GMA Network and Coca Cola hilippines collaborated to fight Iron Deficiency nemia in Filipino children	Kapwa Ko Mahal Ko and GMA Kapuso Foundation children-beneficiaries
apuso Bloodletting Day in February 2013	Philippine Red Cross
BMA Network Excellence Award	2013 GMA Network Excellence Awardees:
	Igal Jada P. Andres – Journalism, UP Diliman
	Trizia S. Terada – Broadcast Communication, UP Diliman
	Jestine Mari Sanchez – Communication Research, UP Diliman
	Cheska Micaela B. Kabiling – AB Mass Communication, Angeles University Foundation
	Jessica Camille G. Mamaril – Electronics and Communications Engineering, Don Bosco Technical College
	King Anthony V. Perez – Mass Communication, UP Cebu
	Alethea Louise D. Gamalong – Communication Arts, UP Mindanao
National Teachers Month – select Kapuso artists performed for public school teachers during the Dept. of Education's celebration of World Teachers Day	
December Outreach Program – UP students affected by Typhoon Yolanda and cross enrolled in UP Diliman were given schools supplies	
GMA Telethon – employee-volunteers manned the telethon in the wake of the onslaught of Typhoon Yolanda	GMA Kapuso Foundation
Kapusong Totoo - dedicated segment (24 Oras) fo	r Television viewers nationwide

GMA Kapuso Foundation	
Run of station plugs (ROS) for select advocacies	Television viewers nationwide
Free airtime for Kapwa Ko Mahal Ko	Television viewers nationwide

M. BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL

Disclose the process followed and criteria used in assessing the annual performance of the board and its committees, individual director, and the CEO/President.

Г	Process	Criteria
Board of Directors Board Committees Individual Directors CEO/President	In assessing the perf Committees, CEO and guided by the criteria	ormance of its Directors, President, the Company is found in its Manual on as well as the requirements rules and regulations of this
<u> </u>		

N. INTERNAL BREACHES AND SACTIONS

Discuss the internal policies on sanctions imposed for any violation nor breach of the corporate governance manual involving directors, officers, management and employees.

	Sanctions
Violations First Violation Second Violation Third Violation	Subject person shall be reprimanded Suspension from office shall be imposed. The duration of the suspension shall depend on the gravity of the violation as determined by the Board Maximum penalty of removal from office may be imposed

NB: All of the information/data herein provided, are based on the Company's available records as of December 31, 2015.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, ROBERTO O. PAREL, Filipino, of legal age, with office address at the 15th Floor, Sagittarius Condominium, H.V. dela Costa Street, Salcedo Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, hereby certify that:

- 1. I am the Corporate Secretary of GMA NETWORK, INC. (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines with principal office address at the GMA Network, Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City.
- 2. As Corporate Secretary, I have custody and access to the corporate records of the Corporation;
- 3. According to the said corporate records, the Stockholders, Board of Directors and Executive Committee of the Corporation held meetings during the same period on the following dates:

A. Regular Meeting of the Board of Director Setting of the Record date and venue of the March 30, 2015 Annual Stockholders' Meeting "RESOLVED, that the Company be authorized to set the record date on April 21, 2015 for the purpose of determining the stockholders entitled to notice and to Annual Company's at the Stockholder's Meeting". Approval and Release of the 2014 Audited Financial Statements of the Company "Resolved, that the accounting firm of Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co. (SGV & Co.) is hereby indorsed to the shareholders for election as the External Auditor of the Corporation". Declaration of Cash Dividends HEREBY IS AS \mathbf{IT} "RESOLVED, RESOLVED, That the Corporation be authorized to declare cash dividends equivalent to twenty five (P0.25)centavos per share from the retained earnings of the Corporation as of December 31, 2014, to be paid on May 19, 2015 to all stockholders of record as of April 26, 2015."

B. Annual Stockholders Meeting

3. Annual Stockholders Meeting	
May 20, 2015	Election of Directors
,	- The following were unanimously
	declared elected as members of the Board
	of Directors for the ensuing year until
	their successors shall have been duly
	elected.
	Talina I. Cogon
	Felipe L. Gozon
	Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.
	Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez
	Felipe S. Yalong
	Anna-Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar
	Michael John R. Duavit
	Laura J. Westfall
	Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban (Ret.)
	(Independent Director)
	Jaime C. Laya (Independent Director)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature this _____ day of January 2016 at Makati City.

ROBERTO O. PAREL
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 1 1 2016 at Makati City, the affiant exhibiting to me his Social Security System No. 03-6637759-0.

Doc. No. 142
Page No. 30
Book No. 137
Series of 2016.

ATTY. VIRGILIO R. BATAL 1.

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY
APPT. VO. M32
UNTIL DEC. 31, 2016
ROLL OF ATTY. NO. 48348
MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. IV-0016333-4/10/13
IBP NO. 706762, LIFETIME MEMBER YR. 2003
PTR NO. 532-3505 JAN. 04, 2015
EXECUTIVE BLOG. CENTER
MAKATI AVE. COR., JUPITER ST. MAKATI CITY

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, ROBERTO O. PAREL, of legal age, Filipino, and with office address at 15th Floor, Sagittarius Condominium, H.V. dela Costa Street, Salcedo Village, Makati City, hereby state and certify:

- 1. I am the Corporate Secretary of **GMA NETWORK, INC.,** (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Philippines.
- 2. As Corporate Secretary, I have custody of the corporate books and records of the Corporation.
- The meetings of the Board of Directors of the Corporation for the year 2015 were held on the following dates:

a) January 22 - Regular
b) March 30 - Special
c) May 21 - Annual Stockholders and Organizational
d) July 23 - Regular

e) October 22 - Regular

4. The following members of the Board of Directors attended the board meetings of the Corporation on the dates set forth opposite their respective names:

Meetings Attended for the year 2013
January 22, March 30, May 20, July 23 and October 22
January 22, March 30, May 20, July 23 and October 22
January 22, March 30, July 23 and October 23
January 22, March 30, May 20, July 23 and October 22
January 22, May 20 and October 22
January 22, March 30, May 20, July 23 and October 22
May 20, July 23 and October 22
January 22 March 30, May 20, July 23 and October 22
January 22, March 30, May 20, July 23 and October 22

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature this ___ day of January 2016 at Makati City.

ROBERTO O. PAREL
Corporate Secretary
JAN 1 1 2016

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ____ day of January 2016, the affiant exhibiting to me his Social Security System No. 03-6637759-0.

Doc. No. Page No. Book No. 73 Series of 2016.

ATTY, VIRGALIO R. BATALLA.

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY
APPT, NO. M32

VÁTIL DEC. 31, 2016 RØLL OF ATTY. NO. 48348 MCLE COMITLIANCE NO. IV-0016333-4/10/13

JBP No. 706762, LIFETIME MEMBER YR.2003 FTR No. 532-3505 JAN. 04, 2016

EXECUTIVE BLDG. CENTER

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, ROBERTO O. PAREL, Filipino, of legal age, with office address at the 15th Floor, Sagittarius Condominium, H.V. dela Costa Street, Salcedo Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, hereby certify that:

- 1. I am the Corporate Secretary of GMA NETWORK, INC. (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines with principal office address at the GMA Network, Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City.
- 2. As Corporate Secretary, I have custody and access to the corporate records of the Corporation;
- 3. According to the said corporate records, the Stockholders, Board of Directors and Executive Committee of the Corporation held meetings during the same period on the following dates:

A. Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors

January 22, 2015 March 30, 2015 July 23, 2015 October 22, 2015

B. Annual Stockholders Meeting

May 20, 2015

D. Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors

May 20, 2015

B. Executive Committee

January 9, 2015

January 12, 2015

January 26, 2015

January 30, 2015

February 9, 2015

February 17, 2015

March 5, 2015

March 16, 2015

April 15, 2015

April 21, 2015

April 25, 2015

May 5, 2015

May 27, 2015

June 8, 2015 June 18, 2015 July 1, 2015 July 21, 2015 July 28, 2015 August 3, 2015 August 10, 2015 August 24, 2015 September 1, 2015 October 12, 2015 November 2, 2015 November 6, 2015 November 16, 2015 December 1, 2015

This certificate is issued pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission under SEC Circular No. 12, Series of 2014.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signation in the large day of January 2016 at Makati City.

ROBERTO O. PAREL
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this ____ day of January 2016 at Makati City, the affiant exhibiting to me his Social Security System No. 03-6637759-0.

Doc. No. Page No.

Book No.

Series of 2016.

ATTY. VIRGILIO R. BATALLA

MOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY APPT. NO. M32

WHITH DEC. 31, 2016 BOLL OF ATTY. NO. 48348

MOJE COMPUANCE NO. IV-0016333-4/10/13 IBP No. 706762, LIFETIME MEMBER YP. 2003

PTR No. 532-3505 (AN. 64, 2035 EXECUTIVE BLDG. CS:1753

MAKATI AVE. COR., JUPITER ST. ISAKATI CITY

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, ROBERTO O. PAREL, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 15th Floor, Sagittarius Condominium, H.V. dela Costa Street, Salcedo Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn, hereby depose and say that:

- 1. I am the Corporate Secretary of **GMA Network**, **Inc.**, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Republic of the Philippines with office address at GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City.
- 2. That at the special meeting of the Board of Directors held on March 30, 2015 at 10:00 a.m., the following resolutions were unanimously approved and adopted:

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, That the Corporation be authorized to declare cash dividends equivalent to twenty five centavos (P0.25) per share, from the retained earnings of the Corporation to be paid on May 19, 2015 to the stockholders of record as of April 24, 2015."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature this day of April 2015 at Makati City.

ROBERTO O. PAREL

Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of April 2015 at Makati City, the affiant exhibiting to me his Social Security Systems Identification No. 03-6637759-0.

Doc. No. 704 Page No. 37 Book No. 9 Series of 2015.

Appointment No. M-528
Notary Public for Makati City
Until December 31, 2015

Roll No. 47224
PTR No. 4754924/Jan. 9, 2015/Makati City
Lifetime IDP No. 09348/Oct. 1, 2010/Manila IV
15 & 16 Floors, Sagittarius Condominium
H.V. dela Costa Street, Salcedo Village
Makati City



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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC Building, EDSA, Greenhills, Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila, Philippines Tel: (632). 726-0931 to 39 Fax: (632). 725-5293 Email: mis@sec.gov.ph

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September 21, 2015

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC Building, EDSA, Greenhills Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila

Attention:

Ms. Justina F. Callangan

Director

Corporate Governance & Finance Department

Re:

Notice of Compliance: GMA Network, Inc.

and GMA Holdings, Inc. (the "Companies")

Gentlemen:

In line with the Commission's requirement for directors and key officers to attend an annual Corporate Governance seminar pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 20 Series of 2013, we attach the attendance sheet for the Companies' directors and officers present during the seminar held on September 17, 2015 from 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. at 16th Floor, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City.

In addition, we attach the certificates of attendance issued by the SEC accredited service provider, SGV & Co. Philippines.

The Companies' independent directors, Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban and Dr. Jaime C. Laya, have earlier undergone the required Corporate Governance seminar for which we attach their respective certificates of attendance.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

ROBERTO O. PAREL
Corporate Secretary

GMA Network, Inc. Corporate Governance Seminar 17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

No.	Participant's Name	Signature
1	Ms. Anna-Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar	Monna 201
2	Mr. Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.	Thered !
3	Mr. Michael John R. Duavit	refer
4	Mr. Felipe L. Gozon	Jalyet
5	Mr. Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez	
6	Ms. Laura J. Westfall	
7	Mr. Felipe S. Yalong	
8	Mr. Elvis B. Ancheta	and plants
9	Ms. Marissa L. Flores	marss 178
10	Ms. Maria Estelita B. Arles-Gozon	
11	Ms. Lizelle Maralag	linearly,
12	Mr. Ronaldo P. Mastrili	AMM
13	Mr. Roberto O. Parel	diff and
14	Ms. Lilybeth G. Rasonable	Marrable
15	Mr. Eduardo P. Santos	Jan San San San San San San San San San S
16	Mr. Jaime C. Laya	La Carte Car
17	Mr. Ayahi Ari Augusto P. Chio	And the second of the second o



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Michael John R. Duavit

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Felipe L. Gozon

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Dillman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matigras, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Gilberto R. Duavit, Jr.

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Joel Marcelo G. Jimenez

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Dillman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignaz, Jr.I Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Felipe S. Yalong

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Dillman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matienas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



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Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Anna-Teresa M. Gozon-Abrogar

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Laura J. Westfall

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Lilybeth G. Rasonable

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Partner, SGV & Co.

This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Elvis B. Ancheta

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, de: Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Marissa L. Flores

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Lizelle G. Maralag

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonarde J. Matignas Sp. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

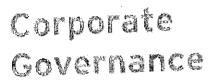
Ronaldo P. Mastrili

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.





This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Roberto O. Parel

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Ayahl Ari Augusto P. Chio

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Ur. Partner, SGV & Co.



This

Certificate of Attendance

is presented to

Eduardo P. Santos

For having completed the seminar on

Corporate Governance

17 September 2015 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. 16th Floor Board Room, GMA Network Center, EDSA corner Timog Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City

Leonardo J. Matignas, Jr. Partner, SGV & Co.



THE INSTITUTE OF CORPORATE DIRECTORS

presents this

Certificate of Attendance

to

Artemio V. Panganiban

Bank of the Philippine Islands

for having completed the Orientation Course for Corporate Governance held on February 18, 2015 at The Fairmont Hotel, Makati City, Philippines

Given this 18th day of February 2015.

Ricardo Nicanor N. Jacinto President & CEO



THE INSTITUTE OF CORPORATE DIRECTORS

presents this

Certificate of Attendance

to

Jaime C. Laya

Ayala Land, Inc.

for having completed the Orientation Course for Corporate Governance held on February 18, 2015 at The Fairmont Hotel, Makati City, Philippines

Given this 18th day of February 2015.

Ricardo Nicanor N. Jacinto **President & CEO**